



Canadian Disability Policy Alliance

Alliance Canadienne concernant
les politiques reliées au handicap

A REVIEW OF DISABILITY POLICY IN CANADA

(2nd edition)

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Foreword

It has been five years since the first edition of this policy scan was completed by Rachel Stevenson (law student) and myself. That report was disseminated through the website of the Canadian Disability Policy Alliance (CDPA), and has been one of the most frequently consulted resources on that site (www.disabilitypolicyalliance.ca).

The first edition of the policy scan was one of the first research activities of the Canadian Disability Policy Alliance, and was instrumental in the preparation of the successful funding application to the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council, resulting in funding of the Alliance for 5 years (2009-14). Now as we approach the end of our first funding cycle, we have prepared an updated scan to take us into the next phase of our work as an Alliance.

The Alliance has undertaken 23 research projects in its 4+ years, in the areas of federal disability policy, employment policy, inclusive education, leisure & recreation, and health policy. We have addressed policies as varied as accessibility to entertainment venues, veterans' pensions, primary care accessibility, Main Street accessibility, employment incentives, and savings & asset development.

A notable distinction between the first edition and the second is that this edition focuses on all disability policy, whereas the first focused on policy affecting people with mobility impairments. That initiative was funded by the Rick Hansen Institute, and so the focus was people with spinal cord injuries. This edition is funded directly by the CDPA, and so focuses more broadly on people with physical, cognitive and sensory disabilities (consistent with the mandate of the Alliance).

The second edition reminds us how much work remains to be done. Several noteworthy changes have occurred in a number of jurisdictions since the first edition was completed. While they are beyond the scope of the current report, we hope that this document will provide a catalyst for researchers, advocates and analysts to:

- compare changes over the five-year period;
- compare policy between jurisdictions;
- examine the impact of policy changes;
- further explore specific policy areas and sectors.

On behalf of the Canadian Disability Policy Alliance, I offer the 2nd edition of the **REVIEW OF DISABILITY POLICY IN CANADA**. We invite you to download it, copy it, distribute it, use and share it as you wish. It is offered as a resource to disability scholars and spokespersons, with our compliments and our best wishes.

Respectfully,

Mary Ann McColl, PhD, MTS
Academic Lead, Canadian Disability Policy Alliance

ABOUT THE CANADIAN DISABILITY POLICY ALLIANCE

The Canadian Disability Policy Alliance is a national collaboration of disability researchers, community organizations, and federal and provincial policy-makers, aimed at creating and mobilizing knowledge to enhance disability policy in Canada, to promote equity and opportunity for disabled Canadians. The Alliance is funded by the Social Science and Humanities Research Council for a period of 5 years, during which time the members will address four policy areas: **Employment, Education, Citizenship, Health services.**

Our vision for Canada is a place where people with disabilities enjoy full participation and citizenship, supported by a coherent framework of **legislation, regulation and program entitlements.** This vision is achieved through:

- **United voices** – of researchers, consumers, policy makers, providers, educators, employers; across jurisdictions, across boundaries, across barriers;
- **Learning collaboratively** – through focused, interactive research cycles;
- **Effectively using tools for change** – producing context-relevant evidence to promote equity-based policy.

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Introduction

In many countries throughout the world, Canada is considered a virtual paradise in terms of disability rights and programs (Kim, 2011). Since the publication of the highly influential *Obstacles Report* in 1982, the governments of Canada and the provinces have had the expressed goal of improving inclusion and equity for people with disabilities yet there is considerable evidence that despite all this effort, disabled Canadians are not much better off than they were 30 years ago.

Beginning with the designation of disabled people in Section 15 of the 1982 *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms*, over the next three decades, governments in Canada have systematically enacted policy aimed at bringing people with disabilities into the mainstream of Canadian life, and ensuring them the same opportunities as non-disabled citizens (Stevenson & McColl, 2008). However, data show that disabled persons remain unemployed or under-employed at significantly greater levels than their non-disabled contemporaries. They are well below the national average in educational achievement, and well above the national average in poverty. Human rights tribunals across the country report that by far the highest number of complaints they receive come from disabled people – almost half of all complaints, compared to other designated minorities.

The current Conservative government came to power with a promise of national legislation protecting disability rights (Prince, 2006a). With its ratification of the UN Convention on the Rights of People with Disabilities in 2010, the necessity for that type of initiative was largely supplanted, and this government has instead focused on a number of financial and tax initiatives to support individuals and families who live with disability.

With the signing of the United Nations *Convention on the Rights of People with Disabilities*, it became apparent that disability policy in Canada would soon be put to the test. The *Convention* consists of 50 articles, 27 of which spell out the obligations of “states parties” toward disabled citizens. These obligations affect all aspects of life, from non-discrimination to sport and leisure. Heritage Canada coordinates compliance reporting, including responses from the provinces where issues come under provincial jurisdiction. Using data from the new Canada Disability Survey, article-by-article reports will provide a baseline for evaluation and improving disability policy.

There have been a number of suggestions in the literature that we are at a crossroads in disability policy in Canada (McColl & Jongbloed, 2006; Boyce, Boyce, & Krogh, 2006). There have been commitments made by both federal and provincial governments to pursue an integrated disability policy and to resolve federal/provincial/territorial tensions in the area of disability policy. Representatives from all parties have gone on the record making explicit commitments to pursue disability legislation.

Unlike several other western democracies, such as the US, Britain and Australia, there is no explicit national disability policy in Canada. Some researchers argue that the situation in Canada is no worse off for that (Cameron & Valentine, 2001). They state that the combined effects of our human rights legislation, our Charter of Rights and Freedoms, and our universal health care system amount to an equally accessible environment for people with disabilities. Boyce et al. (2006) disagrees – he identifies a pattern of erosion of support for disability programs in recent years.

Disability policy is perceived by people with disabilities as being impenetrable and unnecessarily complex, with little in the way of a coherent underlying ideology or policy framework. We use the term “disability policy” as if it referred to an entity that was widely recognized and acknowledged as such. The reality however is quite different (Boyce et al., 2001). Policy of interest to people with disabilities ranges across jurisdictions, across sectors within government, and across programs within ministries. In fact, there is a patchwork of legislation, regulations, programs, providers and entitlements that requires considerable probing to reveal, and considerable patience to understand. Disability policy in Canada has been described as conflicting, fragmented, incoherent, not user-friendly, a “hit-or-miss” affair (Boyce et al., 2001; Prince, 2004; Cameron & Valentine 2001). According to Lande (1998), disability policy has been the victim of vague statutory definitions and capricious judicial opinions leading to flawed case law.

Colleagues at various levels of government agree that the main reason for this is the lack of a sound evidence base upon which to build disability policy. Difficult questions and significant ideological tensions persist about how disability policy should be framed (Prince, 2004). These issues have made it difficult for policy-makers to relate to the disability community and to achieve consensus on the needs of people with disabilities (Joiner, 2006; Prince, 2006b). Furthermore, the debate is typically highly polarized, and inflamed by the rhetoric of rights (Bickenbach, 2006). A number of areas exist where there are strong disagreements about how disabled citizens should be viewed, what they need and how they can be best served by governments in Canada (McColl & Jongbloed, 2006).

The lack of evidence upon which to base responses to questions like those below stands in the way of the development of coherent and equitable disability policy.

- What is the best way to provide services to people with disabilities – a minority group approach or a universalist approach? The minority approach effectively segregates people with disabilities from the rest of society, but provides them with excellent, targeted service. The universal approach considers disability as part of the mainstream of society, and therefore designs service for the norm.
- What should be the target of disability policy – disabled people themselves or the society that presents obstacles to inclusion and integration? Should disability policy focus on

the person with the disability or on the environment that fails to provide adequate support or consideration for disability?

- *Is the identity of the disability community sufficiently clear to evoke a clear policy response?* Cameron & Valentine (2001) state that the lack of an authoritative definition of disability is one of the major impediments to coherent policy. Is it possible to establish an identity for the disability community that is recognizable to decision-makers, that resonates with people with disabilities, and that adequately captures the problems that need to be addressed.
- *Is there public support for disability issues, or is the majority of the electorate perceived by policy makers to be either indifferent or opposed to further disability policy initiatives?* With higher visibility of disabled parking spaces and washrooms, the public perhaps assumes that the situation for people with disabilities has improved in all respects, and the need for special disability considerations and supports has decreased in priority.

A supportive disability policy environment is one of the factors that has been identified as essential to full participation and community integration for people with disabilities. It is therefore necessary to understand the policy context within which people with disabilities operate and attempt to carve out a life for themselves in the community.

The purpose of this research is to produce a comprehensive survey of disability policy in Canada (including provincial and federal jurisdictions) with the potential to effect community integration for people with disabilities.

Methodology

The Canadian Disability Policy Alliance uses three “signature methodologies”: Scoping reviews, the Learning Collaborative, and Policy Analysis. Each is discussed below.

Scoping Review

The methodology for the scan was similar to a scoping review of academic literature (Arksey & O’Malley, 2005; Levac, Colquhoun, & O’Brien, 2010) . The scoping review typically unfolds in five stages:

1. Identify the research question
2. Identify all relevant studies
3. Select the studies for detailed analysis
4. Chart the data according to key concepts
5. Collate and summarize the findings of the selected studies.

1. Identify the research question

The research question for this study was:

What policy exists at federal and provincial levels in Canada that explicitly addresses the issues that affect people with disabilities?

2. Identify all relevant data

Relevant data for the review were identified by searching provincial government websites using the search terms: **disability, disabled, injured, handicap, incapacity**. Beginning with each government home page, an initial attempt was made to identify a Disability Issues office or a similar department. If such an office existed, the search proceeded to identify programs, benefits and services that were available to citizens. The links at the disability office site would lead to programs offered in numerous departments, i.e. education, parking, housing, employment or income assistance.

The purpose of the search was to identify legislation, regulations and program descriptions (including eligibility criteria) for all policies directly related to disability. Often the provincial website would link directly with legislation and program descriptions. If so, that information was printed, and hard copies catalogued by jurisdiction for further analysis. If the legislation was not available through the provincial website, two additional sources were searched:

- Canadian Legal Information Institute (CanLII; <http://www.canlii.org/en/>) – CanLII is a non-profit organization managed by the Federation of Law Societies of Canada, with the goal to make Canadian law accessible for free on the Internet; or

- LexisNexis® Quicklaw (<http://www.lexisnexis.ca/en/quicklaw>). LexisNexis® Quicklaw is a subscription-based organization providing legal information to professionals in law firms, corporations, government, law enforcement.

3. Select data for detailed analysis

The next step was to begin to select information to populate tables for each of the ten provincial and the federal jurisdiction. By this point, it had become clear that there were ten areas into which most disability policy could be classified:

- General disability
- Transportation
- Employment
- Housing
- Education
- Participation
- Income replacement
- Recreation and leisure
- Taxation, and
- Health.

All publicly-available information that was provided free-of-charge by the government was collected and archived for further analysis.

4. Chart the data according to key concepts

For each jurisdiction, charts were developed that were organized according to the 10 policy areas outlined above. For each province and for the federal government, an attempt was made to provide comprehensive information on:

- existing legislation, regulations or explicit policy statements
- bureaucracies or agencies charged with administering the policy
- a description of the service, program or entitlement
- contact information for further inquiries
- the purpose of the policy: Access, Support or Equity.

5. Collate and summarize the findings of the selected studies.

In order to fully exploit the data assembled for this study, the next step would be detailed policy analyses and cross-jurisdictional comparisons of the policy context in Canada.

The Disability Policy Lens

Policy analysis looks at:

- *structures (supports, institutions, resources)*
- *processes (access, roles, functions)*
- *outcomes (justice, equality, service)*

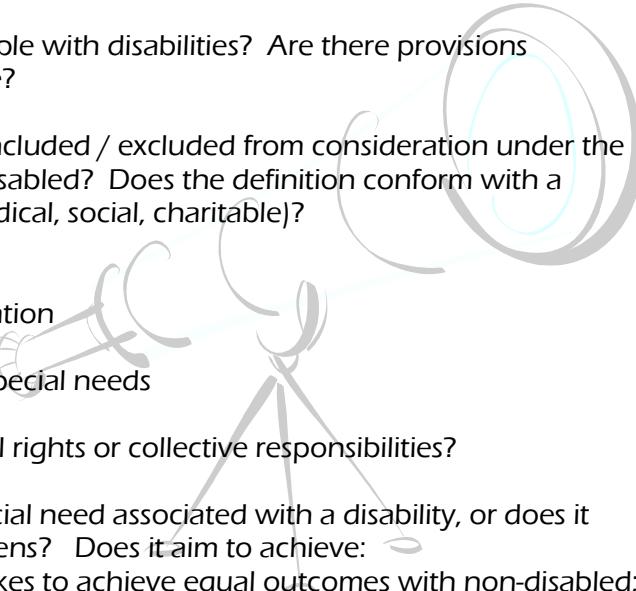
(Boyce et al., 2001)

The Canadian Disability Policy Alliance is focused on system improvements to enhance disability policy in Canada. It is made up of researchers, disability advocacy organizations and policy makers, all aimed at enhancing the Canadian policy framework for people with disabilities. In the Alliance, we operate on the basis of three assumptions:

1. The policy environment is perfectly designed to produce the problems that people experience in their daily lives. In other words, if a particular constituency within the disability community experiences a persistent problem, it can almost certainly be traced back to a flaw, weakness, gap or inconsistency in the policy framework.
2. There is adequate evidence in the literature about what needs to be done to improve the policy environment for people with disabilities in Canada. We don't need another survey, needs assessment or consultation to know what needs to be done. We simply need to assemble and use the evidence that is already in place to make a strong, credible, evidence-based case for change.
3. We need people with a variety of different skill sets in order to be successful in making meaningful change in the policy environment – research, knowledge translation, advocacy, communication, evaluation, and leadership.

As a tool for policy analysis, we have derived a set of questions from "Tips for policy analysis" in McColl & Jongbloed (2006) *Disability and social policy in Canada (2nd ed.)*. Toronto: Captus Press. This tool is called the Disability Policy Lens. The questions are intended to provide a quick, easy guide for analyzing disability policy. There are no correct or incorrect answers to these questions, but each has important implications for people with disabilities. For more information, please see www.disabilitypolicyalliance.ca.

THE DISABILITY POLICY LENS

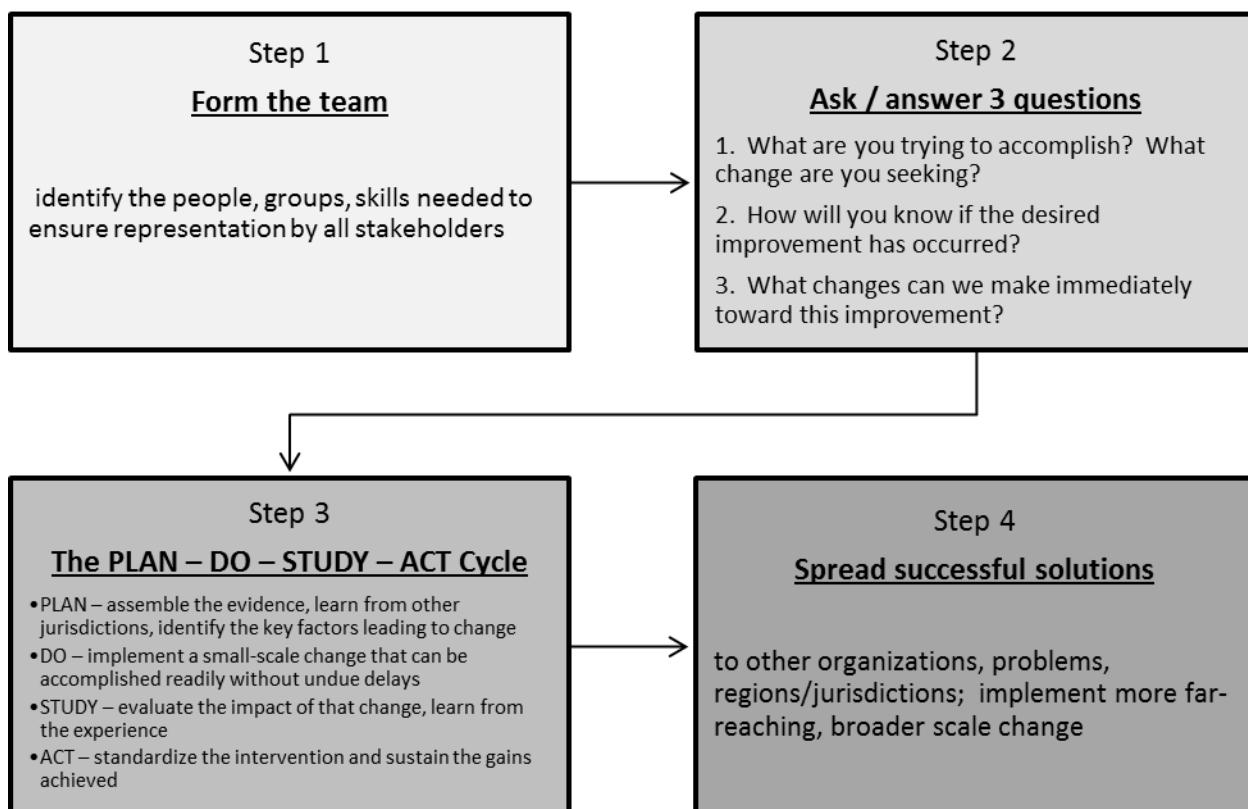


1. Does the policy specifically mention people with disabilities? Are there provisions pertaining specifically to disabled people?
2. If so, how is disability defined? Who is included / excluded from consideration under the policy? Who decides who qualifies as disabled? Does the definition conform with a particular model of disability (eg., biomedical, social, charitable)?
3. What does the policy aim to achieve?
 - a. Equity – freedom from discrimination
 - b. Access – ability to participate
 - c. Support – resources to address special needs
4. Does the policy aim to enforce individual rights or collective responsibilities?
5. Does the policy aim to provide for a special need associated with a disability, or does it aim to provide the same thing to all citizens? Does it aim to achieve:
 - a. Outcome equity – whatever it takes to achieve equal outcomes with non-disabled;
 - b. Vertical equity – special considerations to create equal opportunity for disabled people;
 - c. Horizontal equity – equal treatment; treating disabled people the same as everyone else.
6. Does the policy view disabled people collectively as a minority group, or does it aim to structure society so as to ensure universal access / coverage?
7. How does the policy relate to other policies (legislation, regulations, programs) in the jurisdiction – in the same Ministry, in other Ministries; including both disability-specific and non-disability-specific policy? What about other jurisdictions (national, provincial, regional, municipal)? (For a review of disability policy by jurisdiction across Canada, see: <http://www.disabilitypolicyalliance.ca/resources/reports/a-scoping-review-of-disability-policy-in-canada.html>; watch this space for the 2nd ed. (2013) in September)
8. Who wins and who loses when this policy is implemented? How is the allocation of scarce resources affected by this policy? What is the impact on: other disability groups; Business / private sector; Other minority groups; Other citizens generally / taxpayers; Other?
9. How did this policy come into effect? What is the history associated with it? Who were the champions / detractors? Where might one anticipate support / opposition?

The Learning Collaborative

We employ a research approach that we believe satisfies the ideological principles of emancipatory research, while still upholding the highest standards of evidence and policy relevance. It is derived from continuing quality improvement in health care, and is referred to as the Learning Collaborative (McColl et al., 2013). The Learning Collaborative is a process aimed at producing accelerated change toward structural improvements. It was originally developed to assist in the re-design of health systems to better incorporate best practices, and to make health care settings more efficient and patient-focussed. Learning Collaboratives consist of high-functioning teams with a commitment to change, strong leadership, open communication, and a variety of skill sets. We first became familiar with Learning Collaboratives in the primary care setting, where they have been used successfully to re-design the office visit to decrease wait times, improve patient flow and enhance physician efficiency (Bodenheimer, Lo, & Casalino, 1999). The four-step improvement method typically used by Learning Collaboratives is outlined in Figure 1.

Figure 1. The Learning Collaborative Methodology



Knowledge Mobilization

The final stage of the research process entails getting information about disability policy into the hands of those who can use it. Information products about the policy context for people with disabilities might include detailed policy analyses, policy recommendations, briefing notes, academic publications & presentations, training materials for students and professionals, consumer publications and information supports.

Dissemination networks and distribution lists are a key starting point for knowledge mobilization. Stakeholders for knowledge mobilization include:

- Disability advocacy organizations – administration and staff
- Policy makers
- Peers within the academic community - conferences, meetings, peer-reviewed publications and abstracts.
- Practitioners –program managers and service providers
- General public

Throughout dissemination initiatives, we recommend ensuring access through adherence to the following principles (McColl & Dent, 2005; Canadian Population Health Initiative, 2004):

- oriented toward a particular goal – e.g., sharing information, changing behaviour, attracting attention, mobilizing support;
- multi-faceted / multi-method – e.g., websites, newsletters, targeted mailings and electronic mailings, presentations at meetings and other methods;
- affiliated with opinion leaders – investigators, community members and advisory groups will assist, being either opinion leaders themselves, or knowing individuals to contact in this regard;
- collegial – both in tone and in format, a cooperative, collegial approach will be adopted, that aims to assist stakeholders to fulfil their mission, with the best possible information;
- responsive – rather than pushing information at unsuspecting stakeholders, we will attempt to position our information in such a way as to meet the information needs of stakeholders;
- followed-up and evaluated where possible, for effectiveness in reaching the desired audience and eliciting the desired response.

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FEDERAL DISABILITY POLICY

FEDERAL – GENERAL

Employment Equity Act, SC 1995	Employment Equity Act, SC 1995	The Constitution Act, 1982, Schedule B to the Canada Act 1982 (UK)	NA	Description	http://canlii.ca/t/8q71	E

<p><i>Copyright Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p><i>Customs Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p><i>Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p><i>Canadian Human Rights Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p>Department of Justice</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to extend the laws in Canada to give effect, within the purview of matters coming within the legislative authority of Parliament, to the principle that all individuals should have an opportunity equal with other individuals to make for themselves the lives that they are able and wish to have and to have their needs accommodated, consistent with their duties and obligations as members of society, without being hindered in or prevented from doing so by discriminatory practices.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7vh5</p>	<p>E</p>
	<p>Canada Border Services Agency</p>	<p>Public Safety</p>	<p>Royal Canadian Mounted Police Regulations</p>	<p>Duty Free Shop Regulations</p>	<p>The regulations stipulate that a member shall respect the rights of every person and shall not by words or actions exhibit conduct that discriminates against any person in respect of that person's mental or physical disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7ztk</p>	<p>E</p>	
	<p>Industry Canada</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The regulations specify that every licensee shall, at the duty free shop in respect of which his licence was issued, provide or make available public washroom facilities that are easily accessible to disabled persons and provide or make available public telephones that are easily accessible to disabled persons, if the telephone company providing service to the duty free shop agrees to provide such telephone service.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7zng</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7zng</p>	<p>E</p>	
		<p>NA</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that it is not an infringement of copyright for a person with a perceptual disability, or for a person acting at the request of such a person, or for a non-profit organization acting for the benefit of such a person to make a copy or sound recording of a literary, musical, artistic or dramatic work, other than a cinematographic work, in a format specially designed for persons with a perceptual disability; translate, adapt or reproduce in sign language a literary or dramatic work, other than a cinematographic work, in a format specially designed for persons with a perceptual disability; or perform in public a literary or dramatic work, other than a cinematographic work, in sign language, either live or in a format specially designed for persons with a perceptual disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7vdz</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7vdz</p>	<p>A</p>	<p>A</p>

<i>Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act, SC 2000</i>	<i>Access to Information Act, RSC 1985</i>	<i>Criminal Code, RSC 1985</i>	<i>Trust and Loan Companies Act, SC 1991 Insurance Companies Act, SC 1991 Bank Act, SC 1991</i>	Finance	Public Accountability Statements (Banks, Insurance Companies, Trust and Loan Companies) Regulations	Public Accountability statement is a statement that is required to be published under subsection 459.3(1) of the Bank Act ; under subsection 489.1(1) of the Insurance Companies Act ; or under subsection 444.2(1) of the Trust and Loan Companies Act . A statement must contain an overview of initiatives undertaken during the period, by the declarant and by the affiliates in respect of which the statement is published, to improve access to financial services for low-income individuals, senior citizens and disabled persons.	http://canlii.ca/t/7xrv	A
Office of the Privacy Commissioner of Canada	Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat	Public Safety	NA	NA	The <i>Criminal Code</i> contains several provisions regarding supports for witnesses, jurors or victims who have a disability. Furthermore, section 718.2 states a court that imposes a sentence shall take into consideration the principle that a sentence should be increased or reduced to account for any relevant aggravating or mitigating circumstances relating to the offence or the offender including evidence that the offence was motivated by bias, prejudice or hate based on mental or physical disability.		http://canlii.ca/t/7vf2	S / E
			NA	NA	The <i>Act</i> gives Canadian citizens the right to access information in federal government records. Where access to a record or a part thereof is to be given under the <i>Act</i> and the person to whom access is to be given has a sensory disability and requests that access be given in an alternative format, a copy of the record or part thereof shall be given to the person in an alternative format.	http://canlii.ca/t/7vck	A	
			NA	NA	The <i>Act</i> sets out ground rules for how private sector organizations may collect use or disclose personal information in the course of commercial activities. An organization shall give access to personal information in an alternative format to an individual with a sensory disability who has a right of access to personal information under the <i>Act</i> requests that it be transmitted in the alternative format if a version of the information already exists in that format; or its conversion into that format is reasonable and necessary in order for the individual to be able to exercise their rights under the <i>Act</i> .	http://canlii.ca/t/7vwj	A	

<i>Broadcasting Act, SC 1991</i>	<i>Privacy Act, RSNL 1990</i>	Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission	Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat	NA	<p>The Act provides citizens with the right to access personal information held by the government and protection of that information against unauthorized use and disclosure. Where the individual to whom access is to be given has a sensory disability, access shall be given in an alternative format upon request if the personal information already exists under the control of a government institution in an alternative format that is acceptable to the individual; or the head of the government institution that has control of the personal information considers the giving of access in an alternative format to be necessary to enable the individual to exercise their right of access and considers it reasonable to cause the personal information to be converted.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/89nn	A
<i>Canada Transportation Act, SC 1996</i>	<i>Transport Canada</i>	Television Broadcasting, Pay Television, Specialty Services, Radio and Broadcasting Distribution Regulations		NA	<p>It is the broadcasting policy for Canada that programming accessible by disabled persons should be provided within the Canadian broadcasting system as resources become available for the purpose. The regulations under the Act state that no licensee shall distribute programming that contains any abusive comment or abusive pictorial representation that, when taken in context, tends to or is likely to expose an individual or a group or class of individuals to hatred or contempt on the basis of physical disability</p>	http://www.crtc.gc.ca/eng/statut_es-lois.htm	A / E

FEDERAL – TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Canada Transportation Act, SC 1996</i>	<i>Transport Canada</i>	NA	<p>S. 170(1) of the Act states that the agency may make regulations for the purposes of eliminating undue obstacles in the transportation network under the legislative authority of Parliament to the mobility of persons with disabilities. S. 171 of the Act states that the Agency and the Canadian Human Rights Commission shall coordinate their activities in relation to the transportation of persons with disabilities in order to foster complementary policies and practices and to avoid jurisdictional conflicts.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7vt5	A

	Transport Canada	Personnel Training for the Assistance of Persons with Disabilities Regulations	The Regulations require transportation companies to train their employees and contracted personnel on how to provide services to persons with disabilities. There are also specific regulations that apply to passenger aircraft with 30 or more seats that operate within Canada.	http://www.otc.cta.gc.ca/eng/take-charge/livre-book	A
		Air Transportation Regulations	The regulations stipulate that every tariff shall clearly state the air carrier's policy in respect of the carriage of persons with disabilities. Furthermore, where a person identifies the nature of that person's disability, an air carrier shall, before assigning a passenger seat to that person, inform the person of those passenger seats in the aircraft to be used that are most accessible for that person. Where an air carrier is capable of assigning passenger seats before a flight, accessible passenger seats shall be the last seats assigned to passengers without disabilities. Furthermore, the regulations state that where an air carrier is not capable of assigning passenger seats before a flight, the air carrier shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that accessible passenger seats are the last seats made available to passengers without disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/7zvw	A
		Railway Traffic and Tariffs Regulations	The following information shall be included in every traffic or passenger tariff that is issued and published by a railway company under Part III of the Act: Any terms and conditions of the tariff, including terms and conditions of the carriage of persons with disabilities, or an explanation, with references, of where the terms and conditions can be found.	http://canlii.ca/t/80kk	A
<i>Motor Vehicle Safety</i> Act, SC 1993	MOTOR Vehicle Restraint Systems and Booster Seats Safety Regulations		The regulations specify the prescribed standards that every restraint system for disabled persons must conform to.	http://canlii.ca/t/8n2f	S

<i>Government Property Traffic Act, RSC 1985</i>	Public Works and Government Services	<p>Government Property Traffic Regulations; Airport Traffic Regulations</p> <p>The regulations stipulate that where an area is by sign designated as an area where parking is reserved for disabled persons, no person shall park a vehicle in the area unless there is displayed on the vehicle a valid parking permit for disabled persons issued by a provincial or municipal authority.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7wm2	S
		<p>Traffic on the Land Side of Airports Regulations</p> <p>The regulations state that no person shall park a vehicle in a parking area reserved for persons with disabilities unless the vehicle is identified by a sign issued by a government agency responsible for such signs as a vehicle used for the transport of a person with a disability and a person with a disability is using the vehicle at the time.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7z3t	S

FEDERAL – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Canada Shipping Act, 2001</i>	Transport Canada	Safe Working Practices Regulations	<p>The regulations state that no person with a disability shall be assigned to any work of any kind when, owing to the nature or location of the work, the disability is likely to endanger that person or any other person.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7w7p	E / S

<p><i>Department of Human Resources and Skills Development Act, SC 2005</i></p>	<p><i>Western Development and Economic Diversification Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p>Service Canada</p>	<p>Western Economic Diversification Canada</p>	<p>Entpreneurs with Disabilities Program</p>	<p>Western Canadians who have a disability can access a network of business professionals and a world of resources through Western Economic Diversification Canada's (WD) Entrepreneurs with Disabilities Program (EDP). The program provides business information, training and development, mentoring and one-on-one counseling service to entrepreneurs who are seeking to start up or expand a small or medium-sized business.</p>	<p>http://www.wd.gc.ca/eng/13643.asp</p>	<p>S</p>
		<p>Opportunities Fund for Persons with Disabilities</p>	<p>Through funding for organizations, the Opportunities Fund for Persons with Disabilities program helps people with disabilities prepare for, obtain, and maintain employment or self-employment. The Opportunities Fund for Persons with Disabilities program offers funding for local, regional, and national projects. Funding for local and regional projects helps organizations create local or regional projects involving eligible activities. Through local and regional projects, recipient organizations deliver eligible activities to individuals. Also, funding for national projects helps organizations create projects designed to provide and improve employment services and increase the labour market participation of people with disabilities across Canada. Through national projects, recipient organizations deliver eligible activities to individuals in various regions.</p>	<p>http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/of/index.shtml</p>	<p>S</p>		

FEDERAL – HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Budget Implementation Act, SC 2009</i>	Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC)	Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program for Persons with Disabilities (RRAP — Disabilities)	The Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) offer financial assistance to allow homeowners and landlords to pay for modifications to make their property more accessible to persons with disabilities. These modifications are intended to eliminate physical barriers, imminent safety risks and improve the ability to meet the demands of daily living within the home.	http://www.cmhc-schl.gc.ca/en/co/prfinas/prfinas_003.cfm	S

FEDERAL – EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Canada Student Financial Assistance Act, SC 1994</i>	Human Resources and Skills Development Canada	Permanent Disability Benefit	The Permanent Disability Benefit allows for the forgiveness of Canada Student Loans for persons who have a permanent disability and experiencing hardship repaying their loans due to their disability. ¹	http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/goc/permanent_disabilityBenefit.shtml	S

¹ The *Canada Student Financial Assistance Act* governs the provision of financial assistance issued to students as of August 1, 1995. The *Canada Student Loans Act* governs the provision of loans issued to students up to August 1, 1995 and contains a similar provision.

		Grant for Students with Permanent Disabilities	Under this grant, students with permanent disabilities may receive \$2,000 per academic year to help cover the costs of accommodation, tuition, and books.	http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/goc/grant/disabilities.shtml	S
		Grant for Services and Equipment for Students with Permanent Disabilities	This grant provides up to \$8,000 in non-repayable assistance per academic year for students with permanent disabilities, which need exceptional education-related services or equipment, such as tutors, note-takers, interpreters, brailleers or technical aids. The grant is intended to cover exceptional education-related services or equipment not accounted for in the needs assessment.	http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/goc/grant/equipment/disabilities.shtml	S

FEDERAL - PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Centennial Flame Research Award Act, SC 1991</i>	Parliament of Canada	<i>Centennial Flame Research Award</i>	The purpose of the award fund is to provide awards of money to enable disabled persons to conduct research and prepare reports on the contributions of one or more disabled persons to the public life of Canada or the activities of parliament. The award comes from money collected from the Centennial Flame monument on Parliament Hill in Ottawa and any money otherwise received as a donation to the Centennial Flame Research Award Fund.	http://canlii.ca/t/7vq9	S

<i>Canada Evidence Act, RSC 1985</i>	Department of Justice	NA	<p>The Act states that If a witness has difficulty communicating by reason of a physical disability, the court may order that the witness be permitted to give evidence by any means that enables the evidence to be intelligible. Furthermore, if a witness with a mental disability is determined to have the capacity to give evidence and has difficulty communicating by reason of a disability, the court may order that the witness be permitted to give evidence by any means that enables the evidence to be intelligible.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7vf5	A
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<p><i>Canada Elections Act, SC 2000</i></p>	<p>Elections Canada</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>Section 154 of the <i>Act</i> states that the deputy returning officer, on request by an elector who is unable to vote in the manner prescribed by this <i>Act</i> because he or she cannot read or has a physical disability, shall assist the elector in the presence of the poll clerk.</p> <p>Section 159 of the <i>Act</i> states that an elector who is in a wheelchair or who has a physical disability, and who is unable to vote without difficulty in his or her polling division because it does not have a polling station with level access, may apply for a transfer certificate to vote at another polling station with level access in the same electoral district.</p> <p>Section 216 of the <i>Act</i> states that if an elector is, because of a physical disability, unable to vote in the manner described in this Division, the deputy returning officer shall assist him or her by completing the declaration on the outer envelope and writing the elector's name where his or her signature is to be written; and marking the special ballot as directed by the elector in his or her presence and in the presence of another elector selected by the elector as a witness. Lastly,</p> <p>Section 243.1 of the <i>Act</i> states that on application of an elector who is unable to read, or who is unable to vote in the manner described in this Division because of a physical disability, and who is unable to personally go to the office of the returning officer because of a physical disability, the designated election officer shall go to the elector's dwelling place and, in the presence of a witness who is chosen by the elector, assist the elector by completing the declaration on the outer envelope and writing the elector's name where the elector's signature is to be written; and marking the ballot as directed by the elector in the elector's presence.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7vwm</p>	<p>A</p>
<p><i>Cree-Naskapi (of Quebec) Act, SC 1984</i></p>	<p>Indian Affairs</p>	<p>Cree-Naskapi Band Elections Regulations</p> <p>The regulations state that an elector who is unable to vote without assistance because of an inability to read or to understand the language in which the ballots are printed or because of blindness or any other physical disability may be assisted in voting by the Returning Officer or, where accompanied by a friend or relative, by the friend or relative.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7ztc</p>	<p>A</p>

FEDERAL - INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
Canada Disability Savings Act, SC 2007	Human Resources and Skills Development Canada Canada Disability Savings Bond	Canada Revenue Agency Canada Disability Savings Grant	The Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP) helps Canadians with disabilities and their families save for the future. If you are a Canadian resident under age 60 and are eligible for the Disability Tax Credit you may be eligible for an RDSP. Earnings accumulate tax-free, until you take money out of your RDSP. Parents or guardians may open an RDSP for a minor. With written permission from the holder, anyone can contribute to the RDSP. The Canada Disability Savings Grant is a matching grant that the Government will deposit into your Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP) to help you save. The Government provides matching grants of up to 300%, depending on the amount contributed and the Beneficiary's Family Income . The maximum grant is \$3,500 each year, with a limit of \$70,000 over your lifetime. Grants are paid into the RDSP until the end of the calendar year in which you turn 49 years old.	http://www.cra-arc.gc.ca/eng/rdsp/	S
			The Canada Disability Savings Bond is money that the Government will deposit into the Registered Disability Savings Plans (RDSPs) of low-income and modest-income Canadians. If you qualify for the Bond, you will receive up to \$1,000 a year depending on your family income (see Beneficiary's Family Income). There is a limit of \$20,000 over your lifetime. Bonds are paid into the RDSP until the end of the calendar year in which you turn 49 years old. You do not need to make any contributions to your RDSP in order to receive the Bond.	http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/eng/disability/savings/grants_bonds.shtml	S

<i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Act, SC 2005</i>	Veterans Affairs	Disability Award	<p>The Disability Award provides injured Canadian Forces members or Veterans with a tax-free cash award for an injury or illness resulting from military service. The Disability Award is designed to provide immediate financial support to those who have been injured while serving our country. In addition, injured Canadian Forces members or Veterans may also qualify for additional allowances, and benefits for survivors are also available.</p>	http://www.veterans.gc.ca/eng/services/disability-benefits/disability-award	S
<i>Canada Pension Plan, RSC 1985</i>	Service Canada	Canada Pension Plan Disability Benefit	<p>Canada Pension Plan (CPP) Disability Benefits provide a monthly taxable benefit to contributors who are disabled and to their dependent children. The Canada Pension Plan (CPP) disability benefit is available to people who have made enough contributions to the CPP, and whose disability prevents them from working at any job on a regular basis. The disability must be long lasting or likely to result in death. People who qualify for disability benefits from other programs may not qualify for the CPP disability benefit.</p>	http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/isp/cpp/summary.shtml	S
<i>Pooled Registered Pension Plans Act, SC 2012</i>	Finance	Disability Vocational Rehabilitation Program	<p>The Canada Pension Plan Disability Vocational Rehabilitation Program offers vocational counseling, financial support for training, and job search services to recipients of Canada Pension Plan (CPP) Disability Benefits to help them return to work.</p>	http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/sc/cpp/disability/vocational_rehabilitation.shtml	S
	Pooled Registered Pension Plans Regulations		<p>A locked-in RRSP, Prescribed restricted locked-in savings plan, Prescribed restricted life income fund, or Prescribed life income fund may provide that the funds be paid to the holder in a lump sum if a physician certifies that, owing to mental or physical disability, the holder's life expectancy is likely to be considerably shortened. Also, the regulations provide flexibility as to the amount that may be withdrawn from a fund where the holder certifies that they expect to make expenditures on a medical or disability-related treatment or adaptive technology during the calendar year in excess of 20% of the holder's expected income for that calendar year.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8r9c	S

<p><i>Corrections and Conditional Release Act, SC 1992</i></p>	<p><i>Veterans Review and Appeal Board Act, SC 1995</i></p>	<p><i>Civilian War-related Benefit Acts, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p><i>War Veterans Allowance Act, RSC 1985</i></p>	<p><i>http://canlii.ca/t/7vmp</i></p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>Public Safety</i></p>	<p><i>Veteran Affairs</i></p>	<p><i>Veterans Affairs</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>
<p><i>Corrections and Conditional Release Regulations</i></p>	<p><i>Veteran Affairs</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>Disability Benefits- Civilians</i></p>	<p><i>Members of certain prescribed groups who suffered injury as the result of action or counteraction against the enemy during the Second World War may also apply for pension benefits under the <i>Civilian War-related Benefits Act</i>.</i></p>	<p><i>S</i></p>
<p><i>Corrections and Conditional Release Regulations</i></p>	<p><i>Veteran Affairs</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>The Act states that a person who has been refused an award under the Pension Act, or a disability award, a death benefit, a clothing allowance or a detention benefit under the Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Act, and who has exhausted all procedures for review and appeal may apply to the Board for a compassionate award. Furthermore, the Bureau of Pensions Advocates provides free legal assistance to individuals who want to appeal rulings on Veterans Affairs Canada's disability pension or allowance applications.</i></p>	<p><i>http://canlii.ca/t/7vsp; http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/loc/pension_advocates.shtml</i></p>	<p><i>S</i></p>

FEDERAL – TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Income Tax Act, RSC 1985</i>	Canada Revenue Agency	NA	<p>If you are a person with a disability or you support someone with a disability, you may be able to claim on your income tax and benefit return the following deductions and tax credits: child care expenses; disability supports deduction; other deductions; spouse of common-law partner amount; amount or an eligible dependent; amount for infirm dependents age 18 or older; caregiver amount; disability amount (for self); disability amount transferred from a dependent; tuition, education and textbooks amounts; tuition, education and textbook amounts transferred from a child; amounts transferred from your spouse or common-law partner; medical expenses for self, spouse or common-law partner; medical expenses for self, spouse or common-law partner, and your dependent children born in 1995 or later; allowable amount of medical expenses for other dependents; children's fitness amount; amount for children born in 1995 or later; home buyer's amount; children's arts amount; refundable medical expense supplement; and working income tax benefit (WITB).</p>	http://www.cra-arc.gc.ca/tx/ndvdls/sgmnts/dsblts/ddctns/menu-eng.html	S
<i>Excise Tax Act, RSC 1985</i>	Canada Revenue Agency	<u>Federal Excise Gasoline Tax Refund Program</u>	<p>The program refunds a portion of the federal excise tax on gasoline bought for use by eligible persons or organizations. Persons with permanent mobility impairment who cannot safely use public transportation as certified by a qualified medical practitioner can apply for a refund of part of the federal excise tax on the gasoline they buy.</p>	http://www.cra-arc.gc.ca/tx/ndvdls/sgmnts/dsblts/xcs-tx/menu-eng.html	S

FEDERAL – HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
Department of Veterans Affairs Act, RSC 1985	Indian Act, RSC 1985	Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada	NA	<p>The Act states that with the consent of the council of a band, the Minister may authorize and direct the expenditure of revenue moneys for any purpose that in the opinion of the Minister will promote the general progress and welfare of the band or any member of the band, including expenditures to assist sick, disabled, aged or destitute Indians of the band.</p>	S
	Veteran Affairs	Health Care Benefits (Treatment Benefits)		<p>Financial support is provided to qualified Veterans for the health-care services or benefits available through VACs 14 Programs of Choice. Travel expenses, incurred when travelling to receive treatment benefits and services, may also be reimbursed.</p>	<p>https://www.veterans.gc.ca/eng/services/treatment-benefits</p>
		Pensioners Training Regulations	<p>Where a pensioner is awarded either (1) A pension under the Pension Act in respect of military service rendered during World War I, World War II or in an area designated in the Special Duty Area Pension Order or a pension under section 5 of the Veterans Benefit Act, and in the opinion of a full-time medical officer of the Department, the pensioner is by reason of his pensionable or non-pensionable disability, or both, unable to follow his regular or any secondary occupation in which he has been previously employed for a period of one year or more; OR (2) A pension under subsection 21(2) of the Pension Act and a full-time medical officer of the Department certifies the pensioner to be, by reason of his pensionable disability, unable to follow his regular occupation or any secondary occupation in which he was previously employed for a period of one year or more, the Minister may approve a course of training that, in his opinion, will assist the pensioner to fit himself for employment, including: home instruction for seriously disabled pensioners, confined to their homes.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7w9j</p>	S

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Human Rights Act, 2010</i>	Department of Justice	NA	<p>A human rights violation under the <i>Act</i> occurs when an individual is discriminated against because of disability. The <i>Act</i> applies to the provincial government, all of its departments and agencies, and to private businesses and prohibits discrimination when providing goods, services, accommodation, or facilities which are customarily available to the public; when granting occupancy of a commercial or self-contained dwelling unit; in the area of employment; with respect to the attachment of wages; in publications and with respect to contracts offered to the public. The <i>Act</i> also protects individuals who have made complaints under the <i>Act</i> or who have assisted with the complaint process from retaliation, and provides the commission with the power to approve Special Programs that are designed to prevent, reduce or eliminate disadvantages to specific groups of people.</p>	http://www.ijustice.gov.nl.ca/hrc/act/index.html	E
<i>Buildings Accessibility Act, RSNL 1990</i>	Service NL	Building Accessibility Regulations	<p>The purpose of the <i>Act</i> is to require the entrances, parking, walkway and other facilities available by public buildings, apartments, and hotels to be available to and accessible by persons with disabilities.</p> <p>The associated regulations outline the building requirements with respect to entrances, parking, public telephones, reconstruction and additions, elevating devices, barrier free path of travel, parking spaces and signs, washrooms, doors and doorways, ramps, handrails, etc.</p>	http://www.servicenl.gov.nl.ca/licenses/building/index.html	A

<p><i>Access to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, SNL 2002</i></p>	<p><i>Memorial University Act, RSNL 1990</i></p>	<p><i>Memorial University Act, SNL 1995</i></p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> states where, at the time the right to bring an action arises, a person is under a disability, the running of time with respect to a limitation period under the <i>Act</i> is postponed so long as that person is under a disability. Furthermore, where a person with a disability has a right to bring an action and that right accrued before the disability, the right to bring an action is suspended until that person ceases to be under the disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/89qw</p>	<p>A</p>

<i>Consumer Protection and Business Practices Act, SNL 2009</i>	<i>Personal Health Information Act, SNL 2008</i>	Department of Health and Community Services	NA	<p>The <i>Personal Health Information Act (PHIA)</i> is a health-sector specific privacy law that establishes rules that custodians of personal health information must follow when collecting, using and disclosing individuals' confidential personal health information. Under the <i>Act</i>,</p> <p>An individual may exercise a right of access to a record of his or her personal health information by making a request for access to the custodian that the individual believes has custody or control of the information, and a request need not be in writing if the individual making the request has a disability or a condition that impairs his or her ability to make a request in writing.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/89st	A
	<i>Service NL</i>		NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that a person shall not engage in an unfair business practice or unconscionable act or practice. In determining whether an act or practice is unconscionable the court shall consider the circumstances that the supplier knew or ought to have known, including that the supplier took advantage of the inability of the consumer to protect his or her interests because of his or her physical or mental disability, his or her ignorance, illiteracy, age or emotional state, or his or her inability to understand the character, nature or language of the consumer transaction.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8f13	E

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – TRANSPORTATION

<i>Highway Traffic Act, RSNL 1990</i>	Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
	Service NL Motor Registration Division		Bus Regulations	<p>The regulations specify the equipment requirements for a bus or a physically disabled passenger vehicle.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8czb	A

		Designated Mobility Impaired Parking Regulations	As described in the regulations, the Mobility Impaired Parking Permit allows eligible permit holders to park in specially designated parking spots. These parking spots are identified by the blue international wheelchair logo both on a sign and in the parking area.	http://www.servicenl.gov.nl.ca/drivers/mobilityimpairedpermit/index.html	A
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NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Income and Employment Support Act, SNI 2002</i>	Department of Advanced Education and Skills	Employability Assistance for Persons with Disabilities	This program is designed to assist individuals with a disability acquire the skills, experience and support necessary to successfully prepare for, enter or remain in the work force. Services include employment counseling, and assessment, employment planning, pre-employment training, post-secondary education, skills training, technical aids and other supports to assist individuals obtain access to job opportunities and training. This program is cost-shared with Human Resources Social Development Canada.	http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/disabilities/services.html	S
	Supports to Employment for Persons with Disabilities		This initiative responds to the disability related support needs of adults with disabilities who wish to participate in or maintain employment and includes work place accommodations, work place adaptation, assistive devices such as hearing aids, visual scanners, readers, technical equipment, assistive technology such as computer aides or software which can be used by persons with disabilities to aid in getting and maintaining employment.	http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/disabilities/poverty.html	S

		<p>Internships to Promote Technology for Persons with Disabilities</p> <p>In a partnership with the Independent Living Resource, an internship program in computer technology is available for 10 persons with disabilities. Interns will acquire skills in the area of adaptive technology and how technology can be used to respond to the related support needs of adults with disabilities who wish to prepare for, participate in or maintain employment. Interns will support individuals with disabilities in a number of locations throughout the province and Labrador through the use of technology and virtual offices.</p>	<p>http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/disabilities/poverty.html</p>	S
Department of the Human Resources Secretariat	School to work transition supports for Persons with Developmental Disabilities	<p>This program enables the provision of necessary supports to assist students with developmental disabilities in accessing summer/after schoolwork opportunities to ease the transition from secondary school to work or post-secondary training.</p>	<p>http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/disabilities/poverty.html</p>	S
	Wage Subsidy Initiative	<p>The Office of Employment Equity for Persons with Disabilities can provide wage subsidies to Provincial Government Departments that hire persons with disabilities in positions related to their training. These contractual work experience opportunities enhance clients' resumes, making them more competitive in the labour market. The positions may be up to a maximum of one year to provide participants with valuable work experience.</p>	<p>http://www.exec.gov.nl.ca/exec/hrs/disability_supports/employment_programs/opening_doors.html</p>	S
	Opening Doors Program	<p>The Opening Doors Program is an employment equity initiative of the Government of Newfoundland and Labrador. It is the foundation program of the Office of Employment Equity for Persons with Disabilities of the Human Resource Secretariat out of which the Office's other services have emerged. The Opening Doors Program comprises full time, permanent Opening Doors positions throughout the Provincial Public Service in various locations of the Province. The Opening Doors Program positions have been designated for persons with disabilities and may be filled only by members of this employment equity group who have been accepted for inclusion on the Office's Client Registry.</p>	<p>http://www.exec.gov.nl.ca/exec/hrs/disability_supports/employment_programs/opening_doors.html</p>	S

		Career Development Initiative for Agencies, Boards, Commissions and Crown Corporations	<p>The Office of Employment Equity for Persons with Disabilities offers a career development initiative that provides wage subsidies to Agencies, Boards, Commissions and Crown Corporations that hire persons with disabilities in positions related to their education and training. The purpose of these work assignment opportunities is to provide persons with disabilities the training-related, on-the-job, mentorship work experience that will make them more competitive in the labour market.</p>	http://www.exec.gov.nl.ca/exec/hrs/disability_supports/employment_programs/student_summer_employment.html	S
		Student Summer Employment	<p>The objective of the Summer Employment Program is to provide career-related work experience in the public service for post-secondary students with disabilities. Summer employment opportunities provide students with practical skills and knowledge to prepare them for their future entry into the labour market.</p>	http://www.exec.gov.nl.ca/exec/hrs/disability_supports/employment_programs/student_summer_employment.html	S

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Housing Corporation Act, RSNL 1990</i>	Department of Housing	NA	According to the Act, membership of the corporation shall consist of not less than 5 and not more than 11 members to be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, 1 of whom shall be a representative of the physically disabled in the province.	http://canlii.ca/t/89p9	E

		Home Modification Program	The Home Modification Program (HMP) is designed to provide funding to low-to-moderate income homeowners (\$46,500 or less), seniors and persons with disabilities who require accessibility changes to their residences, which can help promote independence, self-reliance, assist with a better quality of life, and enable individuals to remain in their own homes for a longer period.		S
		Investment in Affordable Housing (IAH)	This program is cost-shared 50/50 with the federal government and delivered by NLHC. The purpose of the Investment in Affordable Housing is to assist in the creation of modest, affordable rental housing which will benefit as many low-income households as possible. Eligible private sector or non-profit supportive housing sector proponents may receive capital funding in the form of a forgivable loan for the construction of affordable housing units for seniors, families, and persons with disabilities or persons with complex needs.		A
<i>Health and Community Services Act, SNI 1995</i>	Department of Health and Community Services	Cooperative Apartment Program	This program offers a private residential setting operated by an incorporated community board of directors and staffed by a live-in supervisor and relief staff. The private residences are usually rented houses and are shared by up to three adults with intellectual disabilities. The main emphasis is on skill teaching and support to enable more independent living rather than providing a permanent residence.	http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funa/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html	S
		Alternative Family Care Home Program	This program offers private homes, which have been approved by the Regional Health Authority for the purpose of providing room and board, supervision and personal and social support for up to two unrelated adults with intellectual disabilities in a family atmosphere. Supports and services are available as necessary. Monitoring and supervision is provided by the social worker assigned by the Regional Health Authority.	http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funa/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html	S

		<p>Board and Lodging Supplement</p> <p>A Board and Lodging Supplement is a funding supplement that is available, based on assessed need, to an adult with psychiatric, physical and/or intellectual disabilities, 18 years of age and older, who reside with relatives or non-relatives. These adults have identified needs and require a higher board and lodging rate to live in these arrangements than is usually allowed. The basic rate of board and lodging is available through HRLE and the supplement is available through the Regional Health Authorities.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html</p>	S
		<p>Individualized Living Arrangements</p> <p>An individualized living arrangement (ILA) is established when no other service option is available or appropriate for an adult with an intellectual disability, meeting home support criteria and unable to reside with their natural family. Funding for basic income support is provided by the Department of Human Resources, Labour, and Employment, with additional funding for home support and other related costs provided by the Regional Health Authorities.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html</p>	S
		<p>Shared Living Arrangements</p> <p>In some instances individuals with disabilities who require high level of home support may choose to share the cost of a living arrangement and home support staff. Funding may be provided from several sources such as the Department of Human Resources, Labour and Employment (HRLE) and the Regional Health Authorities. As in an individual living arrangement all benefits of income support including rent and heat and light supplements, and any other benefits available, are obtained from HRLE and supplemented as per policy by Regional Health Authorities.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html</p>	S

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Student Financial Assistance Act, SNL 2002</i>	Department of Advanced Education and Skills	Student Financial Assistance Regulations	<p>A student with a permanent disability may receive assistance (federal and provincial) for full-time studies if enrolled in 40–59% of a full course load. Students with a permanent disability may receive assistance for part-time studies if taking 20–39% of a full course load.</p> <p>The Repayment Assistance Plan for Borrowers with a Permanent Disability (RAP-PD) helps borrowers with permanent disabilities, which are having difficulty repaying their student loans. The RAP-PD makes it easier for borrowers to manage their debt by allowing them to pay back what they can reasonably afford. Under this plan no borrower with a permanent disability should have a repayment period longer than 10 years; loan payments are based on family income, ability to pay and disability accommodation costs (e.g. uninsured medical expenses, special care and other expenses); borrowers will not make payments exceeding 20% of their income toward loans covered by RAP-PD; and in certain cases, borrowers may not have to make any loan payments until their income increases.</p>	http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/studentaid/factors/index.html http://www.aes.gov.nl.ca/studentaid/debt/index.html	S

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Elections Act, 1991</i>	<i>Service Animal Act, SNI 2012</i>	Department of Advanced Education and Skills	NA	The <i>Service Animals Act</i> recognizes that service animals are used by a number of different people with various disabilities such as autism, epilepsy, vision impairment, brain injury, hearing loss and mental illness this and will prohibit discrimination against a person with a service animal with respect to accommodations, services or facilities.	http://www.releases.gov.nl.ca/Releases/2012/iust/0531n14.htm
<u>Office of the Chief Electoral Officer</u>		NA	The Act states that the entrances and facilities of each polling station in a polling division shall, where possible, be accessible to electors in the polling division who are physically disabled. Where a polling station is not accessible to electors who are physically disabled, the returning officer shall ensure that a convenient alternative is provided to enable those electors to vote.	http://canlii.ca/t/89ss	E

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Pension Benefits Act, 1997</i>	Department of finance	Pension Benefits Act Regulations	The Act and associate regulations stipulate that a pension plan may provide that a member or former member who is entitled to a deferred pension benefit may be authorized to receive a payment or series of payments by reason of a mental or physical disability that is likely to shorten considerably the life expectancy of a member or former member, partly or wholly instead of the deferred pension benefit.	http://canlii.ca/t/8b5r	S

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Wild Life Act, RSNL 1990</i>	Department of Environment and Conservation	Wild Life Regulations	<p>The regulations specify that disabled hunters who receive a big game licence, shall, in the case of a permanently, legally blind person; and may, in the case of a permanently mobility impaired person; designate at any one time only one designated shooter to shoot and retrieve the type and sex of big game animal named on the disabled hunter's licence, provided that the disabled hunter remains in sight of designated hunter, and the designated shooter possesses the disabled hunter's big game licence and tags.</p>	http://www.env.gov.nl.ca/env/wildlife/hunting/disabilities.html	A

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR – HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Health and Community Services Act, SNL 1995</i>	Department of Health and Community Services	Special Child Welfare Allowance Program	This program provides assistance with the cost of services/supports to families with a child (under the age of eighteen years) who has a physical or intellectual disability living at home. The assistance is designed to enable families to purchase items and/or services, which are necessary due to the child's disability. The amount of monthly assistance for each family is determined through a financial needs test.	http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html	S
		Special Assistance Program – Medical equipment and supplies	The Special Assistance Program is a provincial program, which provides basic medical supplies and equipment to assist with activities of daily living for individuals living in the community who meet the eligibility criteria for the program. Benefits of the program include medical supplies (such as dressings, catheters and incontinent supplies); oxygen and related equipment and supplies; orthotics such as braces and burn garments, and equipment such as wheelchairs, commodes or walkers.	http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html	S
		Direct Home Services Program	The Direct Home Services Program is a government-funded program that is delivered by the regional health authorities. It is a voluntary, home-based early intervention program that is provided at no cost to the family. The program is offered to families with infants and preschool-aged children who display or are at risk for significant developmental delay. The goal of the program is to develop and implement individualized skill teaching and behavioural strategies with the family to achieve positive gains in the child's development.	http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/fundingprograms_hcs.html	S

<p>Intensive Applied Behavioural Analysis Program</p>	<p>This component of the Direct Home Services Program is currently available for children up to Grade 3. Applied behavioural analysis is an evidence-based, best-practice approach to early intervention for children with autism spectrum disorder. Applied behavioural analysis utilizes well-studied learning principles in a systematic way to teach skills that are meaningful for the child and the family. There is a focus on increasing positive behaviours and reducing or eliminating challenging behaviours through the use of positive programming principles.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funding_programs_hcs.html</p>	<p>S</p>
<p>Community Behavioural Services (CBSP)</p>	<p>The Community Behavioural Services Program is a voluntary, community-based behavioural support program that is available for individuals school-aged and older. The program provides intervention and support to individuals with a developmental disability and significant behavioural concerns. The intervention is provided within the home and community environments in which behavioural difficulties occur. The Community Behavioural Services Program is a strengths-based program guided by a set of ideals that promote community inclusion, positive programming and least restrictive treatment principles.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funding_programs_hcs.html</p>	<p>S</p>
<p>Provincial Home Support Program</p>	<p>Home support services include the provision of personal and behavioural supports, household management and respite at the minimum level to maintain individual independence. Home support services are intended to supplement, not replace, service provided by the individual family and/or support network. Services are non-professional in nature and are delivered by an approved home support agency or by a home support worker hired by the individual or family.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funding_programs_hcs.html</p>	<p>S</p>
<p>Therapeutic and Professional Services</p>	<p>Professional staff at the Regional Health Authorities provides a range of therapeutic and professional services in a variety of settings, which support persons with disabilities. Specific referrals and eligibility criteria must be met to access some services. Staff may include social workers, nurses, behavioural and child management specialists, dieticians, occupational therapists, physiotherapists and laboratory technicians.</p>	<p>http://www.health.gov.nl.ca/health/personsdisabilities/funding_programs_hcs.html</p>	<p>S</p>

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Description	Website	Objective
<p><i>Human Rights Act, RSPEI 1988</i></p>	<p>Department of Environment, Labour and Justice</p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that if a person entitled to bring an action is under disability at the time the cause of action arises, he may bring the action within the time limit specified by the <i>Act</i> or at any time within two years after he first ceased to be under disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8dhj</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>Police Act, RSPEI 1988</i></p>	<p>Department of Environment, Labour and Justice</p>	<p>The <i>Act</i>, which defines “discrimination” to mean discrimination in relation to disability, prohibits denial of occupancy rights on discriminatory basis; discrimination in property sales and restrictive covenants; discrimination with respect to employment, pay and employment or professional or business membership; person or agency carrying out functions in a discriminatory manner; discrimination in applications to insurance and retirement plans; discrimination in advertising and discrimination because of association. Furthermore, the Human Rights Commission, established under the <i>Act</i>, shall administer and enforce this <i>Act</i>; develop a program of public information and education in the field of human rights to forward the principle that every person is free and equal in dignity and rights without regard to disability; advise the government on suggestions, recommendations and requests made by private organizations and individuals.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8d94</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>Code of Professional Conduct and Discipline Regulations</i></p>		<p>The regulations stipulate that every police officer and security police officer shall respect the rights of all persons and treat all persons or classes of persons equally, regardless of physical or intellectual disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8mss</p>	<p>E</p>

<u>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act</u> RSPEI 1988	<u>Provincial Building Code Act</u> RSPEI 1988	The Department of Environment, Labour and Justice	Department of Environment, Labour and Justice	The regulations state that the barrier-free design, as described in section 3.7 of the National Building Code of Canada 1990 in conjunction with and including other provisions of the Code, are to be adopted and applied to the design, construction, reconstruction, alteration and occupancy of buildings. "Barrier-free" means that a building and its facilities can be barrier-free approached, entered, and used by persons with physical or sensory disabilities.	<u>http://canlii.ca/t/8ds1</u>	A
Highway Traffic Act, RSPEI 1988	Department of Transportation and Infrastructure Renewal	NA	General Regulations	One of the purposes of the Act is to allow any person a right of access to the records in the custody or under the control of a public body. The regulations state that an applicant may make an oral request for access to a record if the applicant has a physical disability or condition that impairs the applicant's ability to make a written request.	<u>http://canlii.ca/t/8dol</u>	A

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
Highway Traffic Act, RSPEI 1988	Department of Transportation and Infrastructure Renewal	NA	The Act states that no driver shall stop, stand or park a vehicle on a highway in a disabled parking space unless the vehicle prominently displays a valid emblem that clearly identifies the vehicle as being owned, operated by or used for the transportation of a disabled Person.	<u>http://canlii.ca/t/8d46</u>	A

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<u>Student Financial Assistance Act</u> RSPEI 1988	Department of Innovation and Advanced Learning	General Regulations	The regulations define the minimum required course load to be completed during a period of study to be eligible for a subsequent loan as 40% of a full course load in the case of a student who is a person with a permanent disability. Furthermore, a borrower may be exempt from this requirement if the borrower has experienced temporary disability during a period of study. Also, under the Act, all or part of the principal or interest, or both, of a borrower's student loan may be forgiven, upon application, where the borrower is a person with a permanent disability and, as a result, is unable to pay the student loan.	http://canlii.ca/t/8p15	S

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<u>Social Assistance Act</u> RSPEI 1988	Department of Community Services and Seniors	Social Assistance Program	The Social Assistance Program helps Islanders, including people with disabilities, meet their basic needs by providing income for food, clothing, shelter, medical, optical, child care and dental expenses. These benefits are provided on a case-by-case basis to Islanders who meet the program eligibility requirements.	http://www.gov.pe.ca/sas/index.php3?number=1018613&lang=E	S
		Child Care Subsidy	The Child Care Subsidy Program covers all or part of the cost of child-care in licensed child care centres, nursery programs, early years centres, family day care homes, and before-and-after-school programs so that parents can work or attend training programs, or because their child has specific needs. The subsidy rate varies, depending on the size of the family, age of children and the household's income.	http://www.gov.pe.ca/sas/index.php3?number=1018613&lang=E	S

			General Regulations	The regulations state that where an applicant who is a person with a disability has been found to be ineligible for the Disability Support Program financial assistance may be granted to the applicant including a special care allowance if the applicant is living outside of an approved residential institution, or a disability allowance if the applicant is living with parents, grandparents, a spouse, siblings, or children over the age of majority. Furthermore, financial assistance for necessary respite care services may also be granted.	http://canlii.ca/t/8dsz	S
<i>Adoption Act</i> RSPEI 1988	Department of Community Services and Seniors		Supported Adoption Regulations	According to the Act, where it is necessary or important in terms of the best interests of the child, an agreement for subsidizing a placement or an adoption may be authorized. The regulations state that the Director may enter into an adoption support agreement, with adoptive parents where the child to be adopted is under the age of 18 years and the child has one or more special needs because of a mental or physical disability or the child is at risk of developing any of the disabilities or issues due to a history of abuse, neglect, multiple placements, prenatal risks or has a parent with a known genetic illness.	http://canlii.ca/t/8dth	S

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND – TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Environment Tax Act</i> RSPEI 1988	Department of Finance, Energy and Municipal Affairs	NA	A purchaser of a new tire for a motor vehicle is exempt from paying provincial tire tax if the tire is for motorized wheelchair or other motorized device used intended for use by disabled persons.	http://canlii.ca/t/8d8l	S

<u>Retail Sales Tax Act</u> , RSPEI 1988	Department of Finance, Energy and Municipal Affairs	General Regulations	The regulations state that a portion of the tax paid pursuant to the Act may be refunded to an applicant on the purchase of a motor vehicle equipped for use by an individual with a disability. The refundable portion of the tax is the tax related to the cost to modify the motor vehicle for the purpose of facilitating the placement or transportation of a wheelchair without the need to collapse the wheelchair; or equipping the motor vehicle with auxiliary driving controls to facilitate the operation of the motor vehicle by an individual with a disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/8rgr	S
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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Rehabilitation of Disabled Persons Act, RSPEI 1988; Social Assistance Act, RSPEI 1988</i>	Department of Community Services and Seniors	Disability Support Program	The purpose of The Disability Support Program (DSP) is to assist with personal planning and to help meet the needs related to an individual's disability. These supports are needs based, and they are not intended to provide income. Supports can take a number of different forms, including support for respite care, funding supports for intensive behavioral intervention for children with Autism Spectrum Disorder, community living and community participation supports, technical aids and other devices and family support programs.	http://www.gov.pe.ca/sss/index.php3?number=1018613	S
<i>Adult Protection Act, RSPEI 1988</i>	Department of Health and Wellness	NA	The purpose of this Act is to provide for provincial government assistance or intervention to protect an adult, who is unable to protect himself, against neglect or abuse that, could otherwise cause serious harm to that adult. This Act is to be administered with respect for the principle that persons afflicted with disability that impairs their capacity to care for themselves deserve that quality of necessary treatment, care and attention that is most effective and yet least intrusive or restrictive in nature; although the capacity to express it may be diminished by disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/8d3b	E

NOVA SCOTIA

NOVA SCOTIA - GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation / Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Social Assistance Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Community Services	Disabled Persons Commission	<p>The Nova Scotia Disabled Persons Commission (DPC) gives people with disabilities a way to participate in the provincial government policy-making process. The DPC advises policy-makers and program-developers about the needs of people with disabilities and the issues and concerns that affect the lives of people with disabilities. When promoting the concerns of persons with disabilities within government the Commission primarily reports to the Coordinating Committee of Ministers which in turn advises the Government of Nova Scotia on the status of persons with disabilities.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/87nq</p>	E
	Community Services	Services for Persons with Disabilities (SPD) Program, June 2012	<p>The Services for Persons with Disabilities (SPD) Program provides for assistance to persons in need under the mandate of <i>The Social Assistance Act</i>. It provides support to children, youth, and adults with disabilities through residential and at-home support programs. The SPD continuum ranges from supporting families who care for a family member with a disability in their own home, to supporting people with disabilities in a 24- hour residential support option. The SPD Program promotes a participant's independence, self-reliance, security, and social inclusion. The goal of the SPD Program is to support participants at various stages of their development and independence through a range of programs.</p>	<p>http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/S_PDPProgramPolicy.html</p>	S
	Adult Service Centres		<p>Adult Service Centres were established in Nova Scotia to provide community-based vocational programs for adults with disabilities. Currently, Adult Service Centres provide employment, skills training and day program opportunities for adults with disabilities in communities across Nova Scotia.</p>	<p>http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/AdultServiceCentres.html</p>	S

<i>Building Code Act, 1989</i>	<i>Adult Protection Act, RSNS 1989</i>	<i>Correctional Services Act, SNS 2005</i>	<i>Day Care Act, RSNS 1989</i>	<i>Human Rights Act, RSNS 1989</i>	
Labour and Advanced Education	Community Services	Department of Justice	Community Services	Nova Scotia Human Rights Commission	
Nova Scotia Building Regulations	NA	Correctional Services Regulations	Day Care Regulations	According to the <i>Act</i> , no person shall in respect of the provision of or access to services or facilities; accommodation; the purchase or sale of property; employment; volunteer public service; a publication, broadcast or advertisement; membership in a professional association, business or trade association, employers' organization or employees' organization, discriminate against an individual or class of individuals on account of physical disability or mental disability	NA
				The regulations stipulate that a facility and a family home day care must be accessible and must not be located above the 2nd floor of a building. Also, An outdoor play space used by a facility must be accessible to all enrolled children, including those with diverse abilities.	
				An employee must contribute to a positive work environment and may not engage in any form of harassment or discrimination including any actions or words directed toward an individual that cause an uncomfortable atmosphere in the work environment or result in unequal and usually less favourable treatment of the individual, including unequal treatment regarding disability.	
				The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to provide a means whereby adults who lack the ability to care and fend adequately for them can be protected from abuse and neglect by providing them with access to services that will enhance their ability to care and fend for himself or herself or which will protect them from abuse or neglect. An adult in need may include someone who, by reason of physical disability, is incapable of protecting himself from various forms of abuse or is not receiving adequate care and attention.	
				Schedule 'C' of the regulations specifies design standards for barrier free design with respect to parking areas, washrooms, passenger elevating devices, etc. Also, the regulations specify that the Building Advisory Committee shall include a representative appointed among persons nominated by the Disabled Persons Commission.	

<i>Building Access Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Municipal Affairs	NA	The purpose of the <i>Act</i> is to provide for Accessibility by Physically Handicapped Persons to Buildings Constructed in the Province. The <i>Act</i> specifies that every building shall have at least one principal entrance designed in conformance with NBC <i>Supplement No. 5, "Building Standards for the Handicapped 1975"</i> for use by physically handicapped persons, opening to the outdoors at sidewalk level or to a ramp leading to an area at sidewalk level; shall provide access for physically handicapped persons from the entrance to public spaces on the entrance floor, and to at least one elevator where elevators are provided; and In every building where washrooms are provided for the public, at least one washroom shall be provided that is designed for and is accessible to physically handicapped persons.	http://canlii.ca/t/87kw	A
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NOVA SCOTIA - TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Department	Regulation / Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Motor Vehicle Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Department of Transportation and Infrastructure Renewal	NA	The traffic authority may establish accessible-parking zones designated by an approved sign. A person who stops, leaves standing or parks a vehicle in an accessible-parking zone, or on private property that is marked for use by a mobility-disabled person, is guilty of an offence unless there is displayed on the vehicle an identification permit or number plate issued or recognized pursuant to the regulations.	http://canlii.ca/t/87xs	A
		Commercial Vehicle Maintenance Standards	Regulations stipulate the maintenance standards for passenger vehicles for the physically disabled including wheelchair securement devices, restraint assemblies, emergency exit doors, ramps or power-lifts, and no plates, covers or energy-absorbing materials required to protect persons from sharp edges or corners.	http://canlii.ca/t/86kx	A

NOVA SCOTIA – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Employment Support and Income Assistance Act, SNS 2000</i>	Community Services	<u>Employment Support Services (ESS):</u> Canada-Nova Scotia Labour Market Agreement for Persons with Disabilities	The Labour Market Agreement for Persons with Disabilities Program offers services such as skills assessment, career counseling, job skills training, help to go to school and disability supports to support people with disabilities. The province of Nova Scotia has partnered with the Government of Canada for more than 45 years delivering cost-shared programs to assist persons with disabilities initiate the progression to greater economic and financial independence through employment. The Multilateral Framework provides the basis for bilateral agreements between individual provinces and the Government of Canada. The bilateral agreement between Canada and Nova Scotia has been extended to March 2013.	http://novascotia.ca/coms/employment/services/LabourMarketAgreement.html	S

NOVA SCOTIA - HOUSING

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Social Assistance Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Community Services	Alternative Family Support Program	The Alternative Family Support Program (AFS Program) is one option within a continuum of supports and services provided by the Services for Persons with Disabilities (SPD) Program. This setting allows for placement in an approved, private family home, where support and supervision is provided for up to two individuals unrelated to the AFS Provider. The program expands the range of sustainable options available in the community and allows individual needs to be met in a more flexible and personal manner.	http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/AlternativeFamilySupport.html	S

<i>Municipal Housing Corporations Act, RSNS 1989</i>	<i>Housing Act, RSNS 1989</i>	<i>Homes for Special Care Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Community Services	Independent Living Support Policy	The Independent Living Support (ILS) Program is one program within the continuum of supports and services provided by the Services for Persons with Disabilities (SPD) Program. The ILS Program provides up to 21 hours a week of supports and service to eligible Individuals who are semi-independent and require minimum support in their own apartment or home.	http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/IndependentLiving.html	S
Service Nova Scotia and Municipal Relations	Community Services	NA	Access-A-Home Program	Licensed Homes For Special Care	These settings provide support and supervision in homes with four or more beds and include Group Homes / Developmental Residences, Residential Care Facilities, Adult Residential Centres and Regional Rehabilitation Centres. The primary purpose shall be to encourage, foster, and promote the social, educational and vocational development and well being of the residents for the purpose of integrating the residents into the community as self-sufficient and independent individuals.	http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/HomesForSpecialCare.html	S
					The Access-A-Home Program provides assistance to people who must adapt their homes for wheelchair use. The amount of assistance depends upon income. The maximum grant available is \$5,000. The grant does not have to be repaid.	http://novascotia.ca/coms/housing/people-with-disabilities/Access-A-HomeProgram.html	A

NOVA SCOTIA – EDUCATION

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Social Assistance Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Community Services	Adult Service Centres	<p>Adult Service Centers were established in Nova Scotia to provide community-based vocational programs for adults with disabilities. Currently, Adult Service Centres provide employment, skills training and day program opportunities for adults with disabilities in communities across Nova Scotia. Vocational and other day program services complement the residential and other community-based support systems provided under the Services for Persons with Disabilities Program.</p>	http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/AdultServiceCentres.html	S
<i>Provincial Finance Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Finance	Rehabilitation and Social Development Approval Assistance Regulations	<p>The Regulations describe the application and approval process for any proposal made to the minister with respect to a sheltered workshop, or work activity. "Sheltered workshop" means a facility in which persons with physical or mental disabilities may, without concern for rate of speed of achievement, work for gain, develop vocational aptitude and skills, or progress towards being employable in ordinary employment; "work activity" means a situation of work in which persons are, regardless of any difficulties encountered previously in the commonly recognized business or industrial communities or in a form of training, assisted in preparing themselves for obtaining ordinary employment.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/86s1	S
		Direct Student Loan Regulations	<p>To be eligible for a student loan, a qualifying student must establish, to the satisfaction of the Minister, that the qualifying student is or intends to be enrolled as a full-time student. The regulations state Full-time student means a student in a designated educational program who is enrolled in at least 40% of a course load recognized by the educational institution as constituting a full course load, in the case of a student who has a permanent disability.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/86sq	S

NOVA SCOTIA – PARTICIPATION

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Elections Act, SNS 2011</i>	<i>Health Authorities Act, SNS 2000</i>	<i>Health and Wellness</i>	<i>Community Health Boards' Member Selection Regulations</i>	http://canlii.ca/t/ji95	E
<i>Chief Electoral Officer</i>	<i>NA</i>		<p>The regulations specify that the selection process for the board of directions shall be open, public and transparent in all respects, including the opportunity for applicants to self-identify as members of minority groups, such as disabled, First Nations, visible and cultural minorities, etc.</p> <p>The <i>Act</i> specifies that every polling station in an electoral district must be in accessible premises with level access and with an internal structure that allows persons with disabilities to cast their ballots without barrier or obstruction.</p> <p>Furthermore, the Election Commission shall consult with such disabilities organizations or associations or such individuals as it considers necessary before making recommendations to or advising the Chief Electoral Officer in respect of matters pertaining to accessibility for persons with disabilities</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8pcs	A

NOVA SCOTIA – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Pension Benefits Act, RSNS 1989</i>	<i>Employment Support and Income Assistance Act, SNS 2000</i>	<i>Community Services</i>	<p><i>Social Assistance Act, RSNS 1989</i></p> <p>The Direct Family Support (DFS) program provides supports and services to both children and adults with disabilities who live at home with their families. The intent of the program is to support and provide funding to eligible families to enable them to support their family member with a disability at home. The purpose of the program is to enable individuals with disabilities to live at home; to maximize family supports and community participation; to prevent and/or delay the need for an out of home placement; and to establish a smooth and seamless transition between children's and adult's supports and services.</p>	<p>http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/DFS/DirectFamilySupport.html</p>	S
	<i>Finance</i>	<i>Income Assistance Program</i>	<p>The Income Assistance (IA) program provides people in financial need with assistance with basic needs such as food, rent, utilities like heat and electricity, and clothing. The program may also help you with other needs such as child-care, transportation, prescription drugs, emergency dental care, and eye glasses. Persons with disabilities may be eligible if they show that they cannot pay for basic needs.</p>	<p>http://novascotia.ca/coms/employment/income_assistance/index.html</p>	S
		<i>Pension Benefit Regulations</i>	<p>The owner of a locked-in retirement account (LIRA) or life income fund (LIF) may, upon application, withdraw all or part of the money in the LIRA or LIF if, when the owner signs the application, he or she has a mental or physical disability that is likely to shorten considerably his or her life expectancy.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8647</p>	S

NOVA SCOTIA – RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Wildlife Act, RSNS 1989</i>	Natural Resources	Firearm and Bow Regulations	The regulations specify that a disabled person who possesses a valid identification permit issued in accordance with the regulations respecting identification permits for vehicles transporting mobility handicapped persons made under the <i>Motor Vehicle Act</i> , may apply to the Department for a Weapon Discharge Permit to hunt wildlife during the open season from a vehicle. Also, the Department may issue at no charge a Weapon Discharge Permit to a disabled person.	http://canlii.ca/t/8619	A
			The regulations specify that the Minister may issue a General Fishing Licence at no cost to a disabled person.		

NOVA SCOTIA – HEALTH

Statute	Department	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Children and Family Services Act, SNS 1990</i>	<i>Personal Directives Act, SNS 2008</i>	<i>Protection For Persons in Care Act, SNS 2004</i>	<p><i>The Protection for Persons in Care Act</i> is an extra safeguard from abuse for patients and residents 16 years of age and older who are receiving care from Nova Scotia's hospitals, residential care facilities, nursing homes, homes for the aged or disabled persons under <i>The Homes for Special Care Act</i>, or group homes or residential centres under the <i>Children and Family Services Act</i>. Under this act, abuse may be physical, psychological, emotional, sexual, medical, or related to neglect or theft. The Act requires health facility administrators and service providers (including staff and volunteers) to promptly report all allegations or instances of abuse.</p>	http://novascotia.ca/coms/disabilities/ProtectionPersonsInCare.html	E
Community Services	Justice, Health and Wellness, Community Services	NA	The Department of Justice is collaborating with the Department of Health, the Department of Community Services and Office of the Public Trustee to implement the <i>Personal Directives Act</i> . This Act enables Nova Scotians to document their wishes regarding what personal care decisions are made for them, and/or who makes them, in the event that they are incapacitated and are unable to make these decisions themselves. Personal care decisions include those related to health care, nutrition, hydration, shelter, residence, clothing, hygiene, safety, comfort, recreation, social activities and support services.	http://novascotia.ca/just/pda/	E
Children and Family Services Regulations		NA	A parent or guardian may apply to the Minister to enter into a special-needs agreement for services to be provided to a child in a child-caring facility if the child's special needs include a significant physical disability with ongoing functional limitations that are a result of the disability and that seriously limit the child's capacity to perform age-appropriate activities of daily living, as determined by an approved clinician.	http://canlii.ca/t/87q4	S

<i>Homemaker's Services Act, RSNS</i> 1989	Health and Wellness	Homemaker's Services Regulations	The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to encourage the provision of homemakers' services to families or individuals to enable them to remain in their homes. Subject to the regulations, the Minister may provide funding to an agency that provides a homemakers' service for a person who is elderly, handicapped, ill or convalescent. An agency may provide homemakers' services to families or individuals for the purpose of assisting in the care of children, maintaining good housekeeping standards, the preparation of meals, the managing of income and expenses, the development of parenting skills, the maintenance of personal hygiene and grooming, and respite care.	http://canlii.ca/t/jlm9	S
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NEW BRUNSWICK

NEW BRUNSWICK – GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Premier's Council on the Status of Disabled Persons Act, RSNB 2011</i>	Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour; Human Rights Commission	NA	<p><i>The Human Rights Act</i> of New Brunswick is a provincial law that prohibits discrimination and harassment based on 14 personal characteristics, including mental and physical disability, in specified activities that fall under provincial jurisdiction. It is the principal legal instrument through which equality rights are enforced in New Brunswick, Canada. The Act applies to public accommodations, services and facilities (e.g. motels, schools, restaurants, stores, washrooms, insurance); the leasing of premises (e.g. apartments); the sale of property; labour unions and professional, business or trade associations; notices and signs; and all aspects of employment.</p>	http://www.gnb.ca/hrc-cdp/18-e.asp	E
<i>Premier's Council on the Status of Disabled Persons Act, RSNB 2011</i>	Premier's Office / Social Development	NA	<p>The Premier's Council on the Status of Disabled Persons is a body for consultation and study created to advise the provincial government and the general public on matters relating to the status of persons with disabilities. The Council reports directly to the Premier of New Brunswick. According to the Act, the Council shall advise the Minister on matters relating to the status of disabled persons that the Minister refers to the Council for its consideration or that the Council considers appropriate. Also, the Council shall bring before the government and the public matters of interest and concern to disabled persons, and promote prevention of disabling conditions, employment opportunities of disabled persons, and access by disabled persons to all services offered to the citizens of New Brunswick.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8958 ; http://www.gnb.ca/0048/index-e.asp	A

<i>Community Planning Act,</i> RSNB 1973	Environment and Local Government	Barrier-Free Design Building Code Regulation	<p>Disability Support Program</p> <p>The program provides personalized, flexible disability supports for persons with disabilities in the development of their personal disability support plans. It allows for the provision of independent facilitation and the use of person centered approaches to planning and designing disability supports. Disability supports that might be provided under this program include home support worker; respite; personal supports and assistance within and outside the home; supports for community involvement and participation; personal living skills training; transportation supports that are disability specific; technical supports and assistive devices not covered under other programs; and residential facility services.</p>	<p>http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/services_renderer:201169.Sell_or_Donate_Disability_Related_Items.html</p>	S
		Sell or Donate Disability Related Items	<p>A listing service is established under the <i>Act for Individuals</i> or non-profits that want to donate or sell disability related items. Items can only be posted if they are disability related and Items must be provided by an individual or non-profit group only.</p>	<p>http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/services_renderer:201169.Sell_or_Donate_Disability_Related_Items.html</p>	S
			<p>The regulations are an enhancement to Section 3.8 of the National Building Code of Canada 2005 and are intended to create higher minimum standards of accessibility for certain new commercial buildings. The regulations will allow for more consistency in parking lots for people with disabilities, provide for greater access to teletypewriter telephones in public areas and generally make buildings more accessible.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8q1g</p>	A

<p><i>Family Services Act, SNB 1980</i></p>	<p><i>Limitation of Actions Act, SNB 2009</i></p>	<p><i>Right to Information and Protection of Privacy Act, SNB 2009</i></p>	<p><i>Police Act, SNB 1977</i></p>	<p>Public Safety</p>	<p>Code of Professional Conduct Regulation</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>Social Development</i></p>	<p><i>Justice and Attorney General</i></p>	<p><i>Government Services</i></p>	<p><i>General Regulations</i></p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> and associated regulations state that any person is entitled to request and receive information related to the public business of public bodies or have access to records containing personal information about themselves in accordance with the provisions of the <i>Right to Information and Protection of Privacy Act (RTIPPA)</i>. Oral requests are accepted from applicants with limited ability to read and write English or French or with a disability that prevents them from completing a written request.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/89bi</p>	<p>A</p>
<p><i>Community Based Services for Children with Special Needs (CBSCSN)</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p><i>NA</i></p>	<p>According to the <i>Act</i>, the general limitation period established under the <i>Act</i> is suspended during any period in which the claimant is incapable of bringing the claim because of his or her physical, mental or psychological condition. If the limitation period has less than one year to run when the suspension ends, the period is extended to the day that is one year after the day on which the suspension ends.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8i18</p>	<p>A</p>
				<p>The Community-Based Services for Children with Special Needs (CBSCSN) Program works with parents/legal guardians in providing the extraordinary care and support required to meet the special developmental needs of their severely disabled child. CBSCSN is a voluntary program of social supports. Parents must demonstrate that in addition to the other community services they are presently accessing, their child still has some extraordinary unmet needs.</p>	<p>http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/services_for_children_with_special_needs_(CBSCSN).html</p>	<p>S</p>

		Post Guardianship	<p>Under Post Guardianship Services the Department may continue to provide support to young people formerly in the permanent care of the Minister who are unable to support themselves because of a physical, mental or emotional disability up to the age of 24 years.</p>	<a href="http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb
/en/services/services_renderer.12675.Post_Guardianship.html">http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb /en/services/services_renderer.12675.Post_Guardianship.html	S
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NEW BRUNSWICK – TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Motor Vehicle Act, RSNB 1973</i>	Public Safety	Designated Disabled Parking	<p>The Province of New Brunswick issues Parking Placards and Permits for persons with disabilities to promote designated parking spaces for persons with disabilities. The intent of this program is to limit eligibility for the parking permit and placard for person(s) having a disability to those situations where the person has a significant degree of mobility impairment caused by paralysis, lower limb amputation, heart or lung disease or other health problems such that the person would have difficulty walking unassisted more than 50 metres in outdoor weather conditions.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/88p2	A

NEW BRUNSWICK – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Vocational Rehabilitation of Disabled Persons Act, RSNB 2011; Employment Development Act, RSNB 2011</i>	Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour	Work Ability Program	The Work Ability Program provides work experience opportunities to unemployed individuals, including persons with disabilities, who require a job placement to overcome a barrier as identified through their employment action plan. By placing an individual with an employer, they can work towards becoming job ready by establishing a career goal, developing skills, or addressing specific needs.	http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.aspx?ServiceID1=5102&ReportType1=ALL	S
		Workforce Expansion Program	The Employer Wage Incentive component of the Workforce Expansion Program is a collaborative effort to bring unemployed New Brunswickers together with employers. The program builds employer/employee relationships, which promote the development of our unemployed by gaining skills that ultimately result in long-term sustainable full-time employment. The component also aims at encouraging the hiring of individuals from select groups, including persons with disabilities.	http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.aspx?ServiceID1=6935&ReportType1=ALL	S
		Training and Skills Development Program	Training and Skills Development (TSD) program has been introduced in an effort to ensure that case managed individuals, including persons with disabilities, whose employment action plan identifies skill development as being necessary, have access to funding to assist them in achieving their goal.	http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.aspx?ServiceID1=5097&ReportType1=All	S

<i>Public Service Labour Relations Act, RSNB 1973</i>	Human Resources	Training and Employment Support Services (TESS) - Employment Services	Training and Employment Support Services (TESS) is directed towards individuals with physical, intellectual, psychiatric or cognitive disabilities. The purpose of these services is to offer training and employment support options to persons with permanent or long-term disabilities who need to develop marketable skills in order to assist them to enter the labour force. These services are provided in full collaboration with the person with a disability in accordance with his/her needs and capabilities.	http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.asp?ServiceID1=17056&ReportType1=All	S
		Equal Employment Opportunity Program	The objective of the Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Program is to provide a more balanced representation of qualified designated group persons in the public service by helping individuals find meaningful employment with opportunities for advancement. To be eligible for the program, candidates must be residents of New Brunswick and be members of one of the designated groups set out under the program, including persons with disabilities.	http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/services_renderer.5028.Equal_Employment_Opportunity_Program_.html	S

NEW BRUNSWICK – EDUCATION

Post-Secondary Student Financial Assistance Act, SNB 2007	Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
Post-Secondary Education, Training and Labour		NA		According to the Act, all obligations of a person who has obtained a direct loan terminate if the Minister is satisfied, on the basis of information required by the Minister and provided to the Minister by or on behalf of the person, that the person, by reason of the person's permanent disability, is or will be unable to repay the direct loan without exceptional hardship, taking into account the person's family income.	http://canlii.ca/t/889r	S

<i>Education Act, SNB 1997</i>	<i>Education and Early Childhood Development</i>	<i>Canada Student Grant for Services and Equipment for Persons with Permanent Disabilities</i>	<p>Formerly named the Canada Study Grant for the Accommodation of Students with Permanent Disabilities, students with permanent disabilities who have exceptional education-related costs such as tutors, note-takers, interpreters, brailleers or technical aids receive up to \$8,000 per academic year.</p>	http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/renderer/200789.Canada%20Student%20Grant%20for%20Services%20and%20Equipment%20for%20Persons%20with%20Permanent%20Disabilities.html	S	
<i>Elections Act, RSNB 1973</i>	<i>Legislative Assembly</i>	<i>Governing Body</i>	<i>Pupil Transportation Regulation</i>	<p>The regulations stipulate that, where in the opinion of the superintendent concerned, a pupil has a physical or mental disability such that the pupil requires specialized transportation, the superintendent shall provide for the conveyance of the pupil by the most practical means possible regardless of the distance the pupil lives from the school the pupil attends.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/88sf	S

NEW BRUNSWICK – PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Elections Act, RSNB 1973</i>	<i>Legislative Assembly</i>	<i>NA</i>	<p>According to the <i>Act</i>, before the first day of advance polls, if there are any treatment centres, including nursing homes special care homes, assisted living facility, psychiatric facility, extended care unit in a public hospital, etc., in an electoral district, the returning officer, in consultation with the administrator of or person appointed by each centre, shall determine if an additional poll is required to take the vote of the residents or patients of the centre and, if it is required, shall fix the day, time and place for holding the additional poll at the centre.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/888t	A

<i>Municipal Elections Act, SNB 1979</i>	Legislative Assembly	NA	<p>The Act states that for each election, the municipal returning officer shall determine if there are any treatment centres, including a nursing home, special care home, assisted living facility, psychiatric facility, extended care unit in a public hospital, etc. in each municipality and, if so, shall in consultation with the administrator of or person appointed by each centre, determine if an additional poll is required to take the vote of the residents or patients of the centre and, if it is required, shall fix the day, time and place for holding the additional poll at the centre, and appoint two special voting officers for each additional poll. Furthermore, when an additional poll is held in a treatment centre where residents or patients are unable to move about on their own, the special voting officers shall, if appropriate, set up an additional poll in a common area of the centre to take the vote of electors who are able to attend the additional poll; and carry the ballot box, ballot papers and other necessary documents from room to room in the centre to take the vote of the remaining electors who wish to vote.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/88ms</p>	A
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NEW BRUNSWICK – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Family Income Security Act, RSNB 2011</i>	Social Development	Social Assistance Program	<p>Financial assistance is given to people who have no other income to meet their basic needs of food, clothing and shelter. Furthermore, a person or household who gets social assistance may be able to receive other benefits such as a health card which helps pay for things like prescriptions drugs, dental and vision care, and some other health needs. Some disabled clients may also receive a monthly disability supplement.</p>	<p>http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Hub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.asp?ServiceID1=10295&ReportType1=ALL</p>	S

<i>Pension Benefits Act, SNB 1987</i>	Justice and Attorney General	General Regulation	According the <i>Act</i> and regulations, an administrator may vary the terms of payment, in accordance with the request of a member, of a pension or deferred pension by making a payment or a series of payments to the member out of the pension fund if a physician certifies in writing to the administrator that the member suffers from a significant physical or mental disability that considerably reduces life expectancy.	http://canlii.ca/t/88c3	S
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NEW BRUNSWICK – RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Fish and Wildlife Act, SNB 1980</i>	Natural Resources	Disabled Hunter Card	A Disabled Hunter card authorizes the holder to hunt from a stationary motor vehicle. This program is intended for persons having a permanent serious physical disability, which restricts mobility of the lower limbs and any application submitted will be considered on that basis.	http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/recreati/1172.Disabled_Hunter_Card.html	A
<i>Youth Assistance Act, SNB 1984</i>	<u>Healthy and Inclusive Communities</u>	Sport and Recreation Organizations (Provincial Grant)	Under the <i>Act</i> , support is provided to assist with the growth and development of New Brunswick provincial organizations whose mandate includes the development of sport, recreation or active living opportunities. The department support of eligible organizations may be available in the form of funding, programs and/or consulting services. One of the mechanisms through which this department provides financial support includes organizations that provide sport and recreation opportunities for persons with a disability.	http://www2.gnb.ca/content/gnb/en/services/recreati/201012.Sport_and_Recreati_on_Organizations_(Provincial_Grant).html	A

NEW BRUNSWICK – TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	http://app.infoaa.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.asp?ServiceID1=12835&ReportType1=ALL	Objective
<i>Harmonized Sales Tax Act, SNB 1997</i>	Assessment Act, RSNB 1993	Services New Brunswick	Property Assessment Services – Assessment Reduction Program	The assessment reduction program may be available to charitable and not-for-profit organizations and municipalities that own and occupy their own premises in accordance with the Assessment Act and Regulations, and the primary activities sponsored or hosted on all or part of the property provide services to the community and benefit services to the disabled or disadvantaged to be eligible for the program.	S
Finance	General Regulation		The Minister may, upon application, rebate the tax paid by a consumer in respect of a passenger vehicle, truck or van that is specially equipped with a device that is used primarily to enable a wheelchair or scooter to enter or leave the passenger vehicle, truck or van, or auxiliary driving controls that are used to facilitate the operation of the passenger vehicle, truck or van, and is not operated by the consumer or person, or any other person, for the purpose of earning a profit for any person or as part of any undertaking carried on for gain.	http://canlii.ca/t/89dm	S

NEW BRUNSWICK – HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	
<i>Family Income Security Act, RSNB 2011</i>	Social Development	Health Services Convalescent/Rehabilitation Program	<p>This program assists clients with the provision and maintenance of specific convalescent and rehabilitation items and services which are not covered by other agencies or private health insurance plans such as canes, walkers, raised toilet seats, grab bars, rails, transfer boards, lifts, hospital beds, etc.</p> <p>http://app.infoaa.7700.gnb.ca/gnb/Pub/EServices/ListServiceDetails.asp?ServiceID1=8015&ReportType1=All</p>	S

QUEBEC

QUEBEC - GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Charter of human rights and freedoms</i> , RSQ c C-12	Commission des droits de la personne et des droits de la jeunesse	NA	According to the <i>Charter</i> , every person has a right to full and equal recognition and exercise of human rights and freedoms, without distinction, exclusion or preference based on a prohibited ground. Disability or the means to palliate a disability are prohibited grounds of discrimination and harassment. This means that a person cannot be treated differently because they are disabled or use a means to palliate a disability. As well, a person cannot be the target of offensive and repeated remarks or behaviour because they are disabled.	http://www.cdpdi.qc.ca/en/droits-de-la-personne/motifs/Pages/handicap.aspx	E
	Regulation respecting Affirmative Action Programs		This regulation applies to any person devising, implementing or carrying out an affirmative action program upon a recommendation by the Commission des droits de la personne et des droits de la jeunesse or under a court order. The object of an affirmative action program is to remedy the situation of any group subject to discrimination as prohibited by the <i>Charter</i> , particularly the handicapped community.	http://canlii.ca/t/7s7g	E

<p><i>Building Act, RSQ, c B-1.1</i></p> <p><i>Charter of the French Language, RSQ, c C-11</i></p>	<p>Office Quebecois de la langue</p>	<p>Regulation respecting the exemption from the application of the first paragraph of section 72 of the Charter of the French language, which may be granted to children having serious learning disabilities</p>	<p>According to the <i>Charter of the French Language</i> and the applicable regulations, instruction in the kindergarten classes and in the elementary and secondary schools shall be in French however children having serious learning disabilities may, at the request of one of their parents, receive instruction in English if required to facilitate the learning process. Furthermore, the brothers and sisters of children thus exempted from the application of the <i>Charter</i> may also be exempted.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/xhc</p>	<p>A</p>
<p><i>Régie du bâtiment</i></p>	<p>Construction Code</p>		<p>The mission of the Régie du bâtiment du Québec (RBQ) is to see to it that the standards of the Construction Code are complied with by the designers as well as by any person building, altering or renovating buildings that fall within this code. The buildings falling within the barrier-free design standards are public use facilities, residential buildings and multifamily buildings held in co-ownership having more than two stories and eight dwelling units. The Code also lists all the requirements with regard to the installation of lifts for disabled persons, as well as the standards, which these lifts must meet in order to be authorized on the Quebec market.</p>	<p>https://www.rbg.gouv.qc.ca/en/citizen/disabled-person.html</p>	<p>A</p>

<p><i>Public Buildings Safety Act, R.S.Q., c. S-3, s. 10, subs. 8 and s. 39)</i></p>	<p>Régie du bâtiment du Québec (RBQ)</p>	<p>Building Code-1985 Regulation</p>	<p>Regulation respecting elevators, escalators, dumbwaiters, moving walks, freight platform lifts and elevating devices for disabled persons</p>	<p>Regulation respecting the application of a safety code for elevators and a standard for lifts for persons with physical disabilities</p>	<p>The RBQ also has the mission of ensuring that the Safety Code is observed by building owners when disabled persons occupy such buildings. According to the regulations, an elevator, escalator, dumbwaiter, moving walk, freight platform lift or lift for persons with physical disabilities installed in a public building shall comply with the regulations and the Standard CAN/CSA-B355-94, Lifts for Persons with Physical Disabilities, Public Safety, A National Standard of Canada, published in January 1994 by the Canadian Standards Association. Furthermore, an inspector may prohibit the operation of an elevator, escalator, dumbwaiter, moving walk, freight platform lift or lift for persons with physical disabilities, and may affix a seal thereto, if he finds that an offence against this regulation is of a nature to directly endanger a person's life or health.</p>	<p>A</p>

<p><i>An Act respecting access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information, RSQ, c A-2.1</i></p> <p>Commission d'accès à l'information du Québec</p>	<p><u>Police Act, RSQ, c P-13.1</u></p> <p>Sécurité Publique</p>	<p><i>An Act to Combat Poverty and Social Exclusion, RSQ, c L-7</i></p> <p>The National Strategy for Labour Market Integration and Maintenance of Handicapped Persons</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>The Act establishes a national strategy to combat poverty and social exclusion. The National Strategy for Labour Market Integration and Maintenance of Handicapped Persons is designed to achieve employment equality and enhanced labour market participation for people with handicaps. The Strategy proposes a balance between labour market stakeholders' responsibilities in areas such as hiring and workplace adaptation, and areas requiring government contributions or involvement. One of the broad objectives of the Strategy is to mobilize labour market players and involve them in the necessary efforts to ensure that more people with disabilities enter the labour market and remain employed for a longer period of time.</p>	<p><u>http://www.mess.gouv.qc.ca/grands-dossiers/lutte-contre-la-pauvreté/index_en.asp</u></p>	<p>E</p>
	<p>Code of ethics of Québec police officers</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The regulations stipulate that a police officer must act in such a manner as to preserve the confidence and consideration that his duties require, and must not commit acts or use injurious language based on a handicap or a means to compensate for a handicap.</p>	<p><u>http://canlii.ca/t/12k2</u></p>	<p>E</p>
				<p><u>http://canlii.ca/t/xt9</u></p>	<p>A</p>

<p><i>Professional Code</i>, RSQ c C-26</p> <p><i>An Act respecting the Protection of personal information in the private sector</i>, RSQ c P-39.1</p>	<p>Office des Professions</p> <p>Code of ethics of the members of the Ordre des conseillers et conseillères d'orientation et des psychoéducateurs et psychoéducatrices du Québec</p>	<p>Code of ethics of nurses</p>	<p>Code of ethics of Dentists</p>	<p>Commission d'accès à l'information du Québec</p> <p>NA</p> <p>According to the Act, every person carrying on an enterprise who holds a file on another person must, at the request of the person concerned, confirm the existence of the file and communicate to the person any personal information concerning him. If the person concerned is handicapped, reasonable accommodation must be provided on request to enable the person to exercise the right of access provided for in this division.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/xpm</p>	<p>A</p>
				<p>The regulations stipulate that a dentist may not refuse to provide professional services to a patient for reasons related to the nature of the disease or handicap affecting that patient.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/ztb</p>	<p>E</p>
				<p>The regulations state that a nurse may not refuse to provide professional services to a person on the basis of race, colour, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, civil status, age, religion, political convictions, language, ethnic or national extraction, social origin or condition, a handicap or the use of any means to palliate a handicap.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/112b</p>	<p>E</p>
				<p>The regulations state that members may not refuse to provide professional services to a person on the basis of a handicap or the use of any means to palliate a handicap.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/11hz</p>	<p>E</p>

<i>Municipal Powers Act, RSQ, c C-47.1</i>	Affaires municipals, Régions et Occupation du territoire	Code of ethics of pharmacists	Pharmacists may not refuse to provide pharmaceutical services to a patient on the basis of race, colour, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, civil status, age, religion, political convictions, language, ethnic or national origin, social condition or a handicap.	http://canlii.ca/t/7tIV	E
		NA	According to the <i>Act</i> , work done to construct or reconstruct a sidewalk must facilitate access to the sidewalk by handicapped persons.	http://canlii.ca/t/xtm	A

QUEBEC - TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act respecting transportation services by taxi, RSQ, c S-6.01</i>	Transports	Taxi Transportation Regulation	The regulations state that every holder of a taxi driver's permit must undergo training on the transportation of disabled persons, and have in his or her possession a document attesting that the training course has been successfully completed. Also, the holder of a taxi driver's permit must help a passenger get in or out of the automobile or vehicle safely if he or she notes that the client obviously needs assistance because of age, apparent state of health or a handicap. Furthermore, there must be at least one disabled accessible taxi in the taxi fleet of the holder of a taxi transportation service intermediary's permit who provides services to at least 20 contracting parties, whether the taxis in the fleet are owned by the holder or by the holder's contracting parties.	http://canlii.ca/t/10bo	S

<p><i>Highway Safety Code, RSC, c C-24.2</i></p>	<p>Transports</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the Act, a handicapped person or a public institution may be authorized to use parking spaces reserved for the exclusive use of handicapped persons and be given an identification sticker and a certificate of issue to that effect. Furthermore, the person responsible for the maintenance of a public highway may, by means of the proper signs or signals, reserve parking spaces for handicapped persons. Also, except in cases of necessity or where another provision of the Code permits it, no person may stop a road vehicle in front of a sidewalk ramp specially built for handicapped persons.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/11n7</p>	<p>S</p>
			<p>The regulations stipulate the terms and conditions for obtaining, renewing and replacing identification stickers issued to handicapped persons; terms and conditions for obtaining, renewing and replacing identification stickers issued to public institutions; standards of use; and period of validity of identification stickers for parking spaces reserved for handicapped persons.</p>		<p>S</p>
		<p>Regulation respecting road vehicles adapted for the transportation of handicapped persons</p>	<p>According to the regulations, any bus or minibus manufactured after 1 January 1994 and used mainly for the transportation of handicapped persons shall meet the minimum safety standards set out in this regulation, but does not apply to a minibus used for personal purposes by a handicapped person or for such person.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7s7z</p>	<p>A / S</p>
		<p>Regulation respecting safety standards for road vehicles</p>	<p>The regulations stipulate that every bus or mini-bus transporting handicapped persons shall comply with the following standards: the wheelchair locking device shall be adequate, not be damaged and be securely fixed to the vehicle; the platform lift shall be securely fixed to the vehicle, react adequately to the commands of the control mechanism and operate without jerking; and the access ramp shall be adequate and securely fixed to the vehicle.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/10pw</p>	<p>A / S</p>

<p>An Act Respecting Public Transit Authorities, RSQ, c S-30.01</p>	<p>Transports</p>	<p>Paratransit Government Assistance Program</p>	<p>The ministère des Transports du Québec (MTQ) is mandated to ensure, throughout the province of Quebec, the mobility of persons by way of effective and safe transportation systems. It thus contributes to the establishment of services to foster the social, professional and economic integration of persons with a disability. The aim of the program is to provide financial support to public transportation companies as well as to municipal organizations looking to establish a transit service to meet the needs of the disabled.</p>	<p>http://www.mtq.gouv.qc.ca/portal/page/portal/grand_public/en/vehicules_promenade/securite_routiere/transport_adapte</p>	<p>S</p>
<p>Transport Act, RSQ, c T-12</p>	<p>Transports</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the Act, A local municipality whose territory is not served by a public transit authority or other public body providing public transport that offers paratransit services must, by resolution, enter into a contract to make paratransit available within its territory. A local municipality may also make a resolution, a copy of which must be sent to the Minister, to grant a subsidy to a non-profit body that organizes a special transportation service for handicapped persons in the territory of the municipality.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/xqs</p>	<p>A</p>
		<p>Regulation respecting Road vehicles used for the transportation of school children</p>	<p>The regulations state that the driver of a vehicle used for the transportation of school children shall assist any handicapped school child that requires assistance in getting into or out of the vehicle. Also, the driver of a school bus, when transporting a handicapped school child, shall assist the child in getting on and off the bus, where the child requires his assistance; immobilize the child's wheelchair, if he has one, and ensure that the seat belt that must be worn by the child is buckled before continuing his route; assist a child whose wheelchair cannot be immobilized or a child whose handicap does not affect his mobility, so that such school children sit on the seats; and refuse to transport a child whose wheelchair cannot be immobilized and who cannot sit on a seat.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7tj5</p>	<p>S</p>

QUEBEC - EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Individual and Family Assistance Act, RSQ, c A-13.1.1</i>	Emploi et Solidarité	NA	The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to implement measures, programs and services designed to foster the economic and social self-sufficiency of persons and families, and to encourage persons to engage in activities that promote their social integration, their entry on the labour market and their active participation in society. Within the scope of the employment-assistance measures, programs and services, the Minister may offer means to facilitate the participation of handicapped persons in employment-assistance measures, programs and services, in order to foster their entry on the labour market and their job retention, whether in a regular work environment or in an adapted enterprise.	http://canlii.ca/t/xll	S

QUEBEC - HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act respecting the Société d'habitation du Québec, RSQ, c S-</i>	Societe d'habitation du Quebec	Low Rental Housing Program / By-law respecting the allocation of dwellings in low rental housing	The Low-Rental Housing Program is intended for low-rental households selected on the basis of their income and housing conditions. It allows tenants to pay rent equal to 25% of their income. According to the by-law, a 'category A' dwelling may be allocated only to a household consisting of at least one person aged 65 or older; or at least one handicapped person who, due to motor disabilities, is likely to have difficulty entering a dwelling or moving around in it. Dwellings in low rental housing are also classified in subcategories, including low rental housing constructed or arranged with a view to their occupation by a handicapped person who, due to the person's motor disabilities, is likely to have difficulty entering a dwelling or moving around in it.	http://www.habitation.gouv.qc.ca/english/programme/acceslogis-quebec-1.html	S
		AccèsLogis Québec Program	The AccèsLogis Québec Program encourages pooling of public, community and private resources to produce social and community housing for low- and moderate-income households and for people with special housing needs. It allows housing bureaus, housing cooperatives, non-profit organizations and non-profit purchasing groups to create and offer quality, affordable rental housing. The Program is divided into 3 Components: Component 1 being for projects to create permanent dwellings for low- and moderate-income households, including independent disabled people.	http://www.habitation.gouv.qc.ca/english/programme/acceslogis-quebec-1.html	S

		Residential Adaptation Assistance Program	<p>The Residential Adaptation Assistance Program is designed to help people with disabilities to perform their everyday activities and remain in their homes for longer. It offers financial assistance to homeowners, covering admissible work carried out to meet the needs of a disabled person. Financial assistance may be as much as \$16,000 per eligible person. Work is admissible if its purpose is to alter or adapt a disabled person's dwelling so that he or she is able to enter, leave and have independent access to the rooms and everyday utilities; and it offers a simple and economic solution. Examples include installation of an outside access ramp; remodeling of a bathroom; and widening of doorframes.</p>	<p>http://www.habitation.gouv.qc.ca/english/programme/programme/residential_adaptation_assistance_program.html</p>	S
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QUEBEC - EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Education Act, RSQ c I-13.3</i>	Éducation, loisir et sport	NA	According to the <i>Act</i> , a student, by reason of a physical or mental handicap, which prevents him from attending school, may be exempt from compulsory school attendance. Furthermore, in the case of a handicapped student or a student with a learning disability, the principal, with the assistance of the student's parents, of the staff providing services to the student, and of the student himself, unless the student is unable to do so, shall establish an individualized education plan adapted to the needs of the student. Also, every school board shall establish an advisory committee on services for handicapped students and students with learning disabilities, as well as appoint a person responsible for educational services for handicapped students or students with learning disabilities. Every school board shall adopt, after consultation with the advisory committee, a policy concerning the organization of educational services for such students to ensure the harmonious integration of each such student into a regular class or group and into school activities if it has been established on the basis of the evaluation of the student's abilities and needs that such integration would facilitate the student's learning and social integration and would not impose an excessive constraint or significantly undermine the rights of the other students.	http://canlii.ca/t/xfi	S
			According to the regulations, a school board may exempt students with moderate to severe intellectual handicaps, and students with profound intellectual handicaps, from the application of the prescribed subject-time allocations set out in the regulation. Also, a school board may exempt handicapped students or students with learning disabilities from the application of the provisions relating to results in this basic school regulation.		

<i>An Act Respecting Financial Assistance for Education Expenses, RSQ, c A-13.3</i>	<i>An Act respecting Private education, RSQ, c E-9.1</i>	Éducation, loisir et sport	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that no person may operate a private educational institution to which this Act applies unless he is the holder of a permit, issued by the Minister, for the institution and the educational services or categories of educational services that are dispensed. Furthermore, unless otherwise mentioned in the permit, its holder is not authorized to operate an institution limiting admission to all or some of the educational services or categories of educational services mentioned in the permit to handicapped persons, or to students with learning disabilities. Also, according to the <i>Act</i> the Minister may provide for the granting of subsidies to an institution offering special programs for dispensing educational services to handicapped students or students with social learning disabilities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/xwv	S
	Aide financière aux études	Loans and Bursaries Program		<p>The purpose of the program is to enable individuals with insufficient financial resources to pursue their studies in occupational training, college or university programs by providing financial assistance. Students with a severe visual impairment, a severe hearing impairment, a motor impairment or an organic impairment that is recognized by Aide financière aux études could be eligible for the program, even if they are enrolled on a part-time basis; the awarding of the total amount of financial assistance in the form of a bursary; financial assistance during the summer study period even if they are not pursuing studies at that time; and the awarding of an allowance in certain situations to cover the cost of specialized services or equipment, or paratransit (Allowance for Special Needs Program).</p>	http://www.afe.gouv.qc.ca/en/pretsBourses/deficienceFonctionnelleMajeure.asp	S

QUEBEC - PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act to Secure Handicapped Persons in the Exercise of their Rights with a View to Achieving Social, School and Workplace Integration, RSQ, c E-20.1</i>	Santé et services sociaux	NA	<p>The object of this Act is to secure handicapped persons in the exercise of their rights and, through the involvement of government departments and their networks, municipalities and public and private agencies, to help them integrate into society to the same extent as other citizens by providing for various measures to apply specifically to handicapped persons and their families, their living environments and the development and organization of resources and services for them. To that end, this Act aims to enable the Office to efficiently carry out its role in assessing the integration of handicapped persons; to ensure compliance with the principles and rules of this Act and to play a decisive role in providing advice; and coordination and consultation with a view to improving opportunities for handicapped persons.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/xwt	E
Election Act, RSQ, c E-3.3	Quebec	Voting Regulation	<p>According to the Act and associated regulations, the returning officer shall establish a main office, and branch offices as needed, and those offices must be accessible to handicapped persons. Furthermore, all advance polling stations, and the polling stations of an electoral precinct, shall be accessible to handicapped persons. Where the returning officer is unable to establish a polling station in a place accessible to handicapped persons, he must obtain the authorization of the Chief Electoral Officer before establishing the polling station in a place that is not accessible to the handicapped. Also, at the request of any visually handicapped person, the deputy returning officer shall provide that person with a template, in accordance with the model prescribed by regulation, to enable him to vote without assistance. Lastly, the Act states that a deaf, or mute, elector may be assisted, for the purposes of communicating with the election officers and representatives, by a person capable of interpreting the sign language of the deaf.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/xvh	A

<i>An Act Respecting Elections and Referendums in Municipalities</i> , RSQ, c E-2.2	Affaires municipales, Régions et Occupation du territoire	NA	<p>According to the Act, the place where each board of revisers will sit must, every advance polling station, and places where the register will be open for registration to qualified voters, must be accessible to handicapped persons. Furthermore, the deputy returning officer shall provide a visually handicapped person who so requests a template to enable him to vote without assistance.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/xnm	A
<i>An Act respecting School elections</i> , RSQ, c E-2.3	Elections Québec	NA	<p>The place where each board of revisers will sit must, except in exceptional circumstances, be accessible to handicapped persons. Also, advance polling stations must be accessible to handicapped persons, and the polling stations of a sector must be situated in one place of convenient access, and, except in exceptional circumstances, must be accessible to handicapped persons. Lastly, the deputy returning officer shall provide a visually handicapped person who so requests with a template to enable him to vote without assistance, and upon request, assist the elector in walking to and back from the polling booth, in folding the marked ballot paper, in detaching the stub and in placing the ballot paper in the ballot box.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/x9n	A

QUEBEC - INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act Respecting the Québec Pension Plan, RSQ, c R-9</i>	Régie des Rentes	NA	<p>The Québec Pension Plan is a compulsory public insurance plan whose purpose is to provide persons who work in Québec and their families with basic financial protection in the event of retirement, death or disability. Persons under the age of 65 who have made sufficient contributions to the Québec Pension Plan could be entitled to disability benefits, including the disability pension, which is paid to a person the Régie has deemed to be disabled; the pension for a disabled person's child, which is paid for minor (under 18) biological or adopted children of the disabled person or for children who have lived with the person for at least one year; and the additional amount for disability, which is paid to retirement pension beneficiaries who can no longer cancel that pension in order to receive a disability pension.</p>	http://www.rrq.gouv.qc.ca/en/programmes/regime_rentes/Pages/regime_rentes.aspx	S
<i>An Act Respecting Industrial Accidents and Occupational Diseases, RSQ, c A-3.001</i>	Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail	NA	<p>The object of this Act is to provide compensation for employment injuries and the consequences they entail for beneficiaries. A worker who sustains permanent physical or mental impairment as a result of a work-related accident or an occupational disease is entitled to compensation for bodily injury paid by the Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail. The compensation is determined on the basis of the resulting sequelae, disfigurement, suffering and loss of enjoyment of life.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/xvc	S

		Regulation respecting social stabilization and economic stabilization programs	According to the regulations, a worker is entitled to benefit from financial assistance in respect of social stabilization if, as a result of an accident, an occupation disease or an aggravation, he is unable to carry on his usual employment and has difficulty adapting to other appropriate and remunerated employment. Furthermore, a worker is entitled to benefit from financial assistance in respect of economic stabilization if he is unable, as a result of an accident, an occupation disease or an aggravation, to carry on his usual employment; carries on other full-time or part-time employment; derives from the other employment an income that is less than the income that he derived from the employment that he became unable to carry on as a result of an accident or an occupational disease or, in the case of an aggravation, that is less than the income used as the basis for computing his indemnity for permanent disability; and does not receive an indemnity for temporary total disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/z8r	S
		Regulation respecting medical aid	According to the regulations, the Commission shall assume the cost of leasing, purchasing and renewing a technical aid provided for in the regulations, where the technical aid is used in treating an employment injury or is necessary to compensate for temporary functional disabilities resulting from such injury.	http://canlii.ca/t/11gq	S

<p><i>Workers' Compensation Act, RSQ, c A-3</i></p>	<p>Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail</p>	<p>Regulation respecting financial assistance</p>	<p>The regulations state that an accident victim who suffers from a disability resulting from an accident, an occupational disease or an aggravation may be reimbursed for the expenses incurred for his rehabilitation. The expenses shall include the cost of training or re-education in an institution or on the job; the purchase or adaptation of equipment or supplies; the cost of occupational mobility for a period of search for and adjustment into employment, or for resettlement; adaptation of the work station; adaptation of a motor vehicle; fees and expenses for professionals whose services are hired; any other expense necessary, for the rehabilitation of an accident victim, taking into consideration the circumstances of each case. Also, where an accident victim is obliged to stay in an institution due to a permanent disability, he may request to be granted financial assistance to adapt his principal residence to his needs, if such an assistance would permit him to leave the institution.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7tv1</p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>Supplemental Pension Plans Act, RSQ, c R-15.1</i></p>	<p>Régie des rentes</p>	<p>General Regulation respecting supplemental pension plans</p>	<p>The Act stipulates that the value of the pension granted under the pension plan to a member who has become disabled and who, for that reason, had to terminate his employment with an employer who is a party to the plan or cease to be an active member, shall be equal to or greater than the value of the benefits to which the member would have been entitled had he not become disabled, discounted on the date payment of the pension begins. Furthermore, according to the Act and associated regulations, a pension plan may permit a member or the spouse of a member who has become entitled to a pension to elect, before payment of the pension begins, to replace all or part of the pension by a single payment or a series of payments in the event of a physical or mental disability of such a nature as to considerably shorten his life expectancy.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/116c</p>	<p>S</p>

QUEBEC - RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act respecting Bibliothèque et Archives Nationales du Québec, RSQ c B-1.2</i>	<i>An Act Respecting the Conservation and Development of Wildlife, RSQ, c C-61.</i>	Parks Act, RSQ, c P-9 Développement durable, Environnement, Faune et Parcs The regulations state that persons who accompany handicapped persons, for whom it would be impossible, because of their handicap, to enter a park, to travel or to engage in an activity in a park without being so accompanied, shall be exempted from paying the fees provided for in the regulations.	http://canlii.ca/t/135c	S
Bibliothèque et Archives Nationales du Québec	Développement durable, Environnement, Faune et Parcs	NA According to the Act, the Minister may authorize a handicapped person who has a physical deficiency that prevents the person from hunting in accordance with the Act to have in his possession an armed crossbow or certain firearms, while in an aircraft or vehicle, and to discharge the firearm, bow or crossbow from the aircraft or vehicle.	http://canlii.ca/t/xtn	S
		Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec (BAnQ) offers, free of charge, a range of services adapted to the needs of disabled persons. The services are provided by competent staff who are especially trained to meet the needs of the disabled, including welcome, orientation and accompaniment at the Grande Bibliothèque; locating and handling documents as required; reference and research assistance; assistance in using adapted equipment; and guided tours and adapted activities. Like all patrons of BAnQ, disabled persons have free access to all collections, including large print books and films that are subtitled for the hearing impaired.	http://www.banq.qc.ca/services/services_specialises/services_adaptes/index.html	A

<i>An Act respecting lotteries, publicity contests and amusement machines, RSQ, c L-6</i>	Sécurité publique	Bingo Rules	<p>The regulations stipulate that a handicapped person having a visual impairment may play bingo with his or her own cards designed specifically for that person's use, on payment to the holder of the bingo licence or bingo hall manager's licence, of an amount equal to the price determined under the regulations for each card used.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7tzm	S
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QUEBEC - TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act respecting the Québec sales tax, RSQ, c T-0.1</i>	Revenu Québec	NA	<p>According to the Act, certain devices and articles are taxable at the rate of 0% at all times, unconditionally, including articles include artificial limbs, orthodontic appliances and hearing aids, and portable wheelchair ramps. Also, certain devices and articles are taxable at the rate of 0% if they are supplied on the written order of a doctor for use by the individual named in the order and include sound/light conversion devices, for use by persons with a hearing impairment; orthopedic footwear, that is, footwear specially designed for an individual with a crippled or deformed foot or other similar disability; and clothing specially designed for persons with a disability. Also, no GST or QST is collected on the majority of healthcare services provided in Québec, including training services specially developed to assist persons with a disability or a disorder – for example, autism – under certain conditions. Furthermore, other exemptions include certain services provided by charities and public sector bodies that directly relate to individuals who have a disability.</p>	http://www.revenuquebec.ca/en/citoyen/taxes/tpstvq/sante/default.aspx / http://canlii.ca/t/xcg9	S

<p><i>Retail Sales Tax Act, RSQ, c I-1</i></p>	<p>Revenu Québec</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the <i>Act</i>, the taxation of sales of movable property does not apply many items designed specifically for the use by a physically disabled person including a selector control device; an invalid chair, commode chair, walker, wheelchair lift; a wheelchair ramp; an auxiliary driving control; a toilet-, bath- or shower-seat; a cane or crutch; clothing when the sale is made to a consumer on the written order of a physician; any article that is specially designed for the use of blind persons, when the article is purchased or sold by, or sold on the order or certificate of, a physician, the Canadian National Institute for the Blind or any other <i>bona fide</i> association or institution for the blind for use by a blind person; or a dog that is or is to be trained as a guide dog for the use of a blind person, purchased or sold by an organization that is operated for the purpose of supplying guide dogs to blind persons.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/xt3</p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>Taxation Act, RSQ, c I-3</i></p>	<p>Revenu Québec</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p><u>Persons with disabilities may be eligible for a number of tax credits including the Adapted Work Premium; Amount for a Severe and Prolonged Impairment in Mental or Physical Functions; Disability Supports Deduction; Exemption from Paying the Québec Prescription Drug Insurance Plan Premium; Expenses for Medical Services Not Available in Your Area; Medical Expenses; Refundable Tax Credit for Medical Expenses; RRSP Withdrawals for the Benefit of a Person with a Functional Impairment; and the Tax Credit of Childcare Expenses.</u></p>	<p>http://www.revenuquebec.ca/en/citoyen/situation/handicape/</p>	<p>S</p>

QUEBEC - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>An Act to Establish a Caregiver Support Fund, RSQ, c F-3.2.1.1</i>	Famille	NA	<p>The purpose of the Caregiver Support Fund is to contribute to the achievement of the mission of the Minister responsible for Seniors by supporting caregivers who provide unpaid in-home care and regular assistance to seniors with a significant or persistent disability that may compromise their ability to continue living at home. The fund is dedicated to the financing of activities, projects and initiatives to help provide, increase and diversify respite services for caregivers; provide assistance and individual, community or social support services for caregivers; give effective and continuous support to local communities that work with caregivers; provide caregiver training and education services; and support innovation and the acquisition and transfer of knowledge in the area of caregiver support.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8mgn	S

ONTARIO

ONTARIO – GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Ontarians with Disabilities Act, 2001</i>	Community and Social Services	NA	<p>The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to benefit all Ontarians by developing, implementing and enforcing accessibility standards in order to achieve accessibility for Ontarians with disabilities with respect to goods, services, facilities, accommodation, employment, buildings, structures and premises on or before January 1, 2025; and providing for the involvement of persons with disabilities, of the Government of Ontario and of representatives of industries and of various sectors of the economy in the development of the accessibility standards.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/336	A
		Integrated Accessibility Standards	<p>This Regulation establishes accessibility standards for customer service and it applies to every designated public sector organization and to every other person or organization that provides goods or services to members of the public or other third parties and that has at least one employee in Ontario.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/sb9	A
	Community and Social Services	NA	<p>This Regulation establishes the accessibility standards for each of information and communications, employment, transportation and the design of public spaces and to the Government of Ontario, the Legislative Assembly, every designated public sector organization and to every other person or organization that provides goods, services or facilities to the public or other third parties and that has at least one employee in Ontario.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8px	A
				http://canlii.ca/t/317	A

			are removed.				
<i>Police Services Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Poverty Reduction Act, 2009</i>	<i>Human Rights Code, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Services and Supports to Promote the Social Inclusion of Persons with Developmental Disabilities Act, 2008</i>				
Community Safety and Correctional Services	Children and Youth Services	Attorney General	Community and Social Services	NA	<p>Adults who have a developmental disability want more choice and control over their lives. They can live independently with the right supports. The new Act will give adults with a developmental disability and more independence and choice, as well as more ways to get services and supports including residential, activities of daily living, community participation, caregiver respite, professional and specialized services and person-directed planning services and supports.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/7v5q	S
General Regulations	Ontario's Poverty Reduction Strategy		NA	<p>The Act specifies that every person have a right to equal treatment and equal opportunity with respect to services, goods and facilities, housing accommodation, contracts, employment, and vocational associations without discrimination because of disability.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/2fd	E	
				<p>The comprehensive long-term strategy, published on December 4, 2008, purports to achieve a 25 per cent reduction in the number of Ontario children living in poverty within five years. The purpose of the Act is to establish mechanisms to support a sustained long-term reduction of poverty in Ontario and recognizes the heightened risk among groups including people with disabilities. The act specifies that individuals and groups to be consulted by the Minister must include representatives of people with disabilities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8dzh	S	
				<p>The regulations specify that any chief of police or other police officer commits misconduct if he or she engages in discreditable conduct including failing to treat or protect persons equally without discrimination with respect to police services because of disability, or uses profane language that relates to a person's disability. Also, the specifies that before the chief of police may make a complaint against a police officer of unsatisfactory work</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/2m7	E	

			performance the chief of police shall accommodate the police officer's needs in accordance with the <i>Human Rights Code</i> if the police officer has a disability.		
		Adequacy and Effectiveness of Police Services	The regulations specify that every chief of policy shall establish procedures and processes in respect of police response to persons who are emotionally disturbed or have mental illness or a developmental disability	http://canlii.ca/t/rxg	E
Day Nurseries Act, RSO 1990	Children and Youth Services	General Regulations	Various regulations including building accommodations, programs, resources, staff qualifications, staff training and development with respect to day nurseries that provide services for handicapped children are specified. Also, persons eligible for income support under the <i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act</i> , or persons who are eligible for assistance on the basis of their adjusted income, are eligible for assistance with the cost of child-care. If a parent of a child has a disability, or the child is a handicapped child, the adjusted income of the parent shall be reduced by the amount of any expenses related to the disability for which the parent.	http://canlii.ca/t/t95	S
Pay Equity Act, 1990	Labour	NA	The Act specifies that a position shall not be assigned to a job class different than that of other positions in the same establishment that have similar duties and responsibilities, require similar qualifications, are filled by similar recruiting procedures and have the same compensation schedule, salary grade or range of salary rates only because the needs of the occupant of the position have been accommodated for the purpose of complying with the Human Rights Code. Furthermore, the fact that an employee's needs have been accommodated for the purpose of complying with the Human Rights Code shall not be considered in determining the value of the work performed.	http://canlii.ca/t/2nq	E

<i>Execution Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Limitations Act, 2002</i>	<i>Legal Aid Services Act, 1998</i>	<i>Ministry of Correctional Services Act, RSO 1990</i>
Attorney General	Attorney General	Attorney General	Correctional Services
NA	Administration of System for Providing Legal Aid Services	NA	General Regulations

The *Act* specifies that when an inmate claims to be unable to work by reason of illness or disability, a health care professional shall examine the inmate and if, in his or her opinion, the inmate is unfit to work or the work should be changed, the health care professional shall immediately report the fact in writing to the Superintendent whereupon the inmate shall be relieved of work duties or have his or her work changed or be admitted to hospital or elsewhere for medical treatment as directed.

The purpose of the *Act* is to promote access to justice throughout Ontario for low-income individuals by means of providing consistently high quality legal aid services in a cost-effective and efficient manner, encouraging and facilitating flexibility and innovation in the provision of legal aid services, and identifying, assessing and recognizing the diverse legal needs of low-income individuals and of disadvantaged communities in Ontario. The regulations stipulate that a friend or relative, on his or her behalf, may make an application for legal aid services for a person who is unable by reason of physical disability to make the application in person.

The *Act* specifies that there is no limitation period in respect of claims relating to the administration of social, health or economic programs or the provision of direct or indirect support to members of the public in connection with social, health or economic policy that is brought by a delivery agent under the *Ontario Disability Support Program Act*.

The *Act* stipulates that aids and devices owned by a debtor that is required by the debtor or the debtor's dependents to assist with a disability or a medical or dental condition is exempt from forced seizure or sale by any process at law or in equity.

<i>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Consumer Protection Act, 2002</i>	<i>Building Code Act, 1992</i>	Municipal Affairs and Housing	Building Code Regulations	The <i>Act</i> and associated regulations establish standards for the construction, renovation and change of use of buildings and structures, including standards related to the accessibility of buildings and structures for persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/s2k	A
Government Services	Consumer and Business Services	NA	NA		The <i>Act</i> specifies that It is an unfair practice to make an unconscionable representation when the person making the representation, or the person's employer or principal, knows or ought to know that the consumer is not reasonably able to protect his or her interests because of disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/31w	E
		NA			The purposes of this <i>Act</i> are to provide a right of access to information under the control of institutions and to protect the privacy of individuals with respect to personal information about themselves held by institutions and to provide individuals with a right of access to that information. Respecting the procedures for access to personal information, the <i>Act</i> states that the head of an institution is required to assist persons with disabilities in making requests for access.	http://canlii.ca/t/2d9	A

ONTARIO – TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Highway Traffic Act, RSO 1990</i>	Transportation	Accessible Parking for Persons with Disabilities	The regulations stipulate the eligibility criteria and terms of use for accessible parking permits. In addition, the regulations provide the specifications for accessible parking permit signs and state that a parking space designated by a sign on land owned and occupied by the Crown may be used only by vehicles displaying a valid accessible parking permit.	http://canlii.ca/t/tj9	A
		Accessible Vehicles	The regulations stipulate that all accessible vehicles manufactured on or after January 1, 1986 and associated equipment must comply with the standards set out in the Canadian Standards Association Standard D409-M84, including standards for interior lights, grab bars, handrails, slip resistant floors and an interior that is free of any sharp projections that may constitute a hazard to passengers.	http://canlii.ca/t/tkv	A
		Pilot Project – Segways	The regulations establish a pilot project to evaluate the use and operation of Segways under which a person who is 14 years old or older may operate a Segway if his or her mobility is limited by one or more disabilities, conditions or functional impairments.	http://canlii.ca/t/sgv	A
		Safety Inspections	The regulations stipulate the inspection requirements for accessible vehicles and school purposes vehicle used for the transporting persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/tk8	A
<i>Metrolinx Act, 2006</i>	Transportation	NA	The Act states that a by-law establishing an advisory committee shall provide for the committee's composition and may require that the committee include persons who use or are otherwise affected by transportation in the regional transportation area, including persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/33n	E

ONTARIO - EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Ontario Works Act, 1997</i>	<i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act, 1997</i>	<i>Community and Social Services</i>	<i>Employment Support</i>	http://canlii.ca/t/9j	A
			<p>As an incentive to encourage employers to hire persons with disabilities, the <i>Corporations Tax Act</i> allows employers an additional deduction for the costs of modifying buildings, structures and premises, acquiring certain equipment and providing special training in order to accommodate persons with disabilities in the workplace. The <i>Income Tax Act</i> provides a similar credit to unincorporated employers.</p> <p>The Ontario Disability Support Program Employment Supports help people who have a disability and can and want to work get ready for work and find a job, or start their own business. Employment supports such as job coaching, on-the-job training, software and mobility devices, and transportation assistance may be provided in order to remove barriers to the person's competitive employment and assist the person in attaining his or her competitive employment goal.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/rnz	S
		<i>Ontario Works Program</i>	<p>The intent of the Ontario Works program is to help people in temporary financial need find sustainable employment and achieve self-reliance through the provision of effective, integrated employment services and financial assistance. Employment assistance, benefits and temporary assistance may be provided for a person eligible to receive income under the <i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act</i>.</p>	http://www.mcss.gov.on.ca/en/mcss/programs/social/ow/index.aspx	S

ONTARIO – HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Planning Act</i> RSO 1990	<i>Housing Services Act</i> , 2011	Municipal Affairs and Housing	<p>The purpose of this <i>Act</i> is to provide for community based planning and delivery of housing and homelessness services with general provincial oversight and policy direction, and flexibility for service managers and housing providers. The <i>Act</i> specifies that for certain housing projects, there shall be a target for the number of units that have been modified so as to be accessible to an individual with a physical disability or so as to allow an individual with a physical disability to live independently.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8pb4	A
	Municipal Affairs and Housing	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> purports to promote sustainable economic development in a healthy natural environment and to provide for a land use planning system led by provincial policy. In carrying out their responsibilities under the <i>Act</i>, the Minister, the council of a municipality, a local board, a planning board and the Municipal Board shall have regard matters of provincial interest such as the accessibility for persons with disabilities to all facilities, services and matters to which this <i>Act</i> applies.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/2m5	A

ONTARIO - EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities Act, RSO 1990</i>	Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities	Ontario Student Loans made after July 31, 2001	<p>The regulations specify that in determining an individual's eligibility to receive a certificate of loan approval, the minimum required course load in an approved program of study at an approved institution is at least 40 per cent of what the institution considers to be a full course load for the period of study in question, in the case of an individual who is a person with a disability.</p> <p>Also, in assessing an individual's financial resources for the purposes of determining the amount of money that the Minister expects the individual to contribute toward the individual's education costs for the period, the Minister shall not include any income the individual receives under a plan that is a registered disability savings plan.</p> <p>Furthermore, the Minister may, in order to accommodate an individual who is a person with a disability, issue a certificate of loan approval to an individual irrespective of the number of previous periods of studying.</p> <p>Also, the regulations state that a person who has a severe permanent disability may be entitled to have the outstanding amount on his or her student loans forgiven upon meeting certain requirements.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/rsp	S
		Study Grant Plan	The regulations specify that the Minister of Training, Colleges and Education may increase the amount of a grant to an applicant who requires additional assistance because of physical or mental disability	http://canlii.ca/t/tps	

<p><i>Education Act, RSO 1990</i></p>	<p>Education</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>The Act states that it is every Board's responsibility to promote student achievement and well being by promoting a positive school climate that is inclusive and accepting of all pupils, including pupils of any disability as well as promote the prevention of bullying.</p> <p>Also, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the Minister may establish, maintain and operate one or more demonstration schools; or enter into an agreement with a university to provide for the establishment, maintenance and operation of a demonstration school with special education programs and special education services for exceptional pupils with learning disabilities or with hearing or visual impairments.</p> <p>Furthermore, a board may provide transportation for a pupil to and from a demonstration school or supported group living residence or an intensive support residence under the <i>Services and Supports to Promote the Social Inclusion of Persons with Developmental Disabilities Act</i>.</p> <p>Lastly, the Act states that every board shall support pupils who want to establish and lead activities and organizations that promote a safe and inclusive learning environment, the acceptance of and respect for others and the creation of a positive school climate, including, activities or organizations that promote the awareness and understanding of, and respect for, people with disabilities.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/2c0</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>Ontario College of Trades and Apprenticeship Act, 2009</i></p>	<p>Training, Colleges and Universities</p>	<p>Scope of Practice – Trades in the Service Sector</p> <p>The regulations define the scope of practice for the trade of developmental services worker as supporting people who have a developmental disability to enhance their capacity to function in all aspects of community living and supporting the full inclusion of Ontarians with disabilities in all aspects of society by promoting adaptive skills, maintaining a safe environment and modeling and promoting a healthy lifestyle, managing medication and applying crisis intervention strategies, participating in the development and implementation of person-directed plans, supporting individuals in developing and maintaining relationships and facilitating family and community relationships and maintaining professionalism.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8pgv</p>	<p>S</p>

ONTARIO – PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective		
<i>Legislative Assembly Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Justice of the Peace Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Administration of Justice Act, RSO 1990</i>	Attorney General	Fee Waiver	The Act and associated regulations provide a mechanism for fee waivers, so that individuals who might otherwise be denied access to justice because of their financial circumstances can be excused from paying fees if the primary source of the person's gross monthly household income is income assistance under the <i>Ontario Works Act, 1997</i> and/or income support under the <i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act, 1997</i> .	http://canlii.ca/t/9j	S
	Attorney General		NA		The Act specifies that the Review Council, in providing information about itself and about its role in the justice system, including information about how members of the public may obtain assistance in making complaint, shall emphasize the elimination of cultural and linguistic barriers and the accommodation of the needs of persons with disabilities. Furthermore, to enable persons with disabilities to participate effectively in the complaints process, the Review Council shall ensure that their needs are accommodated, at the Council's expense, unless it would impose undue hardship on the Council to do so.	http://canlii.ca/t/2gc	A
			NA		The Act specifies that each year, the Speaker shall prepare an accessibility plan to address the identification, removal and prevention of barriers to persons with disabilities in the Legislative Chamber and the other parts of the Legislative Building that are under the Speaker's control and in the policies, programs, practices and services of the Assembly.	http://canlii.ca/t/2gf	S

<i>Election Act, RSO 1990</i>	Attorney General	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> stipulates that the returning officer shall ensure that each polling place is accessible to electors with disabilities. Also, a polling place shall be provided in, or upon the premises of, an institution for the reception, treatment or vocational training of persons who are disabled. Also, at a general election, accessible voting equipment and related vote counting equipment shall be made available in every electoral district. Furthermore, the <i>Act</i> states that on the application of any elector who is unable to read or who is disabled and thereby prevented from voting in accordance with the other provisions of this <i>Act</i>, the deputy returning officer may assist the elector to the voting screen or if the elector making the application takes an oath as to his or her inability to vote without assistance, shall thereafter assist the elector at the voting screen by marking his or her ballot in the manner directed by the elector in the presence of the poll clerk and of no other person, and place the ballot in the ballot box.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/2cd</p>	A
<i>Municipal Elections Act, 1996</i>	Municipal Affairs and Housing	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that in establishing the locations of voting places, the clerk shall ensure that each voting place is accessible to electors with disabilities. A clerk who is responsible for conducting an election shall have regard to the needs of electors and candidates with disabilities. Furthermore, within 90 days after voting day in a regular election, the clerk shall submit a report to council about the identification, removal and prevention of barriers that affect electors and candidates with disabilities. Also, to allow an elector with a disability to vote, a deputy returning officer shall attend on the elector anywhere within the area designated as the voting place. Lastly, the <i>Act</i> states that on voting day, a voting place shall be provided on the premises of an institution in which, on nomination day, twenty or more beds are occupied by persons who are disabled.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/2wn</p>	A

<i>Courts of Justice Act, RSO 1990</i>	Attorney General	NA	The Act specifies that the Judicial Council shall administer a part of its budget for support services separately for the purpose of accommodating the needs of any members who have disabilities. Also, in providing information, the Judicial Council shall emphasize the elimination of cultural and linguistic barriers and the accommodation of the needs of persons with disabilities. Lastly, to enable persons with disabilities to participate effectively in the complaints process, the Judicial Council shall ensure that their needs are accommodated, at the Council's expense, unless it would impose undue hardship on the Council to do so, considering the cost, outside sources of funding, if any, and health and safety requirements, if any.	http://canlii.ca/t/9m	S
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ONTARIO – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act, 1997</i>	Community and Social Services	Income Support	The Ontario Disability Support Program Income Support provides financial help for people with disabilities who are in need. It can help pay for living expenses, like food and housing. Eligible persons under the act may also qualify for benefits such as drug and dental coverage, and help with transportation costs to medical appointments.	http://www.mcss.gov.on.ca/en/mcss/programs/social/odsp/index.aspx	S
		Assistance for Children with Disabilities	The Act and Regulations state that the Director of the Ontario Disability Support Program may provide financial assistance to a person who meets the prescribed criteria to assist the person with extraordinary costs related to a child who has a severe disability.		

<i>Pension Benefits Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Ministry of Correctional Services Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Ministry of Community and Social Services Act, RSO 1990</i>
Finance	Correctional Services	Community and Social Services
Pension Benefit Act Regulations	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> and Regulations specify that the Minister of Community and Social Services may from time to time, out of money appropriated by the Legislature, make a grant to or on behalf of a person who has a disability and who is at least sixteen years old, to assist the person in obtaining goods and services that the person requires as a result of the disability.</p>
		<p>The <i>Act</i> stipulates that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may pay a compassionate allowance as compensation to an inmate for permanent disability arising from an injury suffered while engaged in an authorized activity at a correctional institution or to any other person for injury or damage inflicted upon that person by an inmate while under the custody and supervision of the Ministry.</p>

ONTARIO – RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act, 1997</i>	Natural Resources	Fish Licensing	The regulations state an accessible parking permit issued under the <i>Highway Traffic Act</i> or any licence, permit, certificate or identification card issued by the Government of Canada or a provincial or territorial government of Canada to a person who is a resident or Canadian resident that indicates the person's name and date of birth, if the person requires the direct assistance of another person to fish and to follow applicable laws in respect of fishing because of a condition of mental impairment or a developmental disability, a learning disability or dysfunction or a mental disorder shall be deemed to be sport fishing licences.	http://canlii.ca/t/ssl	A
		Hunting	The Act and associated regulations state a person whose mobility is impaired because the person is a paraplegic or hemiplegic; has a single above-the-knee lower limb amputation or a double below-the-waist amputation; or suffers from a severe disability that prevents the person from hunting except with a wheelchair or similar means of locomotion may have a loaded firearm in or on a vehicle or a motorboat, or discharge it from a vehicle or a motorboat that is not in motion, in designated areas provided the person does so in accordance with the regulations.		
<i>Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Act, 2001</i>	Municipal Affairs and Housing	Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan	The Oak Ridges Moraine is an environmentally sensitive, geological landform in south central Ontario, covering 190,000 hectares. One of the objectives of the Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan is to provide for a continuous recreational trail through the Oak Ridges Moraine Area that is accessible to all including persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/2xb	A

ONTARIO – TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective	
<i>The Assessment Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Provincial Land Tax Act, 2006, SO 2006</i>	<i>Education Act, RSO 1990</i>	<i>Municipal Act, 2001</i>			
Finance	Finance	Program for Low-Income Seniors and Low-Income Persons with Disabilities	<p>Education</p> <p>Tax Relief in Unorganized Territory for 2001 and Subsequent Years</p> <p>NA</p>	<p>That Act specifies that for the purposes of relieving financial hardship, a municipality, other than a lower-tier municipality, may pass a by-law providing for deferrals or cancellation of, or other relief in respect of, all or part of a tax increase for 1998 and subsequent years on property in the residential property class for persons assessed as owners who are, or whose spouses are, low-income persons with disabilities as defined in the by-law.</p> <p>The regulations specify that the owner of a specified residential property located in a territory, not deemed to be attached to a municipality for the purposes of taxation, is entitled to a deferral of taxes for a taxation year ending after December 31, 2000 if the owner or the owner's spouse is, at any time during the taxation year a person who receives income support under the <i>Ontario Disability Support Program Act, 1997</i>.</p> <p>Provincial land tax is a property tax on land located in non-municipal areas. The tax helps to support the local share of a number of services in these areas. According to the Act and applicable regulations, low-income seniors and low-income persons with disabilities can get a partial deferral of provincial land tax.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/311</p> <p>http://canlii.ca/t/rxc</p> <p>http://www.fin.gov.on.ca/en/refund/plt/seniors.html</p>	S
Finance	NA		<p>The Act provides for exemptions from property taxation where improvements, alterations or additions to existing homes or designated portions of new homes are made or built to accommodate persons with disabilities who would otherwise require care in an institute.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/7h</p>	S	

<i>Retail Sales Tax Act, RSO 1990</i>	Finance	NA	According to the <i>Act</i> , the purchaser of the equipment designed solely for the use of persons who are chronic invalids or persons with a physical disability and accessories specifically designed for such equipment, and repair parts for such equipment; and animals specifically trained to assist and for the sole benefit of persons who are chronic invalids or who have a physical disability, and harnesses for such animals, are exempt from the tax imposed by the <i>Act</i> .	http://canlii.ca/t/2pk	S
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ONTARIO – HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective	
<i>Community Care Access Corporation Act, 2001</i>	<i>Homemakers and Nurses Services Act, RSO 1990</i>	Community and Social Services	NA	The <i>Act</i> states that a municipality, or the council of a band, may employ homemaker and/or nurses services, or enter into an agreement with any person or organization for the furnishing of services to a person who is handicapped in order that he or she may remain in his or her own home.	http://canlii.ca/t/2f3	S
Health and Long-Term Care	Community Care Access Corporations			The regulations state that it is a charitable object of a community care access corporation to manage the placement of persons into supportive housing programs that are funded by the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care or by a local health integration network under the <i>Local Health System Integration Act, 2006</i> to provide personal support services and homemaking services, available on-site 24 hours a day, to persons with a physical disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/sm1	S

MANITOBA

MANITOBA - GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Community Childcare Standards Act, CCSM c C158</i>	Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act, CCSM c V90	Family Services and Labour	<p>NA</p> <p>The Act promotes and protects the rights of adults living with a mental disability who need assistance to meet their basic needs, and reflects the right of all people to make their own decisions and have help, where necessary, in a manner that respects their independence, privacy and dignity. Under the legislation, Manitoba Family Services and Consumer Affairs may provide support services for vulnerable persons, within available program resources. Examples of support services include residential services, counseling, day services, vocational training and life-skills programs. In general, existing services, service providers and community service workers remain in place for vulnerable persons. Furthermore, the legislation also provides for the protection of vulnerable persons from abuse or neglect.</p>	http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/pwd/vpact.html	S
	Family Services and Labour	Child Care Inclusion Support Program	<p>The Child Care Inclusion Support Program funds child care centres, nursery schools, family and group child care homes to reduce or eliminate barriers to allow a child with additional support needs to fully participate in an early learning and child care program. The goal is to enhance each child's development within the regular daily program and foster positive social attitudes toward all abilities. Children with additional support needs have specific goals developed in an Individual Program Plan. These goals are incorporated into the program allowing children to actively and meaningfully participate. A high quality, inclusive program provides opportunities for all children to learn through play with and from their peers.</p>	http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/childcare/inclusion.html	S

<p><i>The Human Rights Code,</i> CCSM c H175</p>	<p>Manitoba Human Rights Commission</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p><i>The Human Rights Code</i> protects individuals and groups in Manitoba from discrimination. Discrimination under <i>The Code</i> is treating a person or group differently, to their disadvantage and without reasonable cause, on the basis of a protected characteristic including disability. Discrimination is prohibited in activities such as employment, housing, and services available to the public. Publishing a discriminatory sign or statement that indicates or advocates discrimination is also prohibited.</p>	<p>http://www.manitobahumanrights.ca</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>The Victim's Bill of Rights</i>, CCSM c V55</p>	<p>Justice</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The regulations state that the director may pay compensation for loss or damage that occurred to disability aids such as canes, walkers or hearing aids, and to cover the costs of an attendant for an injured victim if, due to a disability, the victim is unable to perform personal care or homemaking activities homemaking. The director may also pay compensation for modifications to the home or vehicle of an injured victim if the modifications are necessary in order to address a disability directly arising from the victim's injury. Lastly, if a victim who dies in an incident was employed or self-employed at the time of the incident; had no spouse or common-law partner at that time; and had a relative who was dependent on his or her income because the relative was disabled, the dependent relative is entitled to compensation.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8gfo</p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>The Limitation of Actions Act</i>, CCSM c L150</p>	<p>Justice</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the Act, any period during which a person entitled to bring an action is under a disability shall not be included in calculating the time within which the action is required to be brought whether that time is limited under this or any other Act of the Legislature; and whether the person was under the disability at the time the cause of action arose or the disability commenced after the cause of action arose.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8gfb</p>	<p>E</p>

<p><i>The Association for Community Living - Manitoba Inc. Incorporation Act, RSM 1990, c 6</i></p>	<p><i>The Fires Prevention and Emergency Response Act, CCSM c F80</i></p> <p>Community Living</p>	<p><i>The Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, CCSM c F175</i></p> <p>Office of the Fire Commissioner</p>	<p><i>The Buildings and Mobile Homes Act, CCSM c B93</i></p> <p>Infrastructure and Transportation</p>	<p><i>Manitoba Building Code</i></p> <p>NA</p>	<p>The regulations specify the areas requiring a barrier-free path of travel including entrances from sidewalk level or a ramp that leads from a sidewalk, and exists. Also, the regulations stipulate that signs incorporating the international symbol of accessibility shall be installed to indicate the location of barrier free facilities, and signs incorporating the symbol of accessibility for persons with hearing disabilities shall be installed to indicate the location of facilities for persons with hearing disabilities. Also, the regulations specify the requirements for barrier free washrooms and counters at which the public is served.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8p6w</p> <p>A</p>
					<p>The <i>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act</i> (FIPPA) provides a right of access to records held by public bodies and regulates how public bodies manage personal information. According to the Act, an applicant may make an oral request for access to a record if the applicant has a disability or condition that impairs his or her ability to make a written request.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8grm</p> <p>A</p>
					<p><i>The Code</i> Outlines the maintenance and means of egress, etc. of residential care facilities that are used to provide services to 10 or fewer unrelated adults who, due to a disability or condition, are precluded from living independently.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8ps6</p> <p>A</p>
	<p><u>Community Living disABILITY Services</u></p>				<p>Community Living disABILITY Services (CLDS) (formerly the Supported Living Program) offers a range of day and residential services aimed at providing adults with a mental disability the opportunity for independence in a community setting to the extent possible for each individual. CLDS supports that are potentially available include residential services, day services and related support services.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8lid</p> <p>S</p>

<p><i>The Accessibility Advisory Council Act, CCSM c A1</i></p>	<p>Family Services and Labour</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p><i>The Accessibility Advisory Council Act creates the Accessibility Advisory Council whose role is to provide recommendations to the Minister responsible for Persons with Disabilities on new legislation that will proactively prevent and remove barriers to accessibility for persons with disabilities in Manitoba. A barrier defined as anything that interacts with a person's impairment in a way that may hinder that person's full and effective participation in society on an equal basis. The Council will also make recommendations on long-term accessibility objectives for the province and other measures, policies, and practices the government can undertake to improve accessibility. Under the Act, the Council must include representatives of organizations for persons with disabilities, as well as representatives from business and other organizations that will strive toward achieving greater accessibility for persons with disabilities.</i></p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8phl</p>	<p>A</p>
<p><i>The Accessibility for Manitobans Act (Not yet in force)</i></p>	<p>(Family Services and Labour)</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The province has introduced legislation that will move Manitoba further toward the goal of a fully accessible province. <i>The Accessibility for Manitobans Act</i> was given its First Reading in the Manitoba Legislature, Wednesday, April 24, 2013. The legislation's purpose is to remove barriers by working with the public and private sectors to make proactive, long-range plans that enhance accessibility for everyone. This bill will lay out a framework for the development and implementation of accessibility standards that will improve the independence and social inclusion of Manitobans where they live, learn, work and play.</p>	<p>http://www.gov.mb.ca/dio/</p>	<p>A</p>

MANITOBA - TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Highway Traffic Act, CCSM c H60</i>	Infrastructure and Transportation	Physically Disabled Persons Parking Regulation	The regulations state that a physically disabled persons parking permit may be issued or renewed to a physically disabled person; to a corporation in respect of the number of vehicles that are owned or leased by the corporation primarily to provide transportation services to physically disabled persons; and to an organization in respect of the number of vehicles that are owned or leased by the organization and used on a non-profit basis to provide transportation to physically disabled persons. Also, the regulations outline the fees for a parking permit and display of the permit inside the vehicle.	http://canlii.ca/t/8f51	S
		Traffic Control Devices Order	The regulations outline the specifications for a "Parking Prohibited Except Disabled Pay and Display Parking Limit Control" sign that may be used to indicate to drivers that there are designated select pay-and-display parking spaces close to sidewalk curb ramps for the exclusive use of disabled persons.		
		Exemption for Transportation of Mobility Disadvantaged Persons	Pursuant to the Act, a person operating a motor vehicle exclusively for the purpose of the transportation of a mobility disadvantaged person and one escort under the Program for Transportation of Mobility Disadvantaged Persons in Rural Manitoba, in vehicles specially designed for the transportation of mobility disadvantaged persons, is exempt from the necessity of holding a public service vehicle certificate, and the requirement of licencing the vehicle as a public service vehicle bus or inter-municipal livery.	http://canlii.ca/t/8fm6	A

<i>The Public Works Act, CCSM c P300</i>	<i>The Taxicab Act, CCSM c T10</i>	Infrastructure and Transportation	Taxicab Regulation	The regulations outline the Accessible taxicab and handicab van vehicle requirements; including compliance with the Canadian Motor Vehicle Safety Standards and Canadian Standards Association Standard CAN/CSA-D409-92, Motor Vehicles for the Transportation of Physically Disabled Persons. The regulations also outline the responsibilities of a driver of an accessible cab or handicab with respect to the use of restraint systems, and the fare for conveying a passenger or passengers who because of disability require or request assistance.	http://canlii.ca/t/8fr1	A
		Conservation and Water Stewardship	Traffic Control Devices on Crown Lands, Vehicle Identification Devices and Offence Notices Regulation	According to the regulations, the Handicap Parking sign indicates that no person shall park a motor vehicle in the parking area designated by the sign unless a subsisting disabled parking identification issued by the Motor Vehicles Branch is displayed.	http://canlii.ca/t/8ffs	A

MANITOBA - EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Social Services Administration Act, CCSM c S165</i>	Manitoba Family Services and Labour	MarketAbilities Program	The marketAbilities Program of Manitoba Family Services and Labour offers a wide range of employment focused services to assist adults with disabilities in preparing for, obtaining and maintaining employment. Services offered under the program include vocational counseling, assessment, vocational planning, vocational training, support services and direct employment services. The marketAbilities Program is cost shared by the Government of Canada under the Labour Market Agreement for Persons with Disabilities .	http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/pwd/voc_rehab.html	S

<i>Employment and Income Assistance Act, CCSM c E98</i>	Entrepreneurship, Training and Trade	The Employment and Income Assistance Program	The Employment and Income Assistance Program (EIA) provides financial help to Manitobans who have no other way to support themselves or their families, including a person with a physical or mental incapacity or disorder. For people who are able to work, EIA will help them go back to work by providing supports to employment. EIA provides benefits (money) to help you with the costs of things like food, clothing, personal and household needs; shelter and utilities (e.g. water, hydro, heat); basic dental, optical and prescription drugs; health-related supplies or equipment not provided by other programs; and supports to help you find and start a job.	http://www.gov.mb.ca/tce/eia/index.html	S
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MANITOBA - HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Social Services Administration Act, CCSM c S165</i>	Family Services and Labour	Residential Care Facilities Licensing Regulation	According to the Act and associated regulations, no person shall establish or operate a residential care facility for one to three adults suffering from a mental disorder, or mental retardation, or infirmities of aging, without a valid and subsisting letter of approval for the purpose. A letter of approval may be issued by the licensing authority, only after that authority is satisfied that the facility meets the recommendations of the local supervising agency to the effect that conditions in the home are conducive to the well-being of the adult with a disability or disorder.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gsp	S
<i>The Housing and Renewal Corporation Act, CCSM c H160</i>	RentAid		RentAid is a monthly benefit to help low-income seniors, persons with disabilities, and families pay their rent. Financial assistance, of up to \$210 per month, is available to eligible families who rent their living accommodation in the private market and who are required to spend a large portion of their income on rent.	http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/assistance/shelterbenefit-families.html	S

		Homeowner Emergency Loan Program ("HELP") Regulation	Manitoba Home Renovation Program ("MHRP") Regulation	According to the regulations, the housing and renewal corporation established under the <i>Act</i> is authorized to make grants to homeowners for renovations that the corporation considers necessary in order to repair, restore or reconstruct an eligible residential unit, and includes modifying a dwelling to accommodate a disabled person.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gbw	S
				According to the regulations, the housing and renewal corporation established under the <i>Act</i> , is authorized to make loans to homeowners for repairs that are required to bring a residential unit up to a minimum level of health and safety and including repairs related to disability and accessibility.	http://canlii.ca/t/8f6t	S

MANITOBA - EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Student Aid Act, CCSM c S211</i>	Advanced Education and Literacy	Student Aid Regulation	According to the regulations, an individual enrolled in an approved course of study is taking the minimum required course load for the purposes of student loans if, in the case of an individual who is not a person with a permanent disability, he or she is enrolled in at least 60% of what the institution considers to be a full course load for that course of study; or in the case of an individual who is a person with a permanent disability, he or she is enrolled in at least 40% of what the institution considers to be a full course load for that course of study. Furthermore, If the minister is satisfied that the borrower by reason of permanent disability is or will be unable to repay a student loan without exceptional hardship, the minister may forgive that loan.	http://canlii.ca/t/8f4l	S

<i>The Public Schools Act, CCSM c P250</i>	<i>The Education Administration Act, CCSM c E10</i>	Education	Education	According to the regulations, instruction by correspondence shall be available on application, without fee, to Manitoba pupils of compulsory school age presenting medical certificates to the principal of the correspondence branch stating that they are unable to attend school because of a physical disability or emotional disturbance.	http://canlii.ca/t/8fn8	S
		Funding of Schools Program Regulation	Education Administration Miscellaneous Provisions Regulation	According to the regulations, a division may be entitled to receive transportation support for pupils who are mobility impaired, or a special class pupils who are unable to walk to school safely due to a learning or physical disability. Furthermore, if a division provides transportation for an impaired mobility pupil, the pupil must be transported on a specially equipped vehicle, or in extraordinary circumstance on another type of vehicle.	http://canlii.ca/t/8fib	S

MANITOBA - PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Municipal Councils and School Boards Elections Act, CCSM c M257</i>	Local Government	NA	The Act states that a voting place must be accessible to persons with physical disabilities, unless the senior election official is satisfied that it is impractical to obtain the use of such premises while complying with subsection. Also, a voter with a physical disability or who has difficulty reading may ask the voting official to allow another person to come with the voter to the voting compartment and help mark his or her ballot. Furthermore, if a voter cannot get into a voting station or place because of a disability, the voting official may take the ballot box and voting materials outside the voting station or place to allow the person to vote. Lastly, according to Act a voter is eligible to vote by sealed envelope ballot if he or she is unable to go in person to a voting station due to a disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gj7	A

<p><i>The Northern Affairs Act, CCSM c N100</i></p>	<p>Elections Manitoba</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the Act, a voting place must be accessible to physically disabled persons, unless it is impractical to obtain the use of such premises. Also, a voter who has a physical disability may ask the voting officer to allow another person to come to the voting compartment with the voter and help mark the ballot. Furthermore, If a voter cannot get to the voting station because of a disability, the voting officer may take the ballot box outside the entrance of the voting place to allow the person to vote. Lastly, an advance voting station must be located in a voting place that is accessible to physically disabled persons. Lastly, a person is eligible to vote at home if he or she is unable to go in person to a voting station due to a disability; or he or she is providing care to a person who is unable to leave home.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8h09</p>	<p>A</p>
<p><i>The Elections Act, CCSM c E30</i></p>	<p>Aboriginal and Northern Affairs</p>	<p>Community Councils Election Regulation</p>	<p>The regulations stipulate that a voter with a physical disability may ask the senior election official to allow another person to come with the voter to the voting compartment and help mark his or her ballot. Also, if a voter cannot get into a voting station or place because of a disability, the senior election official may take the ballot box and voting materials outside the voting station or place to allow the person to vote. Lastly, the regulations state a voter is eligible to vote by sealed envelope ballot if he or she is unable to go in person to a voting station due to a disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8j3d</p>	<p>S</p>

MANITOBA - INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Pension Benefits Act, CCSM c P32</i>	<i>The Adoption Act, CCSM c A2</i>	Family Services and Labour Financial Assistance for Adoption of Permanent Wards Regulation	Special services assistance may be paid to an applicant for, or as a contribution to, the cost of current or projected expenses for goods or services due to a physical or mental condition, including a physical or mental disability, or a high risk of developing a physical or mental disability, of the designated child provided that the diagnosis, prognosis and treatment requirements for the designated child are confirmed by a duly qualified practitioner acceptable to the director.	http://canlii.ca/t/8g3g	S
<i>Wildlife Act, CCSM c W130</i>	Conservation and Water Stewardship Miscellaneous Licences and Permits Regulation	Pension Benefits Regulation	According to the Act and associated regulations, a pension plan may permit a member with a terminal illness or disability resulting in a shortened life expectancy to elect, after being given prescribed information in accordance with the regulations, to receive a payment or series of payments.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gx7	S

MANITOBA - RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Wildlife Act, CCSM c W130</i>	Conservation and Water Stewardship Miscellaneous Licences and Permits Regulation		According to the regulations, a disabled crossbow permit may be issued to a person who is a paraplegic, a hemiplegic or who is otherwise confined to a wheelchair; is a double lower limb amputee or a single above-the-knee amputee; or is unable to use conventional archery equipment due to an upper limb amputation or a permanent physical condition involving upper limb paralysis.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gc5	A

		Vehicle use in Hunting Regulation	A disabled hunter permit may be issued to any person, whose mobility is severely impaired by a permanent injury, authorizing the use of a vehicle while hunting, where the use of a vehicle would otherwise be prohibited by the Act.	http://canlii.ca/t/8g6h	A
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MANITOBA - TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Soldiers' Taxation Relief Act, CCSM c S180</i>	Finance	NA	According to the Act, the council of every municipality shall, upon verification of an application, by resolution exempt or partially exempt from taxes up to but not exceeding the sum of \$50 for each year or portion of a year, the property of a pensioned surviving spouse of any soldier; a pensioned parent of any deceased soldier or of a totally disabled soldier confined in any military hospital or any hospital for the treatment of mental diseases, or any sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis; any soldier in receipt of a military pension by reason of being disabled to the extent of at least 75% of total disability; or a totally disabled soldier confined in any hospital or in any sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, or in any hospital for the treatment of mental diseases, while so confined therein for not less than a minimum period of three months in any one year.	http://canlii.ca/t/8gpj	S

<p><i>The Income Tax Act, CCSM c I10</i></p>	<p>Finance</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> outlines the various tax deductions, exemptions and credits that apply to people with disabilities including the additional fitness tax credit for individual with disability; the additional arts and cultural activity tax credit for child with disability; the disability amount; the dependent disability amount; and the primary caregiver tax credit. The Manitoba Primary Caregiver Tax Credit gives a provincial tax credit for the primary caregiver of a person with a disability or illness to help cover the caregiver's expenses for time and money spent caring for people who need support. Expenses could include: bathing, shopping, doing laundry, going to medical appointments or attending recreational outings.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8gjif http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/lmd/fin_assist.html</p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>The Retail Sales Tax Act, CCSM c R130</i></p>	<p>Finance</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the <i>Act</i>, no tax is payable in respect of tangible personal property, other than a vehicle or off-road vehicle, that is designed solely for use by blind or physically disabled persons. Furthermore, no tax is payable in respect of prepared food and beverages that are provided by a charitable or non-profit organization without charge, or for a nominal charge, to persons who, because of disability, require assistance; or a charitable or non-profit organization in the course of operating a recreational camp program primarily for disabled persons. Also, tax is not required to be collected and remitted by a charitable or non-profit organization on a sale of lodging in the course of operating a recreational camp program primarily for disabled persons, if the organization paid tax as a purchaser of the lodging. Lastly, on application by or on behalf of a purchaser who is physically disabled, the minister may refund the tax paid by the purchaser on the purchase of a hospital bed or other similar bed.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/8gk0</p>	<p>S</p>

MANITOBA - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Adult Abuse Registry Act, CCSM c A4</i>	Family Services and Labour	NA	According to the <i>Act</i> , an agency may enter into an agreement with a parent, guardian or other person who has actual care and control of a child, for the placing of the child without transfer of guardianship in any place which provides child care where that person is unable to make adequate provision for the care of that child because the child is a child with a mental disability, or that child is suffering from a chronic medical disability requiring treatment which cannot be provided if the child remains at home.	http://canlii.ca/t/8giw	S
	Family Services and Labour	NA	The purpose of <i>The Adult Abuse Registry</i> is to help protect vulnerable adults by allowing employers to screen potential employees and volunteers who want to work with vulnerable people. Vulnerable adults include adults living with a mental disability who are in need of assistance to meet their basic needs with regard to personal care or management of their property as defined under <i>The Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act</i> .	http://www.gov.mb.ca/fs/pwd/adult_abuse_registry.html	E

SASKATCHEWAN

SASKATCHEWAN - GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Saskatchewan Human Rights Code, SS 1979</i>	Saskatchewan Human Rights Commission	NA	<p>According to <i>The Code</i>, it's against the law for someone to discriminate against someone because of disability (mental and physical) with respect to employment or occupations; education; housing; publications; public services (restaurants, stores, hotels, government services, etc.); contracts or purchase of property and professional associations or trade unions. Furthermore, employers, service providers and others have a duty to make reasonable efforts to assist people who could otherwise be denied opportunities because of illegal grounds of discrimination. Accommodation is required unless it would cause an undue hardship. The Saskatchewan Human Rights Commission enforces the <i>Code</i> and protects and promotes human rights and to discourage discrimination against everyone living in Saskatchewan.</p>	http://saskatchewanhumanrights.ca/learn/the-human-rights-code	E
<i>Passenger and Freight Elevator Act, RSS 1978</i>	Government Relations	Passenger and Freight Elevator Regulations	<p>The regulations state that the owner of a lift for persons with disabilities shall ensure that the lift is used primarily for the transportation of persons with physical disabilities, the operation of the lift is restricted to persons with physical disabilities designated by the owner as capable and trained to use and operate the lift unaided or to attendants designated by the owner, and the load-carrying unit of the lift is operated by means of a keyed control for the lift.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/w4t	A

<p><i>The Limitations Act, SS 2004</i></p>	<p>Justice</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The Act states that the operation of any limitation period established by the Act or any other Act or regulation is suspended during any period in which the claimant is a person who, by reason of mental disability, is not competent to manage his or her affairs or estate and is not represented by a personal guardian or property guardian pursuant to <i>The Public Guardian and Trustee Act</i> or a decision-maker pursuant to <i>The Adult Guardianship and Co-decision-making Act</i> who is aware of the claim; and has the legal capacity to commence the proceeding on behalf of that person or the person's estate.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/wgzw</p>	<p>E</p>
<p><i>The Local Government Election Act, SS 1982-83</i></p>	<p>Municipal Relations</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>According to the regulations, polling areas shall be established in such a way that they are located, where possible, in a place allowing convenient access to disabled persons. Also, a council or board may provide for the attendance of a returning officer or deputy returning officer and a poll clerk at an elector's residence during the time when polls are open for voting at an election to take the vote of an elector in the municipality or school division who, because of physical disability or limited mobility, is unable to attend at an established polling place to vote. Furthermore, electors who attend a polling place to vote but are unable to enter the polling place because of physical disability or limited mobility may make an oral or a written request to the returning officer or deputy returning officer to have the elector's vote taken at a polling place that has convenient access for the elector. Lastly, An elector who has disability or limited mobility is eligible to vote at an advance poll that is conveniently accessible to an elector who is physically disabled.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/wiq</p>	<p>A</p>

<p><i>The Adult Guardianship and Co-decision-making Act, SS 2000</i></p>	<p><i>The Uniform Building and Accessibility Standards Act, SS 1983-84</i></p>	<p>Social Services</p>	<p>The Adoption Regulations</p> <p>According to the <i>Act</i> and regulations, the minister may provide assistance to an adoptive parent with respect to an adopted child who is a former Crown ward if the adopted child has a special need requiring special services as a result of having a diagnosed physical, mental or emotional disturbance or disability; or a recognized high risk of physical, mental or emotional disturbance or disability. Assistance includes payments for services related to the special needs of a child that are not available free of charge through existing community services including payments for medical expenses; orthodontic and corrective dental treatment; home renovations or equipment to accommodate a disability; therapy, including occupational, speech and hearing therapy; remedial education; rehabilitation training; day care for remedial purposes; and transportation and accommodation costs.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/vl7</p>	<p>S</p>
	<p>Government Relation, Building Standards and Licensing Branch</p>	<p>Uniform Building and Accessibility Standards Regulations</p>	<p>According to the regulations, if there is a change in the major occupancy of an existing building that has a building area in excess of 600 m²; and is not barrier-free; the owner of the existing building shall ensure that the existing building is made barrier-free in conformance with the Code. Furthermore, if an existing building or part of an existing building that is barrier-free is altered or renovated, the owner of the existing building shall ensure that the existing building or part of the existing building remains barrier-free; and the alterations or renovations are made barrier-free. Also, the owner of an existing building to which an addition is made shall ensure that the addition; and the existing building, if the addition has internal pedestrian connections with the existing building; is barrier-free.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/vhi</p>	<p>A</p>
	<p>Justice</p>	<p>NA</p>	<p>The <i>Act</i> sets out the procedures for the appointment of a personal or property guardian for individuals who are incapable of managing their own personal or financial affairs; a personal or property co-decision-maker for adults requiring assistance in decision-making but who do not require guardians; and temporary personal or property guardians in emergency situations. This <i>Act</i> states that it shall be interpreted and administered in accordance with the principle that adults who have difficulty communicating because of physical or mental disabilities are entitled to communicate by any means that enables them to be understood.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/wzx</p>	<p>S</p>

<i>The Department of Social Services Act, RSS 1978</i>	Social Services	NA	<p>The Act establishes the minister's authority to develop, furnish, equip, administer, manage, operate, maintain and repair any housing project or residential-care facility for the care or accommodation of disabled persons, and all lands, buildings and personal property used in connection with those facilities; and to authorize the purchase of all materials, goods and equipment, and procurement of all the services required for the efficient administration of these institutions, and may make payment therefor from moneys appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/wfb	S
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SASKATCHEWAN - TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective	
<i>The Traffic Safety Act, SS 2004</i>	<i>The Municipal Grants Act, SS 2009</i>	Municipal Relations	Transit Assistance for People with Disabilities Program	The Government of Saskatchewan's role under the Transit Assistance for People with Disabilities (TAPD) program is to provide financial support to municipalities who offer paratransit services for persons with disabilities. Paratransit provides a critical link for riders who use the service to get to work, school, medical appointments, and a wide range of other daily activities.	http://www.municipal.gov.sk.ca/Funding/Transit-Assistance-Program	A
Saskatchewan Government Insurance	Vehicle Classification and Registration Regulations		The regulations establish "Class PC" vehicles consisting of vehicles to be used for the transportation of handicapped passengers as part of a transportation program funded pursuant to The Municipal Transit for the Disabled Assistance Regulations.	http://canlii.ca/t/w1m	A	

SASKATCHEWAN – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993, SS 1993</i>	<i>The Labour Standards Act, RSS 1978</i>	<i>The Rehabilitation Act, RSS 1978</i>	According to the <i>Act</i> and regulations, the minister may provide for services for the rehabilitation of any disabled person or designated group including but not limited to occupational diagnosis, guidance and advice, occupational training and occupational training facilities, transportation and maintenance; occupational tools and equipment; a licence or permit authorizing the holder to engage in an occupation where required; medical or psychiatric examination, diagnosis and advice, medical, psychiatric, dental and surgical treatment and care; nursing and hospital care, foster home care, convalescent home care, drugs, medical and surgical supplies and prosthetic appliances.	http://canlii.ca/t/wn4	S
Labour Relations and Workplace Safety	Labour Relations and Workplace Safety	NA	The <i>Act</i> states where an employee becomes disabled and the disability would unreasonably interfere with the performance of the employee's duties, the employer shall, where reasonably practicable, modify the employee's duties or reassign the employee to another job. Also, in any prosecution alleging a contravention of this section, the onus is on the employer to prove that it is not reasonably practicable to modify the employee's duties or reassign the employee to another job.	http://canlii.ca/t/wr4	E
		NA	The <i>Act</i> stipulates that every employer shall ensure, insofar as is reasonably practicable, that the employer's workers are not exposed to harassment with respect to any matter or circumstance arising out of the workers' employment; every worker while at work shall refrain from causing or participating in the harassment of another worker; and every supervisor shall ensure, insofar as is reasonably practicable, that all workers under the supervisor's direct oversight and direction are not exposed to harassment at the place of employment. According to the <i>Act</i> , "Harassment" means any inappropriate conduct, comment, display, action or gesture by a person that is based on disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/x4t	E

		Occupational Health and Safety Regulations	The regulations state that an employer, contractor, or owner shall develop and implement a written fire safety plan that provides for the safety of all workers in the event of a fire which must include the emergency procedures to be used in case of fire, including evacuating endangered workers, with special provisions for workers with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/vzg	A
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SASKATCHEWAN - HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Human Resources, Labour and Employment Act, RSS 1978</i>	Social Services	Saskatchewan Rental Housing Supplement (SRHS) Program	The Saskatchewan Rental Housing Supplement (SRHS) helps low-to-moderate income families and individuals to access quality and affordable housing, and includes a Disability Rental Housing Supplement to assist persons with disabilities and their families, access supports that address the housing impact of the disability. Recognized supports under the program include accessibility/location supports such as elevators, widened doorways, ramps or required supportive services such as living close to a supportive neighbour, family member or transportation/shopping services; and other physical supports/features such as audio or visual alarms, intercoms, grab bars, bath lifts, lowered counters, enhanced ventilation, lighting, security or reduced noise/soundproofing.	http://www.socialservices.gov.sk.ca/srhs	S
<i>Labour Relations and Workplace Safety Act, RSS 1978</i>	NA		Under the <i>Act</i> , the Minister is responsible for the co-ordination, development and implementation of social, cultural, economic and other policies, programs and activities for the benefit of persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/wtv	E

<i>The Saskatchewan Housing Corporation Act, RSS 1978</i>	<i>The Residential Services Act, SS 1984-85-86</i>	Health, Social Services, Justice and Corrections and Policing	The Residential-service Facilities Regulations/ The Private-service Homes Regulations	<p>The Act states that the minister may make grants to any person, corporation, organization or other body for the purpose of assisting in the purchase, construction or maintenance of any residential-service facility that provides lodging, supervision, personal care or individual programming for persons who by reason of disability are unable to care fully for themselves; or for the provision of any services or facilities with respect to persons who by reason of disability are unable to care for themselves fully or who require safe shelter and counseling services. Furthermore, the regulations stipulate that a residential-service facility or any approved private-service home that accommodates residents who are physically handicapped is to have elements built into the home to allow entrance to and egress from the living areas, buildings and grounds by these residents.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/wgx	S
Social Services/Saskatchewan Housing Corporation	NA		<p>The Ministry of Social Services, through the Saskatchewan Housing Corporation (SHC), promotes self-sufficiency and independence by providing housing and housing services for families, seniors, persons with disabilities and others who could not otherwise afford safe, secure shelter. SHC provides funding for a number of ongoing and new housing programs and services for low-to-moderate income households, and sometimes landlords, with an identified need. Assistance may be in the form of a forgivable or repayable loan, or may be a grant. Programs include social and affordable rental housing, home renovations, repairs and energy retrofit programs, home adaptations programs, supports to independent living for seniors, and homeownership options.</p>	http://www.socialservices.gov.sk.ca/housing		S

SASKATCHEWAN – EDUCATION & TRAINING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Education Act, 1995</i>	Education	Education Regulations	<p>The regulations stipulate that the design and planned arrangement of additions to school buildings and new school buildings is required to incorporate features and fixtures for the accommodation of physically disabled pupils; and also if school renovations are required, wherever possible, to take into account the requirements of physically disabled pupils.</p> <p>The regulations state that the minister shall provide or arrange, at the expense of the department, for diagnostic and assessment services for special needs pupils in registered independent schools, including disabled pupils.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/vf4	A
<i>The Student Assistance and Student Aid Fund Act, 1985, SS 1984-85-86</i>	Advanced Education	Student Assistance and Student Aid Fund Regulations	<p>The regulations state that an individual is to be considered as a full-time student and eligible for financial assistance if the individual satisfies the minister that they have a permanent disability and is taking at least 40% of a course load that is recognized by the designated educational institution with which they are enrolled. Also, the regulations state that a student who has received financial assistance in the form of a loan and is suffering from a temporary disability that renders the student incapable of working may apply to the minister for interest relief. Furthermore, all obligations of a student with respect to a Saskatchewan student loan terminate if the minister is satisfied that the student, by reason of the student's severe permanent disability, is unable to repay the loan and will never be able to repay it.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/tzt http://canlii.ca/t/v23	S

		Lender-financed Saskatchewan Student Loans Regulations	According to the regulations, all rights of the lender against a borrower with respect to a lender-financed Saskatchewan Student Loan terminate if the minister is satisfied, on the basis of information specified by the minister and provided by or on behalf of the borrower, that the borrower, by reason of the borrower's severe permanent disability, is unable to repay the loan and will never be able to repay it, and in that event the minister shall make a payment to the lender in an amount that the minister considers appropriate to compensate the lender with respect to the forgiveness of the borrower's indebtedness.	http://canlii.ca/t/vpz	S	
<u>The Department of Advanced Education and Manpower Act</u> , SS 1983	<u>Post-Secondary Education and Skills Training Act</u> , SS 2004	Economy	Workforce Development for Persons with Disabilities Program	Workforce Development for Persons with Disabilities Program (formerly known as Employability Assistance for People with Disabilities) provides funding to assist adults with disabilities to prepare for, secure and maintain employment. Support includes: training on the job; vocational and work assessments; psycho-educational assessments; job coaching; support for employers; and disability-related costs for a wide variety of post-secondary education and training programs. Program support is cost shared under the Federal-Provincial Labour Market Agreement for Persons with Disabilities	http://www.economy.gov.sk.ca/wfd-pd	S
		Advanced Education	Saskatchewan Student Loan Program Regulations	According to the regulations, when a student who is in the Vocational Rehabilitation of Disabled Persons Program has successfully completed his first year of post-secondary study, he may convert any approved loan approved in respect of that year to a bursary; and where he has successfully completed his second year of post-secondary study, he may convert 50% of any approved loan in respect of that year to a bursary. Furthermore, where a person is unable to pay amounts due under a repayment agreement in respect of a loan because the person is suffering from an illness or disability rendering him incapable of working; the minister or his designate may authorize a period of interest relief for that person with respect to that repayment scheme.	http://canlii.ca/t/w9v	S

<i>The Apprenticeship and Trade Certification Act, SS 1984-85-86</i>	Advanced Education	The Apprenticeship and Trade Certification Regulations	According to the regulations, the director may modify the requirements of an apprenticeship program to accommodate the needs of a person with a physical disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/v85	M
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SASKATCHEWAN - PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Election Act, 1996, SS 1996</i>	Elections Saskatchewan	NA	According to the Act, a voter who has a physical disability and who ordinarily resides in the constituency may vote at an advanced poll.	http://canlii.ca/t/wzc	A

SASKATCHEWAN - INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Saskatchewan Assistance Act, RSS 1978</i>	Social Services	Saskatchewan Assured Income for Disability (SAID)	The SAID program, designed in collaboration with members of the disability community, provides an income for persons with significant and long-term disabilities separate from the Saskatchewan Assistance Program (SAP). The program aspires to ensure that Saskatchewan citizens with significant and enduring disabilities have access to long-term income support based on the impact of a person's disability, offering the dignity of greater choice of services and increasing a person's participation in community.	http://www.socialservices.gov.sk.ca/SAID	S

<i>Pension Benefits Act, 1992, SS 1992</i>	Justice	Saskatchewan Assistance Program (SAP)	The Saskatchewan Assistance Program is a program of last resort for families, and individuals, who live in Saskatchewan and who, for various reasons, including disability, illness, low income or unemployment, cannot meet basic living costs. Any person in financial need may apply for assistance.	http://www.socialservices.gov.sk.ca/sap	S
		Pension Benefits Regulations	According to the Act and regulations, a plan may provide that, where a physician certifies that due to mental or physical disability the life expectancy of the owner is shortened considerably, the person may, before payment of the pension commences, elect to convert, on the prescribed basis, the pension or part of the pension to a payment or series of payments for a fixed term to the pension.	http://canlii.ca/t/w7d	S

SASKATCHEWAN - RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>The Wildlife Act, 1998, SS 1998</i>	Environment	NA	The Act provides for the management, conservation and protection of wildlife resources through the issuance and revocation of licences, the prosecution of wildlife offences and the establishment of annual hunting seasons. According to the Act, the minister may issue a special licence to any person who is physically disabled and unable to hunt without the aid of a vehicle to hunt from a vehicle.	http://canlii.ca/t/wlz	E

SASKATCHEWAN - TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Description	Website	Objective
The Residential Services Act, SS 1984-85-86	Health, Social Services, Justice and Corrections and Policing	The Act states where a residential-service facility that provides lodging, supervision, personal care or individual programming for persons who by reason of disability are unable to care fully for themselves, is operated by a municipal, church or charitable organization or a non-profit corporation, the real property and buildings in respect of that residential-service facility are exempt from taxation, except local improvement taxes and special charges.	http://canlii.ca/t/wgx	S
The Cities Act, SS 2002 / The Municipalities Act, SS 2005	Municipal Relations	According to both <i>The Cities Act</i> and <i>The Municipalities Act</i> , the buildings and land owned by a division, branch or local unit of the Disabled Veterans' Association of Saskatchewan; The Canadian Mental Health Association (Saskatchewan Division); or the property owned and occupied by The Canadian National Institute for the Blind are exempt from taxation so long as buildings and lands are used and occupied these institutions.	http://canlii.ca/t/wrm	S
The Provincial Sales Tax Act, RSS 1978	Finance	According to the Act and associated regulations, equipment designed solely for the use of blind persons, physically handicapped persons or chronic invalids including special equipment that is not purchased by or for use in a hospital, nursing home or similar institution providing medical or palliative care, are exempt from the tax imposed by the Act.	http://canlii.ca/t/vm3	S

SASKATCHEWAN - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Public Health Act</i> 1994	Health	Disabled Children's Prosthetic Appliances Regulations	The regulations state that where a disabled child has been designated by a field worker, and the field worker has set out in writing the needs of that child, the minister may make a payment for special equipment required for the use or benefit of the child; materials and supplies required by the child in conjunction with his disability; or minor alterations to the home or residence in which the child is living, including the installation of handrails and the provision of ramps to permit entry to and egress from the home or residence; and repairs required to be made to such equipment, appliances, materials, supplies, alterations, handrails and ramps.	http://canlii.ca/t/w44	S
<i>The Department of Health Act</i> , RSS 1978	Health	Saskatchewan Aids to Independent Living (SAIL)	The Saskatchewan Aids to Independent Living Program (SAIL) provides benefits that assist people with physical disabilities achieve a more active and independent lifestyle and to assist people in the management of certain chronic health conditions. The program objectives are to provide people with physical disabilities and certain chronic health conditions a basic level of coverage for disability related equipment, devices, products, and supplies in a cost effective and timely manner based on assessed need or defined criteria; help offset the cost of, and improve the affordability of, disability supports; ensure easy access to benefits for people with disabilities by maintaining effective co-ordination with health professionals and provider agencies in the community and institutions; help facilitate discharge from hospital so that people can return to their homes; and ensure appropriate and reasonable use of SAIL benefits.	http://canlii.ca/t/wd8	S

ALBERTA

ALBERTA - GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Description	Website	Objective
<p><i>Persons with Developmental Disabilities Foundation Act, RSA 2000</i></p> <p><i>Community Governance Act, RSA 2000</i></p>	<p>Department of Human Services</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>The purposes of the Foundation are to undertake, support and promote activities that will enhance the quality of life of persons with developmental disabilities in Alberta. In carrying out its purposes, the Foundation may, subject to the regulations, solicit and raise funds for capital projects, pilot projects or research.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/81xj</p>	<p>S</p>
<p><i>Premier's Council on the Status of Persons with Disabilities Act, RSA 2000</i></p>	<p>Department of Human Services</p>	<p>Persons with Developmental Disabilities Program</p> <p>Persons with Developmental Disabilities Program (PDD) pays for staff to help adult Albertans with developmental disabilities to be a part of their community and live as independently as they can. The program funds four kinds of staffing supports: Community Living Supports help individuals in their home; <u>Employment Supports</u> train, educate and support individuals to get and keep jobs; <u>Community Access Supports</u> help individuals participate in their community; Specialized Community Supports are generally short-term supports to help with special circumstances. Service providers in the community that specialize in helping people with disabilities provide PDD program services.</p>	<p>http://humanservices.alberta.ca/department/premiers-council.html</p>	<p>S</p>
	<p>Human Services</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>The <i>Premier's Council on the Status of Persons with Disabilities Act</i> outlines the mandate for the Premier's Council. The mission of the Premier's Council on the Status of Persons with Disabilities is to advise on, report to and make recommendations to the Government of Alberta on matters relating to the opportunity for full and equal participation of persons with disabilities in the life of the Province. It does this by listening to the opinions of the disability community, communicating these ideas and concerns to the Government of Alberta and the broader community, and working with governments, community organizations, and other stakeholders towards solutions.</p>	<p>http://humanservices.alberta.ca/department/premiers-council.html</p>	<p>A</p>

<i>Limitations Act, RSA 2000</i>	<i>Alberta Human Rights Act, RSA 2000</i>	<i>Service Dogs Act, SA 2007</i>	<i>Adult Guardianship and Trusteeship Act, SA 2008</i>	Human Services	NA	The <i>Adult Guardianship and Trusteeship Act</i> (AGTA) is for adults over the age of 18 years who are unable to make personal or financial decisions for themselves. This legislation addresses the current needs of Albertans by providing options and safeguards to protect vulnerable adults who may want assistance or are no longer able to make all of their own decisions. It provides a range of <i>decision-making options</i> from less intrusive options, such as <i>supported decision-making</i> or <i>co-decision-making</i> , to <i>full guardianship</i> and <i>trusteeship</i> .	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/guardianship-trusteeship/opg-adult-guardianship-trusteeship.html	E
Justice and Solicitor General	Alberta Human Rights Commission	Human Services	NA	NA		<i>The Service Dogs Act</i> complements the <i>Blind Persons' Rights Act</i> by providing Albertans with disabilities who use qualified service dogs the right of access to public places. Individuals with disabilities who are accompanied by qualified service dogs must be allowed access to any location where the general public is allowed. The <i>Service Dogs Act</i> includes fines for violations, which range from \$300 for falsely using a service dog to \$3,000 for discriminating against a service dog team.	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/disability-services/service-dogs.html	A
			NA			The <i>Act</i> protects Albertans from discrimination in certain areas based on mental and physical disability. The purpose of the <i>Alberta Human Rights Act</i> is to ensure that all Albertans are offered an equal opportunity to earn a living, find a place to live, and enjoy services customarily available to the public without discrimination. Also, <i>Act</i> establishes the Alberta Human Rights Commission to carry out functions under the act. The Commission aims to foster equality and to reduce discrimination through public education and community initiatives, the resolution and settlement of complaints of discrimination, and human rights tribunal and court hearings.	http://www.albertahumanrights.ab.ca	E
			NA			According to the <i>Act</i> the operation of the limitation periods provided by the <i>Act</i> is suspended during any period of time that the claimant is a person under disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/825v	E

<p><i><u>Safety Codes Act, RSA 2000</u></i></p> <p><i><u>Unclaimed Personal Property and Vested Property Act, SA 2007</u></i></p>	<p><i><u>Police Act, RSA 2000</u></i></p> <p><i><u>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, RSA 2000</u></i></p>	<p>Justice and Solicitor General</p>	<p>Service Alberta</p>	<p>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Regulation</p> <p>One of the purposes of the <i>Act</i> is to allow any person a right of access to the records in the custody or under the control of a public body subject to limited and specific exceptions as set out in this <i>Act</i>. According to the regulations, an applicant may make an oral request for access to a record if the applicant has a physical disability or condition that impairs the applicant's ability to make a written request.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/83ls</p>	<p>A</p>
<p>Municipal Affairs</p>	<p>Treasury Board and Finance</p>	<p>General Regulation</p>	<p>Police Service Regulation</p>	<p>According to the regulations a police officer shall not engage in any action that constitutes discreditable conduct, including differentially applying the law or exercising authority on the basis of physical disability or mental disability.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/834s</p>	<p>E</p>
<p>Alberta Safety Codes Council</p>				<p>The regulations states that the Minister may consider a claim made after the expiry of the claim period specified in the <i>Act</i> where the person making the claim was, at the time of the payment, transfer or delivery to the Minister of the property that is the subject of the claim, a person with a mental disability and did not, during the claim period in respect of the property, have a legal representative, guardian or other person who could have made a claim on the their behalf.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/81wh</p>	<p>A</p>
		<p>Alberta Safety Codes Council</p>		<p>The Safety Codes Council derives its authority from the Safety Codes Act and is responsible for all aspects of the safety system, including the promotion of uniform safety standards and the principles of barrier-free design and access. According to the <i>Act</i>, among the persons appointed to the Council the Minister and the Committee shall include both persons who are experts in barrier-free building design and persons with disabilities.</p>	<p>http://canlii.ca/t/826n</p>	<p>A</p>

<i>Blind Persons' Rights Act, RSA 2000</i>	Human Services	NA	<p>The <i>Blind Persons' Rights Act</i> recognizes the rights of Albertans who are blind, including individuals who use guide dogs. The Act permits blind Albertans accompanied by qualified guide dogs to access all public places in the province. The Act includes fines for violations, which range from \$250 for falsely using a white cane to \$3,000 for discriminating against a guide dog team.</p>	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/disability-services/alberta.ca/disability-services/blind-persons-rights-act.html	E
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ALBERTA - TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Traffic Safety Act, RSA 2000</i>	Transportation	NA NA Commercial Vehicle Safety	<p>Under the <i>Act</i>, the council of a municipality may make bylaws, governing the establishment and use of parking places that are for the exclusive use of persons with disabilities who display on their vehicles a disabled placard or licence plate that is issued or recognized by the Registrar.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/81w5	A
			<p>The regulations state that the operator of a public bus operated pursuant to an operating authority certificate shall not refuse to carry an animal that is required by a person for assistance, and is certified as having been trained to assist a person with one or more disabilities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/830x	A
			<p>The regulations state that a person shall not operate or permit another person to operate a bus that is equipped to transport persons with physical disabilities on a highway unless the vehicle complies with the prescribed Maintenance Standards for Transportation of Persons with Physical Disabilities in Buses.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8mgc	A

<u>Railway (Alberta) Act</u> RSA 2000	<u>Municipal Government Act</u> RSA 2000	Municipal Affairs	Capital Region Board Regulation	The regulations state that, except as otherwise specified by the Minister, a proposed integrated growth management plan for the Capital Region must contain a regional inter-municipal transit network plan that includes a provision for special transit services for persons with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/8qc8	A
	Transportation	Heritage Railway Regulation		The regulations stipulate that each heritage railway operator that operates or hosts passenger train service must ensure that a sufficient number of on-board personnel, including volunteers and on-board personnel employed by a passenger service provider, are, as a minimum, trained to provide service to passengers with disabilities under normal and emergency situations.	http://canlii.ca/t/8mm8	A

ALBERTA - EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<u>Income and Employment Supports Act</u> SA 2003	Human Services	Disability-Related Employment Supports and Services	The Disability Related Employment Supports (DRES) may fund supports and/or services to assist Albertans with disabilities make successful transitions from school to work, unemployment to employment and from one career path to another. The intent of DRES is to level the playing field for persons with disabilities by providing individualized supports and/or services that address the barrier(s) to employment created by their disability; and to assist persons with disabilities participate in education/training leading to employment, access employment opportunities, and enable their full participation in the workforce.	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/AWoDline/ETS/4345.html#overview	S

ALBERTA - HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Alberta Housing Act, RSA 2000</i>	Municipal Affairs	Special Needs Housing Programs: Private Non-profit Special Purpose	Eligible non-profit organizations may receive a monthly subsidy enabling them to develop and manage projects, with on-site care services and facilities to residents with common physical, social, and emotional conditions or disabilities. Clients include the physically or mentally handicapped, victims of family violence, wards of the provincial government, the hard-to-house, and any other group having special housing needs. This program is cost shared with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.	http://municipalaffairs.gov.ab.ca/special_needs_housing.cfm	S

ALBERTA - EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>School Act, RSA 2000</i> <u>Student Financial Assistance Act, SA 2002</u>	Enterprise and Advanced Education	Student Financial Assistance Regulation	According to the regulations the Minister may award financial assistance in the form of a Grant for Students with Disabilities, in an amount not exceeding \$3000 per loan year, to an eligible student who is a student with a disability, and in the Minister's opinion requires special financial help. Also, the Minister may write off all or part of the principal or interest, or both, of or on an outstanding provincial loan if the student is or becomes a student with a disability and, as a result, unable to pay the amount to be written off.	http://canlii.ca/t/82vj	S
Education	Private Schools Regulation		According to the Act and associated regulations the operator of a Designated Special Education Private School, a funded private school designated by the Minister whose sole purpose is to serve students with identified special needs and whose enrolled students are each diagnosed with a mild, moderate or severe disability, must meet the standards as defined in Ministerial Order No. 015/2004, <i>Standards for the Provision of Special Education to Students in Alberta</i> .	http://canlii.ca/t/83sv	A

ALBERTA - PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Election Act, RSA 2000</i>	Justice and Attorney General	NA	According to the <i>Act</i> every polling place shall, where practicable, be situated so that it is readily accessible to handicapped persons. Also, the deputy returning officer, at the request of a voter who is unable to vote in the usual manner due to a physical incapacity or inability to read the ballot, shall assist the voter by marking the voter's ballot in the manner directed by the voter in the presence of the poll clerk, and if requested by the voter, place the ballot so marked in the ballot box. Furthermore, where a voter is unable to access a polling place because of the voter's physical incapacity, the poll clerk, and the other election officers the deputy returning officer considers necessary, shall bring the ballot box to some other place on the site on which the polling place is located. Lastly, the <i>Act</i> states that an elector who is unable to vote at an advance poll or at the poll on polling day on account of physical incapacity, may apply to vote by special ballot.	http://canlii.ca/t/81m1	A
<i>Local Authorities Election Act, RSA 2000</i>	Municipal Affairs	NA	The <i>Act</i> states that an elector who is unable to vote at an advance vote or at the voting station on election day, because of physical incapacity, may apply to vote by special ballot. Also, the <i>Act</i> states that an elected authority may by provide for the attendance of 2 deputies at the residence of an elector, during the hours an advance voting station is open or other times as may be fixed by the resolution, in order to take the votes of an elector who, because of physical incapacity, is unable to attend a voting station or an advance voting station to vote.	http://canlii.ca/t/81zz	A

ALBERTA - INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Assured Income for the Severely Handicapped Act, SA 2006</i>	<i>Family Support for Children with Disabilities Act, SA 2003</i>	Human Services	Family Support for Children with Disabilities Program	Family support services are available to families caring for a child with a diagnosed disability or to families who are awaiting confirmation of their child's diagnosis. The provide parents with funding to access a range of supports and services that strengthen their ability to promote their child's healthy growth and development. In addition, the program assists with some of the extraordinary costs of raising a child with a disability. The program is voluntary and parents remain the guardians for their child and are responsible for all decision-making and the usual expenses of raising a child.	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/disability-services/14855.html
	Human Services	Assured Income for the Severely Handicapped (AISH)	The Assured Income for the Severely Handicapped (AISH) program provides financial and health-related assistance to eligible adults with a disability that is permanent and substantially limits the person's ability to earn a living. AISH clients may also be eligible to receive supplemental assistance (a child benefit and personal benefits) through the AISH program. AISH health benefits and supplemental assistance may also assist a client's cohabiting partner and dependent children .	http://humanservices.alberta.ca/disability-services/aish.html	S

<i>Employment Pension Plans Act, RSA 2000</i>	Treasury Board and Finance	Employment Pension Plans Regulation According to the <i>Act</i> and associated regulations, the owner of a Life Income Fund (LIF) or a Locked-in Retirement Account (LIRA) is entitled, on an application by the owner to the financial institution, to withdraw all the money in the LIF or LIRA as a lump sum or a series of payments for a fixed term if a physician certifies that due to a disability the owner's life is likely to be considerably shortened. Also, the regulations state that a LIF or LIRA must provide for the right of its owner to withdraw, on application to the financial institution that administers it, the whole or part of the money held in the LIF or LIRA on the grounds of being in circumstances of financial hardship and need, including expenses incurred by the owner, pension partner or a dependent for renovations or other alterations to, or additional expenses in the construction of, the principal residence of any of them made necessary by the disability of any of them, to the extent that the expenses claimed are reasonable and are not paid by or subject to reimbursement from any other source.	http://canlii.ca/t/83mc	S
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ALBERTA - RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Wildlife Act</i> , RSA 2000	Environment and Sustainable Resource Development	Wildlife Regulation	<p>The regulations state that a person is eligible to obtain or hold a cross-bow licence if they are an individual who suffers from any physical condition, affliction or handicap that prevents them from utilizing conventional archery equipment.</p> <p>Furthermore, a person is entitled to obtain or hold an off-highway vehicle permit if they are an individual who suffers from any physical condition, affliction or handicap that prevents them from hunting by ambulation beyond 100 yards in normal hunting terrain. Lastly, the regulations state that a person is eligible to obtain or hold a weapons discharge permit if that person is an individual who suffers from any physical condition, affliction or handicap that renders the person incapable of walking, and</p> <p>Requires a wheelchair or similar wheeled implement for daily ambulation.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/82pw	A

ALBERTA - TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<u><i>Municipal Government Act</i></u> , RSA 2000	Municipal Affairs	Community Organization Property Tax Exemption Regulation	<p>According to the regulations, a non-profit organization that holds property, on which a facility designed to provide an occupation for and to promote the adjustment and rehabilitation of persons who would otherwise have difficulty obtaining employment because of physical, mental or developmental disabilities is operated, may apply to the municipality within whose area the property is located for an exemption from taxation.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8371	S

ALBERTA - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<u>Protection for Persons in Care Act</u> , SA 2009	Health	Alberta Aids to Daily Living Program	<p>The Alberta Aids to Daily Living (AADL) program helps Albertans with a long-term disability, chronic illness or terminal illness to maintain their independence at home, in lodges or group homes by providing financial assistance to buy medical equipment and supplies.</p>	http://www.health.alberta.ca/services/aids-to-daily-living.html	S
	Health	Protection for Persons in Care	<p><i>Protection for Persons in Care</i> promotes prevention and responds to reports of abuse of adult Albertans receiving care or support services from publicly funded service providers, such as: hospitals, seniors' lodges, nursing homes, mental health facilities, shelters, group homes, addictions treatment centres, many settings funded by the Persons with Developmental Disabilities program, and other supportive living settings.</p>	http://www.health.alberta.ca/services/protection-persons-care.html	E

BRITISH COLUMBIA

BRITISH COLUMBIA – GENERAL DISABILITY

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Victim of Crime Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Human Rights Code, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Justice	<p>NA</p> <p>The purposes of the <i>Code</i> are to foster a society in British Columbia in which there are no impediments to full and free participation in the economic, social, political and cultural life of British Columbia; to promote a climate of understanding and mutual respect where all are equal in dignity and rights; to prevent discrimination; to identify and eliminate persistent patterns of inequality associated with discrimination; and to provide a means of redress for those persons who are discriminated against contrary to the <i>Code</i>. The <i>Code</i> protects British Columbians from discrimination in areas such as employment, housing, and services and facilities customarily available to the public.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/843q	E
<i>Limitation Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Justice	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> states that if a person is under a disability that renders them incapable of, or substantially impeded in, managing his or her affairs at the time the right to bring an action arises, or comes under a disability during the limitation period set by the <i>Act</i>, the limitation period will be postponed so long as that person is under a disability.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/845q	A
<i>Ministry of Justice and Attorney General</i>		NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> stipulates that all justice system personnel must treat a victim with courtesy and respect and must not discriminate against a victim on the basis of physical or mental disability. Furthermore, to the extent that it is practicable, the government must promote the goals of affording victims throughout BC equal access and to courtrooms, and prosecutor's offices, that are designed to be used by persons with physical disabilities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84fi	A

<i>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Local Government Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Vancouver Charter, SBC 1953</i>		
Ministry of Citizens' Services and Open Government	Ministry of Community, Sport and Cultural Development – The Local Government Division	Ministry of Community, Sport and Cultural Development	NA	<p>The Charter stipulates that voting places must be easily accessible to persons who have a physical disability or whose mobility is impaired. Furthermore, the Charter sets out the types of bylaws City Council can make such as bylaws that permit voting to be done by mail ballot for persons who have a physical disability, to regulate the construction of buildings where the provision of access to a building for a person with disabilities is concerned, to distribute business licences provided that a licensee shall not refuse to sell any goods or furnish any service or accommodation to a person by reason of physical or mental disability, and to establish and maintain homes for disabled persons.</p>
Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Regulation			NA	<p>A purpose of the <i>Act</i> is to provide a legal framework and foundation for the establishment and continuation of local governments to represent the interests and respond to the needs of their communities. Part 21 of the <i>Act</i> enables local government to create by laws regulating the construction, alteration, repair or demolition of buildings and other structures for the purpose of providing access for a person with disabilities. Part 26 of the <i>Act</i> enables local government to create bylaws requiring owners or occupiers of any land or building or other structure to provide off-street parking space for use by disabled persons.</p>

<i>Child, Family and Community Service Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Business Practices and Consumer Protection Act, SBC 2004</i>	<i>Police Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Correction Act, SBC 2004</i>	<i>Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General</i>	<i>Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General</i>	<i>Correction Act Regulation</i>	<p>The regulations and rules governing the conduct of inmates state that an inmate must not behave in manner toward a person that shows hatred or contempt for the person based on the person's physical or mental disability, and an inmate who breaches this rule may be disciplined for the breach. Also, if a staff member believes on reasonable grounds that an inmate is behaving in such a manner, the staff member must, if the circumstances allow, stop the breach from occurring, or give the inmate an opportunity to stop the breach from occurring or give the inmate an opportunity to correct the breach if the person aggrieved by the breach consents, and inform the inmate of the rule regarding this behaviour and what the breach consists of.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/85vk	E
<i>Ministry of Children and Family Development</i>	<i>Business Practices and Consumer Protection Authority</i>			<i>NA</i>		<p>According to the Act, the use of profane, abusive or insulting language to any person, including language that tends to demean or show disrespect to the person on the basis of that physical or mental disability, either when on duty, or off duty but in uniform, constitutes a disciplinary breach of public trust when committed by a member.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/849g	E	
				<i>NA</i>		<p>According to the Act, a consumer may cancel a continuing services contract by giving notice of cancellation and the reason of cancellation to the supplier at any time if there has been a material change in the circumstances of the consumer including a physical, medical or mental disability, and that the consumer's continued participation is unreasonable because of the consumer's condition or is likely to endanger the consumer's health.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84mr	S	
				<i>NA</i>		<p>The Act sets out the rights of all young people in the care of the Ministry of Children and Family Services. These rights apply whether children are in care no matter which foster parent they live with, or whatever resource they are placed in, and include the right to be provided with an interpreter if language or disability is a barrier to consulting with them on decisions affecting their custody or care.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84dv	S	

<i>Adult Guardianship Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General	NA	A purpose of the Act is to provide for support and assistance for adults who are abused or neglected and who are unable to seek support and assistance because of a physical handicap that limits their ability to seek help.	http://canlii.ca/t/84gi	S
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BRITISH COLUMBIA – TRANSPORTATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Motor Vehicle Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure	Motor Vehicle Act Regulations	The Regulations establish the eligibility requirements, application process, and display requirements of Disabled Persons' Parking Permits. Also, according to the regulations a person commits an offence who makes a false statement in an application; stops, leaves standing or parks in a disabled zone a vehicle displaying a permit unless the vehicle is stopped, left standing or parked for the purpose of transporting a disabled person; mutilates, defaces or alters a permit; or stops, leaves standing or parks in a disabled zone a vehicle that does not display a permit or lends or transfers a permit to another person, whether or not that person is disabled.	http://canlii.ca/t/847n	A
		Motor Vehicle Fees Regulation	According to the regulations, there is no charge for renewal of a voluntary identification card by a recipient of income assistance, youth allowance or disability allowance Under the <i>BC Benefits (Income Assistance) Act</i> , <i>BC Benefits (Youth Words) Act</i> or <i>Disability Benefits Program Act</i> .		

<i>British Columbia Transit Act</i> , RSBC 1996	Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure	British Columbia Transit Regulation	The regulations state that persons with disabilities as defined under the Disability Benefit Programs Act, and persons who have a disability, either permanent or temporary, confirmed by a medical practitioner, that is sufficiently severe that the person is physically unable without assistance to use conventional transit service, are eligible for custom transit service by pre-arrangement.	http://canlii.ca/t/85bw	S
	Commuter Rail Operating Agreement Regulation		The regulations states that the authority shall not be obliged to carry animals however exceptions will be made for assistance dogs while assisting or being trained to assist blind, deaf or otherwise disabled persons.	http://canlii.ca/t/85qh	A

BRITISH COLUMBIA – EMPLOYMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Employment and Assistance for Persons with Disabilities Act</i> , SBC 2002	Ministry of Social Development	The British Columbia Employment and Assistance (BCEA) Program	The British Columbia Employment and Assistance (BCEA) Program promotes greater independence for people with disabilities, including greater income security and increased participation in the community. In addition, the BCEA program recognizes that persons with disabilities may require additional supports, such as a higher assistance rate, supplementary assistance and specialized employment supports in order to meet the challenges of daily living and move towards greater independence. Those clients who leave assistance for employment keep their Persons with Disabilities (PWD) designation and maintain their medical assistance. They are not required to reapply for the designation if they reapply for assistance in the future.	http://www.sd.gov.bc.ca/publicat/bcea/pwd.htm	S

<i>Youth Justice Act, SBC 2003</i>	Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General	Youth Custody Regulations	The regulation states that a youth commits a disciplinary infraction if the youth shows hatred or contempt for the person based on the person's physical or mental disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/84tr	E
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BRITISH COLUMBIA – HOUSING

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Community Living Authority Act, SBC 2004</i>	Ministry of Children and Family Development	NA	According to the Act, the Community Living Authority is responsible for providing for the delivery of community living support and services to children and adults with developmental disabilities, and support and services to families to assist them in caring for a child or an adult with a developmental disability. In developing a proposed service plan the authority must endeavor to offer a range of planning options to promote choice, flexibility and self-determination, assist adults with developmental disabilities to achieve maximum independence and live full lives in their communities, and promote equitable access to community living support.	http://canlii.ca/t/kn7n	S

BRITISH COLUMBIA – EDUCATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Financial Administration Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Education	Personal Disability Benefit Program	This program forgives student loans to persons with severe permanent disability that prevents them from working and/or going to school, and who will never be able to repay their loans.	http://www.aved.gov.bc.ca/stude_ntaidbc/repay/repayment-help/permanent-disability-benefit	S

BRITISH COLUMBIA – PARTICIPATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Court Rules Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Guide Animal Act, RSBC 1996</i>		According to the <i>Act</i> , a person with a disability accompanied by a certified guide animal has the same rights, privileges and obligations as a person not accompanied by a guide animal – specifically, they may enter and use an accommodation, public transportation, eating place, lodging place or any other place to which the public is invited as long as the guide animal is prevented from occupying a seat in a public conveyance or eating place; and held by a leash or harness.		
Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General	Ministry of Justice and the Attorney General	NA	The rules state that if the court, on application made before or after the start of a family law case, finds that a person receives benefits under the <i>Employment and Assistance for Persons with Disabilities Act</i> , the court may order that no fee is payable by the person to the government in relation to the family law case.	http://canlii.ca/t/51vs7	E
Supreme Court Civil Rules				http://canlii.ca/t/842g	S

<i>Election Act, RSBC 1996; Local Government Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Community, Sport and Cultural Development – The Local Government Division	NA	The Act states that so far as reasonably possible, a voting place must be easily accessible to individuals who have a physical disability or whose mobility is impaired. A voter who comes to a voting place but are unable to enter the voting place because of physical disability or impaired mobility may request to vote at the nearest location to the voting place where the voter has access. Furthermore, voters who are unable to mark a ballot because of physical disability may be assisted in voting by an election official or an individual accompanying the voter. Also, an individual who has a physical disability, illness or injury or whose mobility is impaired may vote by alternative absentee voting.	http://canlii.ca/t/83zx http://canlii.ca/t/847v	A
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BRITISH COLUMBIA – INCOME REPLACEMENT

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Pension Benefits Standards Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Adoption Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Child and Family Development	Adoption Regulation	According to the regulation, a person may be eligible for financial assistance if the person proposes to adopt, or has, after November 4, 1996, adopted a child who is under the age of 19 years and has a special series need because of a diagnosed physical or mental disability or both, or a recognized high risk of developing a physical disability or mental disability of both.	http://canlii.ca/t/859w
NA	Financial Institutions Commission	NA	The Act provides that if a member or former member, or the surviving spouse of a member or former member, has a disability or terminal illness that is likely to considerably shorten the person's life then that person may elect to convert a pension plan, or an RRSP holding money transferred from a plan, to a payment or series of payments for a set term.	http://canlii.ca/t/848x	S

BRITISH COLUMBIA – RECREATION AND LEISURE

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Wildlife Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Forests, Lands and Natural Resource Operations</i>	Ministry of Environment	<p>Park, Conservancy, and Recreation Area Regulation</p> <p>BC Parks Recreation User Fees Regulation</p> <p>The regulations state that the fees for the use of a front country campsite do not apply to a party containing one or more persons who produce BC Parks approved evidence of receiving federal or provincial income assistance for persons with disabilities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/848m	S
		Permit Regulation	<p>Park, Conservancy, and Recreation Area Regulation</p> <p>The regulation permits the use of a self-propelled wheelchair or other similar conveyances used by a disabled person in any park, conservancy or recreation area.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84zi	A
		Angling and Scientific Collection Regulation	<p>Park, Conservancy, and Recreation Area Regulation</p> <p>The regulation states that a regional manager may issue a permit authorizing an institution or non-profit organization directly concerned with physically or mentally disabled persons to undertake fishing programs in non-tidal waters of British Columbia and exempting the participants of the program from the requirement to hold an angling licence. Also, the regulations state that a disabled person is exempt from paying fees and surcharges for a permit allowing him or her to hunt or trap during an open season for game.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/856b	S
			<p>Park, Conservancy, and Recreation Area Regulation</p> <p>The regulation states that an angling licence fee may be reduced for a disabled resident upon application. Also, the condition that the holder of an angling licence not angle in certain restricted waters does not apply to a disabled resident.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84sg	S

BRITISH COLUMBIA – TAXATION

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Social Services Tax Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act, SBC 2010</i>		<p><i>Home Owner Grant Act, RSBC 1996</i></p> <p>The purpose of the grant is to help reduce the amount of residential property tax paid by British Columbians. The grant is available to Canadian citizens or holders of permanent residency status in Canada, who occupy the home as his/her principal residence and are either receiving disability allowance under the Employment and Assistance for Person with Disabilities Act or are permanently disabled or have a disabled spouse or relative residing with them permanently.</p>	http://www.sbr.gov.bc.ca/individuals/Property_Taxes/Home_Owner_Grant/about.htm	S
<i>Ministry of Finance: Revenue Division</i>	<i>Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Regulation</i>	<i>Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Regulation</i>	<p>The regulation states that an individual is exempt from paying tax in relation to designated property that is a vehicle if the vehicle is not to be used for a business, commercial or industrial purpose, and has been manufactured or modified specifically for the purpose of facilitating the placement or transportation of a wheelchair in the vehicle without having to collapse the wheelchair, and has been acquired for the purpose of transporting an individual using a wheelchair; or the vehicle is equipped with an auxiliary driving control to facilitate the operation of the vehicle by an individual with a disability, and has been acquired for operation by an individual with a disability who requires the use of the auxiliary driving control to operate the vehicle.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/8n6r	S
		NA	<p>The Act stipulates that equipment designed solely for the use of persons with a permanent disability or handicap, and specialized devices designed and purchased for use in the transportation of persons with disabilities, are exempted from taxes. Furthermore, the artificial limbs or orthopaedic appliances, and equipment designed solely for the use of persons with a permanent disability or handicap, are also exempt from taxes.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84ct	S

<i>Taxation (Rural Area) Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Land Tax Deferment Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Finance: Revenue Division	NA	Subject to the <i>Act</i> and regulations, an owner of a property may request the minister to enter into an agreement permitting the owner to defer paying all or part of the tax payable on the eligible property during the term of the agreement if the owner is, at any time during the year the owner applies, a person with disabilities.	http://canlii.ca/t/8454	S
<i>Emergency and Health Services Act, RSBC 1996</i>	<i>Continuing Care Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Health	NA	Part 2 of the <i>Act</i> states that a home for the care of persons who have a mental or physical disability is exempt from taxation if the institution is supported in whole, or in part, by public donations private charity or grants for the government. Also, land or improvements or both that are either owned by, held in trust or occupied by a registered charity and used primarily as a recreational camp, including rehabilitative or therapeutic experiences for persons with disabilities, are also exempt from taxation.	http://canlii.ca/t/84df	S

BRITISH COLUMBIA - HEALTH

Statute	Governing Body	Regulation/ Program	Description	Website	Objective
<i>Emergency and Health Services Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Ministry of Health	NA	According to the <i>Act</i> , the Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe continuing care to be one or more health care services to persons with a frailty or disability that do not require admission to a hospital. The minister may enter into a written agreement under the <i>Act</i> with an operator under which the government will make payments on behalf of clients, determined by the minister, who receive continuing care from the operator.	http://canlii.ca/t/84gx	S
<i>Emergency and Health Services Act, RSBC 1996</i>	Emergency Medical Assistants Regulation	NA	The Regulation's Code of Ethics provide general principles of ethical conduct to guide emergency medical assistants in meeting their duties to the public and to the profession and includes protecting and maintaining the patient's safety and dignity, regardless of the patient's physical or mental disability.	http://canlii.ca/t/85rm	E

<i>Community Care and Assisted Living Act, SBC 2002</i>	Ministry of Health	NA	<p>The <i>Act</i> provides licensing for community care facilities that provide care to vulnerable dependent people in child/youth and adult residential settings. Furthermore, the <i>Act</i> establishes a registration process for assisted living residences that accommodate persons with disabilities who receive housing, hospitality, personal assistance services and can direct their own care. Assisted living residences provide housing and a range of supportive services for adults can live independently but require regular help with day-to-day activities.</p>	http://canlii.ca/t/84lk	S
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